2021 Transit Rider Origin-Destination Survey





Survey Results Summary Report

2021 Transit Rider Origin-Destination Survey: **Survey Results Summary**

Developed By:

Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority and Greater Buffalo Niagara Regional Transportation Council

With Support From:

WBA Research Foursquare ITP

Document Control: v2.0 8/12/2021

Contents

1.	Introduct	ion	1
2.	Summary	of Findings	1
	2.1.1.	Frequency of NFTA Use	1
	2.1.2.	Most Common Home ZIP Codes of Riders	2
2	.2. Trip	Demographics & Rider Characteristics	4
	2.2.1.	Race and Ethnicity	4
	1.1.1	Age	5
	2.2.2.	Gender	6
	2.2.3.	Household Income	6
	2.2.4.	Employment Status	7
	2.2.5.	Household Size	7
	2.2.6.	English Proficiency	8
	2.2.7.	Language Spoken at Home	9
	2.2.8.	Access to a Vehicle	10
	2.2.9.	Possession of a Driver's License	10
2	.3. Trip	Characteristics	11
	2.3.1.	Origin Type	11
	2.3.2.	Destination Type	14
	2.3.3.	Trip Type	16
	2.3.4.	Trip Production and Attraction	18
	2.3.5.	Most Common Origin-Destination Pairs	21
2	.4. Acc	ess and Egress to Transit	25
	2.4.1.	Mode of Access	25
	2.4.2.	Mode of Egress	26
	2.4.3.	Average Distance to and from Transit	27
2	.5. Trar	nsfers	28
	2.5.1.	Trips by Number of Transfers	28
	2.5.2.	Most Frequent Transfer Pairs	30
2	.6. Fare	e Information	32

	2.6.	1. Fare Purchases by Mode	32
	2.6.2	2. Fare Purchases by Race/Ethnicity, Income, and Language	34
3.	Ride	er Preferences	37
3	3.1.	More Bus Stops or Faster Bus Trips?	37
3	3.2.	Coverage or Frequency?	38
4.	Cond	clusions	40
4	1.1.	Profile of Typical Rider	40
4	1.2.	Travel Patterns	41
2	1.3.	Payment	41
4	1.4.	Service Preferences	41
Арі	oendix	1: Synthetic Data	42
N	Method	dology	42
F	Results	S	43
Арр	oendix	2: Route Sheets	. A2
Арі	oendix	3: Thematic Tables	A3
		4: Survey Instrument	

Figures

Figure 1: Map of Top 10 Home ZIP Codes by Distribution of Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	3
Figure 2: Percent of Trips by Type	
Figure 3: Production Areas	
Figure 4: Attraction Areas	
Figure 5: Systemwide Travel Flows	22
Figure 6: Bus Travel Flows	23
Figure 7: Rail Travel Flows	24

Tables

Table 1: Frequency Distribution of NFTA Use, Weighted by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	1
Table 2: Top 10 Home ZIP Codes by Distribution of Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	2
Table 3: Race/Ethnicity Distribution by Unlinked NFTA Weekday Trips	4
Table 4: Age Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	5
Table 5: Gender Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	6
Table 6: Household Income Distribution by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	6
Table 7: Employment Status Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	7
Table 8: Household Size Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	7
Table 9: English Proficiency of NFTA Riders by Distribution of Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	8
Table 10: Most Common Languages Spoken by LEP Riders by Distribution of Unliked Weekday NFTA Trip	ps
Table 11: Language Spoken at Home Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	9
Table 12: Vehicle access distribution of survey respondents across NFTA modes and the NFTA service	
area	
Table 13: Driver's license possession distribution of survey respondents across NFTA modes	
Table 14: Percent of Trips by Origin Type and Mode	
Table 15: Percent of Trips by Origin Type and Time Period	
Table 16: Percent of Trips by Destination Type and Mode	
Table 17: Percent of Trips by Destination Type and Time Period	
Table 18: Trip Type Categories	
Table 19: Top 10 Origin-Destination Pairs Systemwide* Error! Bookmark not define	
Table 20: Mode Used to Access Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 21: Mode Used to Egress Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 22: Average Walking/Wheelchair Distance to Access Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 23: Average Walking/Wheelchair Distance to Egress from Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips:	
Table 24: Transfers and Vehicle Access by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 25: Transfers and Rider Race/Ethnicity by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 26: Transfers and Rider Income by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 27: Transfers and Mode by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 28: Top 10 Bus Routes for Weekday Bus to Rail Transfers	
Table 29: Top 10 Routes Riders Transferred To, From Survey Route	
Table 30: Top 10 Routes Transferred From, To Survey Route	
Table 31: Fare Type and Mode Distribution for Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 32: Fare Purchase Method and Mode Distribution for Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 33: Fare Type and Race/Ethnicity by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 35: Fare Purchase Method and Language Spoken at Home by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 36: Fare Purchase Method and Income by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 37: Full/Discounted Fare and Race/Ethnicity by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 38: Full/Discounted Fare and Income by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 39: Full/Discounted Fare and Language Spoken at Home by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips	
Table 40: Responses by mode to the survey question, "Which of these two [bus stop spacing] options is	
more important to you?"	
Table 41: Responses by the need to transfer to the survey question, "Which of these two [bus stop	<i>J</i> 1
spacing] options is more important to you?"	37

Table 42: Responses by transit dependency to the survey question, "Which of these two [bus stop	
spacing] options is more important to you?"	. 37
Table 43: Responses by mode to the survey question, "Which of these two options [coverage or frequen	ncy
is more important to you?"	. 38
Table 44: Responses by the need to transfer to the survey question, "Which of these two options	
[coverage or frequency] is more important to you?"	. 38
Table 45: Responses by transit dependency to the survey question, "Which of these two options	
[coverage or frequency] is more important to you?"	. 39
Table 46: Synthetic Summary Statistics Generated by Open Trip Planner	. 43

1. Introduction

In the spring of 2021, the Greater Buffalo-Niagara Regional Transportation Council (GBNTRC) conducted an origin and destination (O-D) survey on the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority (NTFA) buses and Metro Rail. The paper intercept survey asked riders questions specific to their trip that day, their preferences in terms of frequency versus coverage, as well as additional sociodemographic questions. In total, 5,908 surveys were distributed, 2,599 were returned, and 2,562 were marked as meeting minimum validity/quality standards.

Large-scale O-D surveys such as this one provide GBNRTC and NFTA with information that is not readily available through any other source. The data will provide key information on current riders' travel patterns, including where they board and alight, access and egress mode, number of transfers, transfer mode, and fare payment. Survey data will also help NFTA ensure that existing services and future service changes do not negatively impact rider populations protected under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

This document summarizes the results of the survey. It includes the following sections:

- Summary of Findings, presents analysis of the survey results at the systemwide and modal level. The chapter includes details on rider demographics, trip characteristics, transfer behavior, access and egress, and fare payment. This section is intended to be a quick-reference guide of key survey statistics
- **Rider Preferences** summarizes riders' preferences regarding the tradeoff between frequency and coverage in transit service.
- Conclusions provides a high-level summary of the main findings from the report. Compares major findings to the 2017 NFTA Origin-Destination survey.
- Appendix 1: Synthetic Data presents simulated trip statistics based on survey responses
- **Appendix 2: Route Sheets**, summarizes survey results by route.
- Appendix 3: Thematic Tables, summarizes survey responses by topic, crosstabulated by route
- Appendix 4: Survey Instrument presents the full survey questions distributed to riders on Metro Rail and local bus.

A separate Documentation Report presents details on the survey methodology. That report includes information on survey development, pilot testing, sampling, data collection and processing, data limitations, and final survey totals.

2. Summary of Findings

This section summarizes the results of the O-D survey at the systemwide and route level. **All statistics represent unlinked NFTA trips rather than riders**, as the same individual may be surveyed multiple times on different routes and unlinked trips. It is important to note that survey collection occurred in the Spring of 2021 during the COVID-19 pandemic.

To help quickly compare data across columns in each table, the highest value in each column is bolded **red**.

2.1.1. Frequency of NFTA Use

Surveyed riders were asked "How often do you ride NFTA-Metro?" **Table 1** indicates that a plurality of trips (41 percent systemwide as well as across all modes) are taken by riders who use the system three to five days per week.

Table 1: Frequency Distribution of NFTA Use, Weighted by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Frequency of NFTA Use	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Less Than Once a Month	4%	4%	4%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	8%	8%	8%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	9%	13%	9%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	41%	41%	41%
6 to 7 Days Per Week	39%	34%	38%

2.1.2. Most Common Home ZIP Codes of Riders

Surveyed riders were asked to provide their home address (including ZIP code), and the resulting top 10 most common home ZIP codes are shown in **Table 2** below:

Table 2: Top 10 Home ZIP Codes by Distribution of Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Rank	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
1	14215 (North Cheektowaga/ Kensington-Bailey)	14214 (Fillmore-Leroy/Parkside)	14215 (North Cheektowaga/ Kensington-Bailey)
2	14211 (MLK Park/Genesee-Moselle/ Schiller Park)	14208 (Hamlin Park/Masten Park)	14211 (MLK Park/Genesee-Moselle/ Schiller Park)
3	14207 (Riverside/West Hertel)	14215 (North Cheektowaga/ Kensington-Bailey)	14207 (Riverside/West Hertel)
4	14213 (West Side/Upper West Side)	14202 (Downtown/Allentown)	14213 (West Side/Upper West Side)
5	14206 (Broadway- Fillmore/Lovejoy/Sloan)	14204 (First Ward/Ellicott/Fruit Belt)	14214 (Fillmore-Leroy/Parkside)
6	14210 (Larkinville/Seneca-Cazenovia)	14206 (Broadway- Fillmore/Lovejoy/Sloan)	14206 (Broadway- Fillmore/Lovejoy/Sloan)
7	14214 (Fillmore-Leroy/Parkside)	14201 (Lower West Side/Allentown)	14210 (Larkinville/Seneca-Cazenovia)
8	14216 (North Park/Parkside)	14210 (Larkinville/Seneca-Cazenovia)	14208 (Hamlin Park/Masten Park)
9	14212 (Broadway-Fillmore/Sloan)	14226 (Amherst)	14216 (North Park/Parkside)
10	14217 (Kenmore)	14207 (Riverside/West Hertel)	14212 (Broadway-Fillmore/Sloan)

A map of the top 10 most common home ZIP codes among **systemwide** survey respondents is shown in **Figure 1** below. All 10 ZIP codes are clustered around Downtown Buffalo.

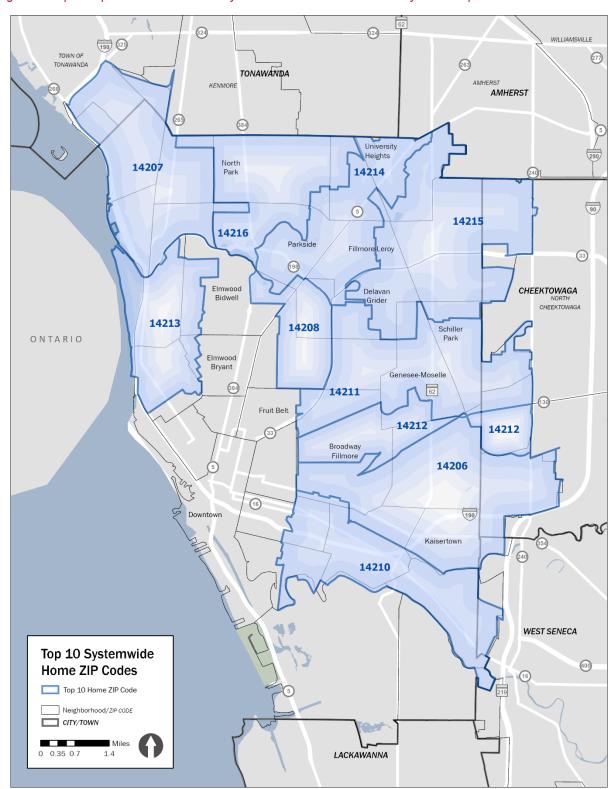


Figure 1: Map of Top 10 Home ZIP Codes by Distribution of Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

2.2. Trip Demographics & Rider Characteristics

The demographic questions in the survey included race and ethnicity, age, gender, household income, employment status, household size, the language spoken at home, English proficiency, access to a vehicle, possession of a driver's license, frequency of NFTA use, and the home ZIP codes of riders.

This section compares demographics for bus riders, rail riders, and systemwide transit riders with the population of the NFTA service area (Erie County and Niagara County) as a whole. Erie County and Niagara County comparison statistics come from the US Census Bureau's 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-Year counts. Note that some columns in this section may add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

2.2.1. Race and Ethnicity

Table 3 presents distribution of trips by the self-identified race or ethnicity of NFTA riders. The data separates out Hispanic and Latino riders into its own category regardless of race. Nearly half of NFTA trips were taken by Black/African American riders. Another 33 percent of systemwide trips were taken by White (non-Hispanic) riders, and 12 percent of systemwide trips were taken by Hispanic/Latino riders.

The demographics of NFTA ridership differ substantially from the agency's service area. The combined population of Erie and Niagara Counties is 76 percent White (non-Hispanic), 12 percent Black/African American, and 5 percent Hispanic/Latino.

Table 3: Race/Ethnicity Distribution by Unlinked NFTA Weekday Trips

Race and Ethnicity	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
Black or African American	45%	42%	45%	12%
Caucasian/White	34%	26%	33%	76%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	12%	13%	12%	5%
Native American/ Alaska Native	2%	3%	2%	<1%
Asian	2%	8%	3%	3%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	<1%	0%	<1%	<1%
Two or More Races	4%	6%	4%	2%
Other	1%	3%	2%	2%
Net: People of Color and/or Hispanic or Latino	66%	74%	67%	24%

1.1.1 Age

Table 4 indicates the distribution of NFTA trips by rider age. Riders between 50 to 64 years of age are the largest age cohort among NFTA trips as well as the largest age cohort of residents in Niagara and Erie Counties. Trips taken by riders 35 to 49 was close behind as the second largest systemwide cohort of trips.

While only 2 percent of NFTA riders surveyed were under 16, the service area contains a much higher proportion (19 percent) of people in that age bracket. This is likely due to (1) a focus on querying and surveying only visible adults and (2) the tendency for younger school-aged children to rely less on transit in favor of school buses, bicycling/walking within their neighborhoods, and riding in automobiles with parents or guardians.

Also notable is that the proportion of trips taken by riders 65 or older (8 percent systemwide) is smaller than that cohort's share of the NFTA service area population (18 percent). It is unclear whether this lower percentage is due to NFTA carrying proportionally fewer adults 65 years or older or the result of this age cohort taking fewer trips overall across all modes.

Table 4: Age Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Age	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
Under 16	2%	2%	2%	19%
16 to 18	6%	3%	5%	3%
19 to 24	11%	12%	11%	8%
25 to 34	20%	26%	21%	14%
35 to 49	26%	23%	26%	17%
50 to 64	27%	29%	27%	22%
65 or Older	9%	5%	8%	18%

2.2.2. Gender

Table 5 shows the breakdown of NFTA trips by the gender of riders. Males account for a slightly higher share of trips (53 percent systemwide) than female riders (46 percent systemwide). A small percentage of riders (1 percent) identified as a gender other than male or female. The gender breakdown of NFTA trips is close to that of the service area's population.

Table 5: Gender Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Gender	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
Male	53%	56%	53%	48%
Female	47%	43%	46%	52%
Other or No Response	1%	2%	1%	Not reported in data

2.2.3. Household Income

Table 6 reports the distribution of trips by household income. There is a significant difference between the household incomes of riders and that of households in the service area overall. While only 30 percent of households in the service area have an income of \$35,000 or less, 80 percent of NFTA trips are taken by riders within that income cohort. This difference shows how important NFTA service is for those with lower incomes, providing a lifeline to employment, shopping, and services.

Table 6: Household Income Distribution by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Household Income	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
Less than \$5,000	22%	24%	22%	3%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	13%	12%	13%	3%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	12%	9%	11%	5%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	17%	16%	17%	10%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	17%	14%	17%	9%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10%	14%	11%	12%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6%	4%	5%	17%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2%	1%	2%	13%
\$100,000 or more	2%	6%	2%	26%
Net: \$34,999 or less	81%	75%	80%	30%

2.2.4. Employment Status

Surveyed riders were asked about their employment status. **Table 7** indicates that systemwide, 68 percent of trips were taken by either full-time or part-time workers. Notably, the share of students riding NFTA service may have been depressed due to the pandemic-related suspension of in-person teaching at local schools, colleges, and universities.

Table 7: Employment Status Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Employment Status*	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Full-Time Worker	49%	44%	48%
Part-Time Worker	21%	20%	21%
Retired	10%	7%	10%
Unemployed/Looking for a Job	8%	15%	9%
Unemployed/Not Looking for a Job	5%	3%	5%
University/College Student	5%	7%	5%
High School Student	5%	4%	5%
Homemaker	4%	4%	4%
Net: Full- and Part-Time Workers	69%	64%	68%

^{*}Note that columns above add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one employment status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

2.2.5. Household Size

Surveyed riders were asked "Including yourself, how many people live in your household?" **Table 8** shows that single-person households were the largest demographic cohort on all NFTA modes and the second-largest demographic in the NFTA service area.

Table 8: Household Size Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Household Size	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
1	35%	34%	35%	34%
2	27%	32%	28%	35%
3	15%	13%	15%	13%
Net: 4 or More*	23%	20%	23%	18%

^{*}Survey household size categories range from "One" through "Five or More", but comparable ACS estimates for the NFTA service area only contain household size categories of "One through Four or More". The Four and Five or More categories were therefore combined for ease of comparison with ACS.

2.2.6. English Proficiency

Surveyed riders were asked "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" **Table 9** reports that 96 percent of trips were taken by riders who indicated they speak English "very well." This group includes multi-lingual households that may speak English in addition to a second or third language. Individuals who speak English "less than very well" are considered to have Limited English Proficiency (LEP).

The study further drilled down into data to identify which languages were most commonly spoken at home among riders who speak English less than very well (**Table 10**). In multi-lingual households, English may be a language spoken at home but not necessarily one spoken by the individual being surveyed. As such, the study team isolated the most common languages other than English spoken among riders with Limited English Proficiency (LEP). This data can be used to identify language communities that would most benefit from communication in their native tongue.

Weighted by trips, the most common language spoken at home among riders with limited English proficiency was Spanish at 2 percent of trips; No other language exceeded one percent of respondents for any mode. For a small share of LEP respondents, language spoken at home could not be determined.

Table 9: English Proficiency of NFTA Riders by Distribution of Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

English Proficiency	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
Not At All	1%	1%	1%	<1%
Less Than Very Well	3%	2%	3%	3%
Very Well / Native English Speaker	96%	97%	96%	97%

^{*}Households that spoke exclusively English added to the tally under "Very Well" category to accurately present share of NFTA trips taken by riders with limited English proficiency.

Table 10: Most Common Languages Spoken by LEP Riders by Distribution of Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Language Spoken at Home For Respondents Stating they Speak English Less Than "Very Well"*	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Spanish	2%	2 %	2%
Other	2%	2%	2%
Language Unknown	2%	2%	2%
Net: Speak English Less Than Very Well	4%	3%	4%

^{*&}quot;English not counted in tally for riders who indicated they speak English "less than very well". Note that totals add up to more than 100% due to some respondents speaking multiple languages at home. Other includes: French, Swahili, Arabic, Karen, Bengali, Persian/Farsi, Gaelic, Burmese, Nepali, Mandinka, Tamil, Somali, Chinese, and Ukrainian.

2.2.7. Language Spoken at Home

The survey examined language spoken at home, regardless of English proficiency A large share of households that speak a language other than English also speak English at home, with more than 24 different languages reported. **Table 11** indicates that 95 percent of trips are taken by riders who identified English as one of the languages spoken at home. For households where English was not spoken, only Spanish, Arabic, French, Swahili, and Bengali accounted for 1 percent or more of trips across the NFTA system.

Table 11: Language Spoken at Home Distribution by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Language Spoken at Home	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area
English	96%	94%	95%	
Spanish	10%	7%	10%	
Arabic	1%	2%	2%	
French	1%	1%	1%	
Swahili	1%	1%	1%	
Bengali/Bengala	1%	0%	1%	
Net: All Other Languages*	3%	4%	4%	

^{* &}quot;All Other" refers to other languages reported for the survey, which included Swahili, Bengali/Bangla, Somali, Chinese, Hindi, Karen, Nepali, Mandinka, Persian, Gaelic, Tamil, Russian, Tagalog, Kinyarwanda, Urdu, Hebrew, Burmese, Portuguese, Ukrainian, and Other. Note that due to households speaking multiple languages, totals add up to more than 100%.

2.2.8. Access to a Vehicle

Surveyed riders were asked "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make this one-way trip?". **Table 12** shows that over 75 percent of trips were taken by riders without access to a vehicle. While access to a vehicle is not the same as having a vehicle in the household, only 13 percent of NFTA service area households lack an automobile.

Notably, there was no significant difference in household vehicle accessibility between surveyed bus and rail riders. While 79 percent of bus riders reported having no vehicle available, only a slightly lower 75 percent of rail riders reported having no vehicle available.

Table 12: Vehicle access distribution of survey respondents across NFTA modes and the NFTA service area

Access to Vehicle(s)	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total	NFTA Service Area (vehicle in HH)
Yes	21%	25%	22%	87%
No	79%	75%	78%	13%

2.2.9. Possession of a Driver's License

As shown in **Table 13**, systemwide, 63 percent of riders lack a valid driver license.

One significant difference between **Table 12** and **Table 13** is that more NFTA riders have a valid driver's license than access to an automobile. This suggests that there is a subsection of NFTA riders who do have driver's licenses but who nevertheless lack access to a vehicle. Availability of driver's license differs by age cohort, with the lowest rate of license holders being 16 to 24 years of age.

Table 13: Driver's license possession distribution of survey respondents across NFTA modes

License Possession	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Yes	36%	41%	37%
No	64%	59%	63%

2.3. Trip Characteristics

Trip characteristics surveyed for each mode included the trip's origin and destination and origin and destination type. This section compares the types of locations accessed via each mode and identifies common origins and destinations systemwide.

Note that as the surveys were conducted throughout the day, and because round trips are common, origins and destination results tend to be highly interchangeable; factors like sampling distribution or response rates by time of day can result in the distribution of origins and destinations appearing different in the data. To help better visualize travel behavior, the study team categorized origins and destinations in terms of trip production and attraction.

2.3.1. Origin Type

Overwhelmingly, the greatest share of trips (on bus, rail, and systemwide) began at a place of home or work, as shown in **Table 14**. The next most common type of origin was shopping, as well as medical appointments for rail trips. Rail trips were more likely than bus trips to originate at a job-related business site; otherwise, there were few notable differences in the share of origin types between bus and rail trips.

Table 14: Percent of Trips by Origin Type and Mode

Origin Type	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Home	43%	40%	42%
Work	31%	29%	31%
Shopping	7%	7%	7%
Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit	5%	7%	5%
Social visit/Church/Personal	4%	2%	3%
School (K-12)	3%	3%	3%
Job-related business	2%	6%	3%
Dining/Recreation/Entertainment	1%	2%	1%
College/University	1%	2%	1%
Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop)	1%	1%	1%
Library	<1%	1%	<1%
Gym/Fitness	<1%	0%	<1%
Errands	<1%	1%	<1%
Sporting event	<1%	0%	<1%
Hotel/Motel	<1%	0%	<1%
Other	1%	2%	1%

As shown in **Table 15**, the majority of trips in the early morning and morning peak, and a plurality of trips in the midday, originated at home. In the afternoon peak and evening, about one-half of trips originated at work. Trips in the midday and later were much more likely to originate at a place other than home or work than trips in the early morning and morning peak.

Table 15: Percent of Trips by Origin Type and Time Period

Origin Type	Early Morning (Before 6 a.m.)	Morning Peak (6 a.m. – 9 a.m)	Midday (9 a.m. – 3 p.m.)	Afternoon Peak (3 p.m. – 6 p.m.)	Evening (After 6 p.m.)
Home	69%	72 %	48%	20%	19%
Work	25%	18%	20%	49%	50 %
Shopping	0%	1%	8%	10%	8%
Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit	0%	2%	9%	5%	2%
Social visit/church/personal	1%	1%	3%	5%	5%
School (K-12) (student only)	2%	3%	3%	3%	1%
Job-related business	2%	1%	3%	3%	4%
Dining/Recreation/Entertainment	0%	1%	1%	1%	4%
College/University (student only)	0%	1%	2%	1%	1%
Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop)	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%
Library	0%	0%	<1%	<1%	1%
Gym/Fitness	1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	1%
Errands	0%	0%	1%	<1%	0%
Sporting event	0%	0%	0%	<1%	1%
Hotel/Motel	0%	<1%	0%	<1%	0%
Other	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%

2.3.2. Destination Type

Similarly, the greatest share of trips (on bus, rail, and systemwide) ended at a place of home or work, as shown in **Table 16**. The share of trips that ended at home or work is slightly lower than the share of trips that began there (see **Table 14**). The next most common type of destination was shopping. There were few significant differences in the share of destination types between bus and rail trips.

Table 16: Percent of Trips by Destination Type and Mode

Destination Type	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Home	37%	38%	37%
Work	32%	27%	32%
Shopping	8%	11%	8%
Social visit/Church/Personal	5%	3%	5%
Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit	4%	3%	4%
Job-related business	3%	6%	4%
School (K-12) (student only)	2%	3%	2%
Dining/Recreation/Entertainment	2%	1%	2%
College/University (student only)	2%	5%	2%
Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop)	1%	0%	1%
Sporting event	<1%	0%	<1%
Gym/Fitness	<1%	0%	<1%
Errands	<1%	1%	<1%
Library	<1%	1%	<1%
Hotel/Motel	<1%	0%	<1%
Other	2%	1%	1%

As shown in **Table 17**, the majority of trips in the early morning and morning peak ended at work. In the afternoon peak and evening, the majority of trips ended at home. Medical appointments, job-related business, and K-12 school also each represented 5 percent or more of morning peak trip destinations.

Table 17: Percent of Trips by Destination Type and Time Period

Destination Type	Early Morning (Before 6 a.m.)	Morning Peak (6 a.m. – 9 a.m)	Midday (9 a.m. – 3 p.m.)	Afternoon Peak (3 p.m. – 6 p.m.)	Evening (After 6 p.m.)
Home	9%	10%	32 %	57 %	63 %
Work	69%	60%	28%	19%	16%
Shopping	0%	4%	13%	6%	7%
Social visit/Church/Personal	4%	2%	6%	6%	3%
Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit	0%	6%	6%	2%	1%
Job-related business	6%	5%	4%	3%	2%
School (K-12) (student only)	6%	5%	2%	1%	1%
Dining/Recreation/Entertainme nt	2%	1%	2%	3%	3%
College/University (student only)	2%	3%	2%	1%	2%
Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop)	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%
Sporting event	0%	0%	1%	<1%	1%
Gym/Fitness	2%	0%	<1%	1%	0%
Errands	0%	1%	<1%	0%	0%
Library	0%	0%	1%	<1%	0%
Hotel/motel	0%	0%	<1%	1%	0%
Other	0%	1%	2%	1%	1%

2.3.3. Trip Type

All trips taken were categorized into one of five trip types, defined in **Table 8**. Home-based work (HBW) and home-based school (HBS) trips include home as one trip end and work or school, respectively, as another trip end. These two trip types are especially prevalent during the morning and evening peak periods. Home-based other (HBO) trips begin or end at home and include any other type of location. Non-home-based work (Non-HBW) trips involve one work-related trip end and any non-home type of origin or destination. Non-home-based other (Non-HBO) trips include all other trip types, such that each trip surveyed only falls into one category.

Table 18: Trip Type Categories

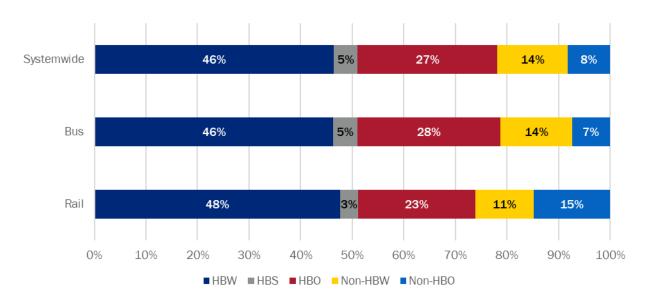
Trip Type	Trip Ends	Description
Home-Based Work (HBW)	HomeWorkJob-related business	Includes any trip where one trip end is home and the other trip end is work.
Home-Based School (HBS)	 Home College/university (student only) School/K-12 (student only) 	Includes any trip where one trip end is home and the other trip end is school.
Home-Based Other (HBO)	 Home Shopping Dining/recreation/entertainment Medical/dental appointments/ hospital visit Social visit/church/personal Sporting event Errands Gym/fitness Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop) Library Hotel/motel Other 	Includes any trip where one trip end is home and the other trip end is any place other than work, job-related business, or school.
Non-Home- Based Work (Non-HBW)	 Work Job-related business College/university (student only) School/K-12 (student only) Shopping Dining/recreation/entertainment Medical/dental appointments/ hospital visit Social visit/church/personal Sporting event Errands Gym/fitness 	Any trip that includes one non-home end and one work end. Can include trips between work and social, shopping, medical, or school destinations. This group includes trips where both origin and destination are work-related.

Trip Type	Trip Ends	Description
	 Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop) Library Hotel/motel Other 	
Non-Home- Based Other (Non-HBO)	 College/university (student only) School/K-12 (student only) Shopping Dining/recreation/entertainment Medical/dental appointments/ hospital visit Social visit/church/personal Sporting event Errands Gym/fitness Personal business (i.e., bank, post office, barber shop) Library Hotel/motel Other 	Includes any trip where neither trip end includes home, work, or job-related business.

Figure 2 shows the distribution of trips by type. HBW and HBS trips made up over half of all trips systemwide and on each mode, suggesting that the most common purpose of riding NFTA is commuting to work or school. Nevertheless, about a quarter of all trips were HBO trips, showing that there is still a sizeable demand to take transit between home and destinations besides work or school.

Rail trips were more than twice as likely as bus trips to be non-HBO trips (15 percent to 7 percent).

Figure 2: Percent of Trips by Type



2.3.4. Trip Production and Attraction

Survey results were transformed into areas of production and areas of attraction to better summarize trip behavior and control for the fact origins and destinations often flip depending on time of day. Production describes the geography where round-trips start and most commonly refers to a person's home location. Attraction describes the mid-point of the round-trip (or destination of the one-way trip), such as someone's place of work.

Origins and destinations of each trip were categorized into trip attractors and producers by the following methodology:

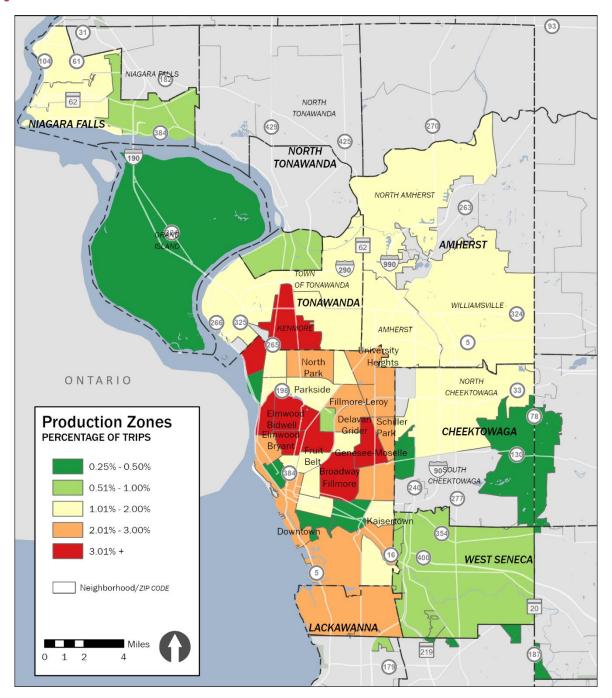
- If one endpoint was home, that place was categorized as a production area, and the other end as an attraction area.
- If the trip was not home-based, but one of the ends was work, that place was categorized as an attraction area, and the other end as a production area.
- If the trip was neither home- nor work-based, then the origin was categorized as a production area, and the destination as an attraction area.

To help geographically summarize attraction/production patterns, the study team aggregated the survey data to Buffalo neighborhoods for points within the City of Buffalo and ZIP codes for points outside the City.

PRODUCTION AREAS

Figure 3 shows production areas across the study area that represented at least 0.25 percent of all trips. NFTA trips are largely generated within the City of Buffalo. The top production areas were Elmwood Bryant, Riverside, Upper West Side, Broadway-Fillmore, Genesee-Moselle, Kenmore, and Masten Park.

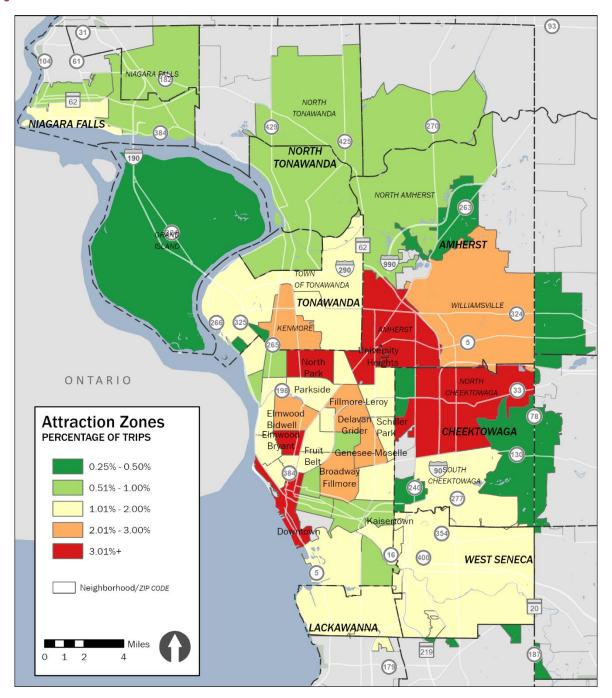
Figure 3: Production Areas



ATTRACTION AREAS

Figure 4 shows attraction areas across the study area that represented at least 0.25 percent of all trips. The top attraction areas were Downtown, North Cheektowaga, Elmwood Bryant, North Park, Amherst, and University Heights.

Figure 4: Attraction Areas



2.3.5. Most Common Origin-Destination Pairs

Surveys that included both an origin and destination address were analyzed to determine the most common travel flows in the region. Aggregated at the city level, the most common trip systemwide began and ended within the City of Buffalo. North Cheektowaga (home to Buffalo-Niagara International Airport) was also a major origin and destination for NFTA trips.

The study team examined specific origin-destination pairs based on ZIP codes or official City of Buffalo neighborhoods. No single zip code or neighborhood pair accounted for more than one percent of systemwide trips. This illustrates how the NFTA network functions as a network instead of a connector between a handful of specific points. While certain destinations like the Airport or Downtown are included in the many of the most popular OD pairs, trips to these locations are produced across a wide geography. The st

Figure 5 shows all origin-destination pairs that represented at least 0.25 percent of all trips. Trips that started and ended in the same Buffalo neighborhood or ZIP code are depicted as circles; trips that started and ended in different neighborhoods or ZIP codes are depicted as lines. The general pattern of travel flows was to or from Downtown or one of the neighborhoods immediately north of it, including Elmwood Bryant, Allentown, and the Fruit Belt. To a lesser extent, North Cheektowaga (home to Buffalo Niagara International Airport) was the start or endpoint of a significant number of travel flows. Short trips (trips that began and ended in the same community) and long trips (those that traveled through multiple communities) were much more common than medium-length trips (those that started and ended in adjacent communities).

Figure 5: Systemwide Travel Flows

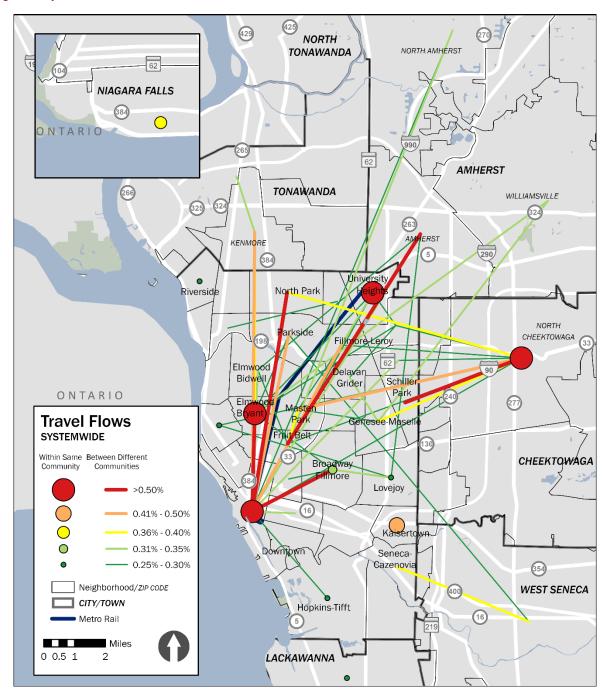


Figure 6 shows all origin-destination pairs that represented at least 0.25 percent of all bus trips. Most trips went to and from Downtown, with other major anchors in Elmwood Bryant, North Park, Kenmore, and North Cheektowaga. There were also significant flows within Niagara Falls, Elmwood Bryant, Broadway Fillmore, and North Cheektowaga.

Figure 6: Bus Travel Flows

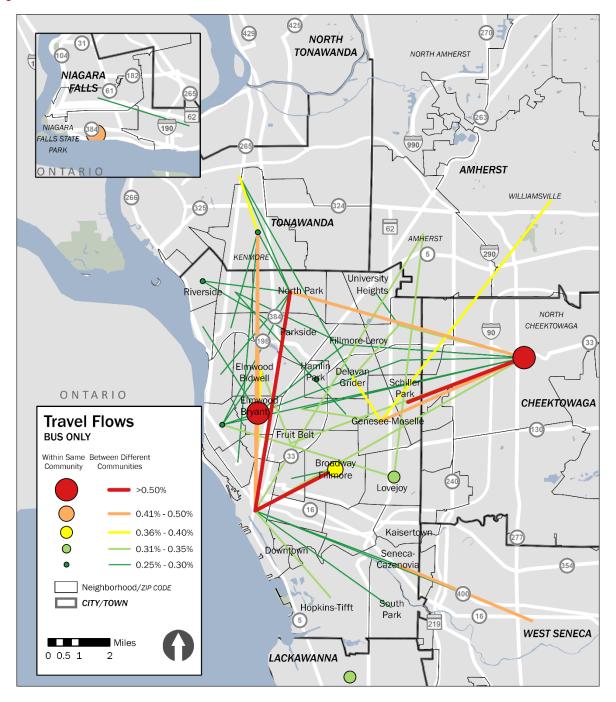
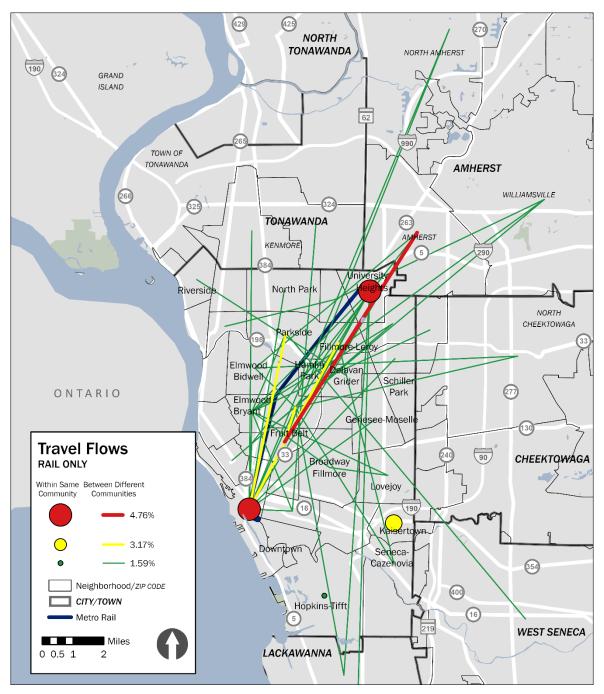


Figure 7 shows all origin-destination pairs that represented at least 0.25 percent of all rail trips. Trips that started and ended in the same Buffalo neighborhood or ZIP code are depicted as circles; trips that started and ended in different neighborhoods or ZIP codes are depicted as lines. The most common trips were those that began and ended in University Heights, those that begin and ended in Downtown, or those between Town of Amherst / Eggertsville and the Fruit Belt. Other common trips were those between Parkside and Downtown and between Fillmore-Leroy and Downtown.

Figure 7: Rail Travel Flows



Because rail represents only one route, a handful of survey responses can skew results. For instance, the yellow circle in Kaisertown is likely not representative of a typical rail travel flow, given that the rail line does not pass through Kaisertown. The two surveys that the circle represents had origins and destinations that were just a few blocks away from each other in Kaisertown, although the passengers making these trips used the rail line at Amherst and University stations along their journey.

2.4. Access and Egress to Transit

Riders were asked "How did you get to your starting place to the first bus or train on this one-way trip?" and "When you get off your final bus or train, how will you get to your final destination?" This section reviews the most common modes of access (from origin to first transit boarding) and modes of egress (from last transit alighting to destination).

2.4.1. Mode of Access

Table 20 shows the percent of trips by access mode. Systemwide, 86 percent of transit trips were accessed by walking/wheelchair. Trips that were accessed by personal car—either solo, driving others, or being driven by others—were more common to access the rail than bus;

Table 19: Mode Used to Access Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Origin Type	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Walked/wheelchair only	88%	78%	86%
Got a ride with someone	5%	8%	5%
Taxi/Uber	2%	1%	2%
Drove with others	1%	3%	2%
Bicycle	1%	2%	1%
Drove alone	1%	5%	1%
Shuttle	<1%	1%	<1%
Other	2%	3%	2%

2.4.2. Mode of Egress

Table 21 shows the percent of trips by egress mode. Systemwide, 90 percent of transit trips were egressed by walking/wheelchair. On rail, it was much more common to egress a trip via walking/wheelchair (89 percent) than to access a trip via walking/wheelchair (78 percent).

Table 20: Mode Used to Egress Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Origin Type	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Walked/wheelchair only	91%	89%	90%
Will ride with someone	2%	3%	3%
Bus	2%	2%	2%
Bicycle	1%	2%	1%
Drive with others	1%	2%	1%
Drive alone	1%	1%	1%
Taxi/Uber	<1%	0%	<1%
Shuttle	<1%	0%	<1%
Other	1%	1%	1%

2.4.3. Average Distance to and from Transit

In addition to asking how riders accessed and egressed from their transit trip, riders were asked to estimate the distance they travelled from their origin and destination to their respective first and last bus stop. The following tables report the distribution of trips by walking distance to the rider's origin and destination. While similar information was collected for all access and egress modes, those modes had too few survey responses to generate a statistically valid breakdown of access/egress travel distance.

Table 22 shows the distribution of distances for trips that were accessed by walking or wheelchair.

Table 21: Average Walking/Wheelchair Distance to Access Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Walking/Wheelchair Distance	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
0.5 miles or less	10%	7%	10%
0.5 to 1 mile	37%	28%	36%
1 mile to 2 miles	26%	22%	25%
2 miles to 3 miles	10%	15%	11%
3 mile to 4 miles	5%	13%	6%
4 miles to 5 miles	5%	7%	5%
More than 5 miles	6%	9%	7%

Table 23 shows the distribution of distances for trips that were egressed by walking or wheelchair.

Table 22: Average Walking/Wheelchair Distance to Egress from Transit by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Walking/Wheelchair Distance	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
0.5 miles or less	14%	16%	14%
0.5 to 1 mile	35%	24%	34%
1 mile to 2 miles	24%	24%	24%
2 miles to 3 miles	11%	24%	13%
3 mile to 4 miles	5%	0%	4%
4 miles to 5 miles	3%	11%	4%
More than 5 miles	7%	3%	6%

2.5. Transfers

The survey asked riders about their trip chain and number of transfers. Combined with the other demographic and trip-related items, these provide a large amount of information about transfer activity on NFTA services. This section discusses which types of riders transfer more, as well as which transfers are overall the most common.

2.5.1. Trips by Number of Transfers

Table 24, Table 25, and **Table 26** break down transfer activity by demographic factors, including transit dependency, race/ethnicity, and income. On average, a trip on the NFTA system involves either no transfer or one transfer, but there are differences associated with a trip-taker's transit dependency and income. For example, 37 percent of trips where the rider did not have a vehicle available involve one transfer, compared with 29 percent of trips taken by riders who had access to a vehicle. A similar pattern is apparent by income. Among trips taken by riders with incomes greater than \$35,000, 58 percent involve no transfers, and 1 percent involve three or more transfers. By contrast, 50 percent of trips by riders earning less than \$35,000 had no transfers, and 4 percent involve three or more transfers.

There was no statistically significant difference in transfer rates among riders of different races and/or ethnicities (**Table 25**).

Table 27 shows transfer rates by mode. There was no statistically significant difference in transfer rates among riders surveyed on rail versus bus. Regardless of mode, more than 80 percent of trips involved zero or one transfer.

Number of transfers	Lacks Access to a Vehicle for Trip	Has Access to a Vehicle for Trip	Systemwide Total
0	48%	61%	57%
1	37%	29%	30%
2	11%	8%	10%
3 or more	3%	2%	3%
Net: Average number of transfers	0.73	0.53	0.61

Table 24: Transfers and Rider Race/Ethnicity by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Number of transfers	White	People of Color and or Hispanic	Systemwide Total
0	53%	52 %	57%
1	36%	34%	30%
2	9%	11%	10%
3 or more	3%	3%	3%
Net: Average number of transfers	0.64	0.69	0.61

Table 25: Transfers and Rider Income by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Number of transfers	Income <\$35,000	Income at least \$35,000	Systemwide Total
0	50%	59%	57%
1	35%	30%	30%
2	10%	19%	10%
3 or more	4%	1%	3%
Net: Average number of transfers	0.72	0.54	0.61

Table 26: Transfers and Mode by Unliked Weekday NFTA Trips

Number of transfers	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
0	57%	60%	57%
1	31%	26%	30%
2	9%	12%	10%
3 or more	3%	2%	3%
Net: Average number of transfers	0.61	0.65	0.62

2.5.2. Most Frequent Transfer Pairs

Survey respondents were asked to identify each route they took on their trip, from start to finish. This provides a more detailed picture of transfer activity, including which routes and modes are most frequently transferred between. A rail-to-bus or bus-to-rail transfer happened on about 12 percent of all trips, most of which involved bus-to-rail transfers. Ten routes accounted for almost 60 percent of all bus-to-rail transfer activity (**Table 28**).

Table 27: Top 10 Bus Routes for Weekday Bus to Rail Transfers

Bus Route	Portion of all Bus-to-Rail Transfers
12	10%
23	7%
34	6%
48	6%
15	5%
16	5%
26	5%
2	5%
19	5%
32	5%

Trip chains were also analyzed to determine which route a rider transferred from (i.e. route taken immediately before the survey route) and transferred to (i.e. route a rider will take immediately after the survey route). **Table 29** and **Table 30** show the top ten routes in each category. Rail accounts for 10 percent of all transfers to the surveyed route and 18 percent of all transfers from the survey route, making it the largest single recipient and source of transfer activity. Routes including Route 12, Route 23, and Route 32 appear in both tables, indicating their importance as transfer facilitators. In general, the routes in both tables intersect either each other or NFTA rail service.

Table 28: Top 10 Routes Riders Transferred To, From Survey Route

Route	Portion of all Transfers to Surveyed Route
Rail	10%
12	6%
5	6%
19	5%
3	5%
23	5%
32	5%
2	4%
4	4%
16	4%

Table 29: Top 10 Routes Transferred From, To Survey Route

Route	Portion of all Transfers from Surveyed Route
Rail	18%
20	5%
5	5%
23	5%
12	4%
1	4%
6	4%
19	4%
32	4%
8	3%

The study team also looked at the most common specific route transfer pairs. No single route pair accounted for more than 0.5 percent of weekday NFTA trips, suggesting that transfer activity is highly distributed across the system. The commonly reported transfer pairs include: from Route 12 to Rail, from Route 23 to Rail, from Route 12 to Route 19, from Rail to Route 12, and from Route 34 to Rail.

2.6. Fare Information

The survey included questions about how riders purchased their fare for their surveyed trip and what type of fares they used. Combined with other demographic and trip information, these questions give a sense of how different riders pay for their rides on the NFTA system. This section summarizes fare payment responses broken down by mode, race/ethnicity, income, and language. Note that these proportions may differ from farebox data. Farebox data is based on actual fare purchases, while survey data relies on rider reporting and is subject to response error.

2.6.1. Fare Purchases by Mode

Table 31 and **Table 32** break down the responses to fare questions by mode. **Table 31** shows some notable differences in the types of fares purchased on bus and rail trips. Rail trips involved a smaller proportion of cash fares and a larger proportion of single trip ticket fares than the system overall, at 30 percent and 15 percent of trips respectively.

These differences are in line with some of the figures in **Table 32**, which summarizes how riders purchased their fares. Bus trips saw higher use of several purchase methods, like on-vehicle purchases (50 percent of trips) and purchases at store outlets (13 percent of trips). On-vehicle purchases are not possible on NFTA rail service except on the Token Transit mobile app, which accounted for 17 percent of all rail fare purchases. Fares purchased at ticket vending machines (TVMs) made up 43 percent of all rail fares, compared to only 6 percent for bus fares.

Table 30: Fare Type and Mode Distribution for Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Type	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
Cash	39%	30%	38%
Monthly pass	27%	21%	26%
Day pass	17%	17%	17%
Single trip ticket	4%	15%	5%
Student pass	4%	7%	5%
30-day pass	4%	4%	4%
7-day pass	3%	-	3%
University pass	1%	2%	1%
Fare-free zone (rail only)	-	3%	<1%
Paratransit/disability pass	<1%	-	<1%
Senior fare (precise type not determined)*	<1%	-	<1%
Half fare pass	<1%	1%	<1%
NFTA work pass	<1%	1%	<1%
Other	<1%	1%	1%

^{*}handwritten response in survey. Could not determine what specific fare product was purchased with senior discount

Table 31: Fare Purchase Method and Mode Distribution for Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Purchase Method	Bus	Rail	Systemwide Total
On the bus	50%	-	44%
Smart phone app	13%	17%	13%
Store outlet	13%	8%	13%
Ticket vending machine	6%	43%	10%
Online purchase	6%	8%	6%
NFTA cash office	4%	5%	4%
University	3%	9%	3%
High school	3%	4%	3%
Employer / Metro Advantage	3%	6%	3%

2.6.2. Fare Purchases by Race/Ethnicity, Income, and Language

Table 33 breaks down fare type and purchase method by riders' race/ethnicity, where several differences can be seen, notably in the proportion of cash fares and student passes. Of trips taken by people of color, 40 percent involved cash fares and 7 percent saw the use of a student pass. Both proportions are greater than those for trips taken by white riders, 35 percent and 1 percent of which involved cash fares and student passes, respectively. The survey showed no significant differences in the use of different fare types by income or language, except that trips by non-English speakers also saw significantly higher usage of student or university passes.

Table 32: Fare Type and Race/Ethnicity by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Type	White (Non- Hispanic)	People of Color and/or Hispanic	Systemwide Total
Cash	35%	40%	38%
Monthly pass	33%	22%	26%
Day pass	17%	17%	17%
Single trip ticket	4%	6%	5%
Student pass	1%	7%	5%
30-day pass	5%	4%	4%
7-day pass	2%	3%	3%
University pass	1%	1%	1%
Fare-free zone (rail only)	<1%	<1%	<1%
Paratransit/disability pass	<1%	<1%	<1%
Senior fare	<1%	<1%	<1%
Half fare pass	<1%	<1%	<1%
NFTA work pass	1%	0%	<1%
Other	1%	1%	1%

However, there were differences in purchase method based on race, income, and language spoken at home. Reinforcing the idea that trips by non-English speakers involved more student passes, trips by non-English speakers were also purchased in much greater proportions at high schools and universities (**Table 35**). Almost 20 percent of trips purchased by non-English speakers were purchased at a high school or university, compared to less than 10 percent for trips purchased by English speakers. **Table 34** shows that a smaller but similar difference is apparent between trips by white riders and trips by people of color. About 9 percent of trips by people of color involve a purchase at a university or high school, compared to 2 percent by white riders.

Table 33: Fare Purchase Method and Race/Ethnicity by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Purchase Method	White	People of Color and/or Hispanic	Systemwide Total
On the bus	44%	44%	44%
Smart phone app	15%	13%	13%
Store outlet	14%	12%	13%
Ticket vending machine	9%	11%	10%
Online purchase	7%	6%	6%
NFTA cash office	4%	4%	4%
University	2%	4%	3%
High school	<1%	5%	3%
Employer / Metro Advantage	5%	2%	3%

Table 34: Fare Purchase Method and Language Spoken at Home by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Purchase Method	English	Language(s) Other than English	Systemwide Total
On the bus	44%	36%	44%
Smart phone app	14%	10%	13%
Store outlet	13%	11%	13%
Ticket vending machine	10%	15%	10%
Online purchase	6%	3%	6%
NFTA cash office	4%	6%	4%
University	3%	8%	3%
High school	3%	10%	3%
Employer / Metro Advantage	3%	0%	3%

Table 36 shows that there are also clear differences in purchase method by income. Almost one-half (46 percent) of trips by lower-income riders involve on-vehicle purchases (which, as noted above, can only take place on buses). This is greater than the 37 percent of on-vehicle purchases by riders with incomes higher than \$35,000. Another notable difference is in the proportion of purchases by an employer. At 6 percent, this proportion is twice as large for higher-income riders than for lower-income riders.

Table 35: Fare Purchase Method and Income by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Purchase Method	Income <\$35,000	Income at least \$35,000	Systemwide Total
On the bus	46%	37%	44%
Smart phone app	13%	16%	13%
Store outlet	13%	12%	13%
Ticket vending machine	10%	11%	10%
Online purchase	6%	8%	6%
NFTA cash office	4%	5%	4%
University	3%	3%	3%
High school	1%	3%	3%
Employer / Metro Advantage	3%	6%	3%

The survey also shows demographic differences in the use of full and discounted fares. Overall, 17 percent of trips are full-fare trips, but **Table 37**, **Table 38**, and **Table 38** show small differences by race/ethnicity, income, and language. Trips by white riders, low-income riders, and English-speaking riders tended to have a higher rate of discounted fare use, at about 20 percent of trips. The lowest rate of discounted fare use was 11 percent, associated with trips by higher-income riders and riders who speak languages other than English.

Table 36: Full/Discounted Fare and Race/Ethnicity by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Type	White	People of Color and/or Hispanic	Systemwide Total
Full fare	80%	84%	83%
Senior/disabled/Medicare fare	20%	16%	17%

Table 37: Full/Discounted Fare and Income by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Type	Income <\$35,000	Income at least \$35,000	Systemwide Total
Full fare	80%	89%	83%
Senior/disabled/Medicare fare	20%	11%	17%

Table 38: Full/Discounted Fare and Language Spoken at Home by Unlinked Weekday NFTA Trips

Fare Type	English	Language(s) Other than English	Systemwide Total
Full fare	82%	89%	83%
Senior/disabled/Medicare fare	18%	11%	17%

3. Rider Preferences

3.1. More Bus Stops or Faster Bus Trips?

The bus version of the survey questionnaire asked riders two trade-off questions related to bus stop spacing and route coverage versus frequency.

Table 40 shows that 57 percent of respondents would support fewer bus stops if it resulted in a faster bus journey for them. The preference for bus stop consolidation was observed among a majority regardless of whether the rider transferred (**Table 41**) or had access to a personal vehicle (**Table 42**). There were some minor nuances in the data. Riders who transferred during their trip had a slightly greater preference for stop consolidation compared to those on a one-seat ride. Similarly, those without access to a car had less of a preference for stop consolidation compared to those with an automobile.

Table 39: Responses by mode to the survey question, "Which of these two [bus stop spacing] options is more important to you?"

Response Type	Bus	Rail
More bus stops: there are frequent bus stops, meaning buses stop a lot and travel time is longer.	43%	n/a (not asked on the rail survey)
Faster bus trips: there are fewer bus stops, meaning buses stop less often and travel time is shorter.	57%	n/a (not asked on the rail survey)

Table 40: Responses by the need to transfer to the survey question, "Which of these two [bus stop spacing] options is more important to you?"

Response Type	Transferred	Did Not Transfer
More bus stops: see description in Table 39.	42%	45%
Faster bus trips: see description in Table 39.	58%	55%

Table 41: Responses by transit dependency to the survey question, "Which of these two [bus stop spacing] options is more important to you?"

Response Type	Lack Access to a Vehicle	Have Access to a Vehicle
More bus stops: see description in Table 39.	44%	39%
Faster bus trips: see description in Table 39.	56%	61%

3.2. Coverage or Frequency?

The second tradeoff question in the bus version of the survey asked whether riders considered coverage or frequency to be more important. Again, this question was omitted from the rail version of the survey.

Table 42 shows that bus riders were nearly evenly split between favoring frequency (51 percent) and favoring coverage (49 percent). This split in favorability was also observed in other demographic categories: **Table 43** shows a similar draw between riders who did and did not transfer, and **Table 44** also shows a similar nearly even split in favorability between riders who have or do not have access to a personal vehicle for their trip.

Table 42: Responses by mode to the survey question, "Which of these two options [coverage or frequency] is more important to you?"

Response Type	Bus	Rail
Coverage: buses run on more streets over a larger area. You may have a shorter trip to a bus stop, but buses run less frequently.	49%	n/a (not asked on the rail survey)
Frequency: buses are focused on certain streets. You may have to travel farther to a stop, but buses run more frequently.	51%	n/a (not asked on the rail survey)

Table 43: Responses by the need to transfer to the survey question, "Which of these two options [coverage or frequency] is more important to you?"

Response Type	Transferred	Did Not Transfer
Coverage: see description in Table 42.	48%	50%
Frequency: see description in Table 42.	52%	50%

Table 44: Responses by transit dependency to the survey question, "Which of these two options [coverage or frequency] is more important to you?"

Response Type	Transit-Dependent	Not Transit-Dependent
Coverage: see description in Table 42.	48%	49%
Frequency: see description in Table 42.	52%	51%

4. Conclusions

The study team conducted this origin-destination survey in the Spring of 2021 during the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic has significantly impacted NFTA ridership, as was the case for transit providers across the country. Average weekday boardings during the survey were just below 37,000, compared to nearly 83,000 in 2019. While the survey provides valuable information on travel behavior and travel patterns, it is important to recognize the unusual circumstances under which this origin-destination survey was conducted.

4.1. Profile of Typical Rider

The survey allows NFTA to produce a typical profile of its riders during the survey period:

- Almost half of trips were taken by riders that identify as Black/African Americans.
- More than half of trips are by riders between 35 and 64 years of age
- The median household income of riders is very low. Over 80 percent of trips were taken by riders with a household income of \$35,000 or less. Over 20 percent of trips are taken by riders with a household income of less than \$5,000.
- About half of all riders are full-time workers.
- Only 4 percent of trips are taken by riders who exclusively speak a language other than English at home. Among these households, Spanish is the most spoken language.
- Seventy-eight percent of trips were taken by transit dependent riders, defined as those without access to a personal vehicle for their most recent trip.
- The vast majority of trips are taken by riders who utilize the system at least three times per week.

These findings emphasize the critical role NFTA plays in providing mobility in low-income and communities of color. Many of the system's riders do not have an alternative means of transportation and depend on the system for their basic mobility.

NFTA completed its most recent previous rider origin-destination survey in 2017. Even as ridership was substantially lower in 2021 than 2017 due to the pandemic, the demographic profile of riders has changed little. A similar share of trips in 2017 and 2021 were taken by riders who identified as a person of color and/or minority (61 percent vs. 67 percent, respectively); spoke English "very well" (96 percent vs. 96 percent); had a household income under \$35,000 (80 percent vs. 80 percent); and were between 25 and 65 years of age (69 percent vs. 74 percent). In 2017 only 16 percent of riders had access to a vehicle for their trip, compared to 22 percent in 2021. The difference in vehicle access may be due in part due to the different wording of the questions.

4.2. Travel Patterns

The vast majority of NFTA trips were home-based, with home-based work and home-based school trips accounting for a combined 51 percent of all survey trips. Between bus and rail, there was not a substantial difference in the distribution of trips by trip type. The share of trips originating at a school (either secondary or tertiary) declined from 8 percent to 4 percent and the share of trips that originated at a place of work increased from 20 percent to 31 percent between 2017 and 2021, suggesting there was a shift in the proportion of trips by purpose toward commuting during the pandemic, or rather, a reduction in non-essential trips.

The NFTA system remains heavily oriented toward serving trips that either start or end within the City of Buffalo. The largest trip attractors in the region were Downtown Buffalo, Elmwood Bryant, and the ZIP code in North Cheektowaga encompassing the Buffalo Niagara International Airport. Trip production was concentrated among neighborhoods in Buffalo and the ZIP code encompassing Kenmore.

The vast majority of riders walk to access transit. The proportion in 2021 has changed little from the rate in 2017. Fifty-seven percent of trips do not require a transfer; the rate of transferring is substantially greater for those without access to a vehicle (52 percent) than those with a vehicle (39 percent).

4.3. Payment

A plurality of trips are paid for by cash fare, with monthly and day passes also accounting for a substantial share of fares. Forty-four percent of trips are taken by riders who pay for their trip aboard the bus (50 percent of bus riders specifically), while more than 10 percent utilize a smartphone app, retail outlets, or TVMs to pay for fares.

There was some difference in fare type among riders of different races and ethnicities. People of color were more likely to travel on a cash fare or student pass than white riders. Income and language spoken at home did not appear to correlate with the fare type purchased.

Similarly, there was differences in how riders purchased their fares. For example, people of color were more likely to receive their fare through their high school or university. Low-income individuals were more likely than others to pay for their fare aboard the bus. Conversely, people who spoke a language at home other than English were less likely to purchase their fare aboard the bus.

The most substantial change in fare payment between 2017 and 2021 is the decline of monthly and day passes and the corresponding increase in trips by cash fare. In 2017, 58 percent of trips were taken by a monthly or day pass. In 2021 that number was only 43 percent. Similarly, the share of full-fare trips increased from 76 percent to 83 percent between 2017 and 2021.

4.4. Service Preferences

The 2021 survey included several questions on rider preferences as it relates to future service planning. A small majority of riders said they would prefer fewer bus stops if it resulted in a faster transit trip. A nearly even proportion of riders said they prefer better frequency over expanded coverage.

Appendix 1: Synthetic Data

Methodology

Synthetic data refers to data that was generated through a simulation or model instead of directly collected by observation or survey. As part of the data cleaning and validation process, the study team ran the results of the origin-destination survey through Open Trip Planner to conduct a series of validation checks. These checks enabled the team to clean the data and improve the quality of information collected through the trip chain component of the survey more efficiently.

A by-product of the data validation process through Open Trip Planner is that the study team was able to simulate the trip outlined in each record, including the walking route, walking distance, onboard travel time, and total travel time. These simulations rely on a variety of assumptions and are not necessarily an accurate depiction of real-world conditions:

- The simulation relies on Open Trip Planner to determine the trip routes based on the origin, destination, and survey routes. Precise access and egress path and transfer location may not match the path of the survey respondent.
- Open Trip Planner relies on General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS) data and reflects scheduled transit service. Delays or service disruptions would not be reflected in the data.
- As the precise trip start time of an individual cannot be determined based on the survey data, the simulation had to be based on when the survey was distributed, not when the respondent began their trip.
- The simulation does not include access or egress modes other than walking / wheelchair in its calculations.
- The data precision requirements for obtaining valid trip itineraries resulted in sample sizes for these synthetic statistics below those achieved for the survey as a whole.

The data presented here represents linked trips and therefore is unavailable at the route level. The weighting for linked trips is based on dividing the unlinked trip weight for each record by the number of routes one took to go from their origin to their destination.

Results

The simulation calculated that the average NFTA rider walked 641 feet in total between their origin to first transit stop and last transit stop to destination. The simulation estimates it takes NFTA riders a total of 8.3 minutes of walk time to complete their end-to-end journey. The combined time spent aboard an NFTA vehicle was estimated to be 20 minutes. Finally, the average total travel time from origin to destination was estimated at 35 minutes. The difference between total trip time and the combined walk and onboard travel time is largely attributed to time lost due to waiting and transfers.

Table 45: Synthetic Summary Statistics Generated by Open Trip Planner

	Weighted Average Among Unlinked Trips	Unweighted Sample Size
Walk Distance (feet)	641	872
Walk Time (minutes)	8	872
Onboard Transit Travel Time (minutes)	20	1,292
Total Trip Time (minutes)	35	872

Appendix 2: Route Sheets

See following page for survey results summarized by route.



Route Profile: 1 William

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

PM Peak (3pm-6pm)

Evening (after 6pm)

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period Early (before 6am) AM Peak (6am-9am) Midday (9am-3pm)

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
ment Method ³	7-Day Pass	*
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
É	School or College Pass	*

Demographics, Continued:

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
m	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
Income Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Le C	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*

Origins and D

Home Work Social Shopping/Rec. Medical School/College All Other

dining/recreation/ente medical/dental appoin errands, gym/fitness, p

Route Access

Walk/ Wheelchair Ride With Someone Drive With Others **Drive Alone Bicycle** Taxi or Ridehailing Shuttle All Other 2: Access and egress m wheelchair, ride with so This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

waiian or Pacific icities

s than \$5,000, \$5,000 o \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ted from the more

auestion on the how well do vou speak on was only required

rom the more o that employment ent because some e status: for example, a part-time worker

tion on the survey

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

Φ		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route: Number of Responses

Return Rate



Route Profile: 2 Clinton

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	0%
AM Peak (6am-9am)	27%
Midday (9am-3pm)	38%
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	19%
Evening (after 6pm)	16%

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	50%	24%
Work	29%	45%
Social	2%	10%
Shopping/Rec.	4%	6%
Medical	8%	4%
School/College	6%	6%
All Other	2%	6%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	87%	88%
Ride With Someone	6%	2%
Drive With Others	2%	2%
Drive Alone	2%	2%
Bicycle	2%	2%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	2%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	2%	2%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	44%
2 Buses/Trains	43%
3 Buses/Trains	13%
4 or More Buses/Trains	0%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	48%
ţ	Day Pass	16%
Me	7-Day Pass	0%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	30%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	4%
Ъа	All Other Methods	2%
-4n	On the Bus	63%
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	4%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	4%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	13%
nen	Store	10%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	4%
۵	All Other Locations	2%
Туре	Full Fare	*
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	*

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	*
3 to 5 Days Per Week	*
1 to 2 Days Per Week	*
1 to 3 Days Per Month	*
Less Than Once a Month	*

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	0%
	16 to 18	5%
4	19 to 24	7%
Age	25 to 34	20%
	35 to 49	27%
	50 to 64	31%
	65 or Older	9%
er	Male	63%
Gender	Female	37%
Ğ	Other	0%
	Asian	0%
ξ	Black/African-American	39%
ij	Caucasian/White	48%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	9%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	2%
Βa	Two or More	2%
	Other ⁶	0%

Demographics, Continued:

Demographics, Continued.		
		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	46%
0	\$15,000 to \$34,999	35%
rel ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	8%
Income Level ⁷	\$50,000 to \$74,999	8%
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	4%
	\$100,000 or More	0%
-	1	19%
Household Size	2	30%
Size	3	28%
₽ S	4	9%
	5 or More	13%
at e ⁸	English	100%
ng.	Spanish	4%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸	Other	0%
۲s.	Very Well	100%
ig 5	Less Than Very Well	0%
교 교	Not At All	0%
	Full-Time	49%
ent	Part-Time	22%
ym us ¹	Homemaker	2%
Employment Status ¹⁰	Student	8%
E S	Retired	12%
	Net: Unemployed	25%
Auto		30%
Acces	s ¹¹ No	70%
Driver		51%
Licens	e ¹² No	49%

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14206 14215 14210 14227 14224

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
63	50%



Route Profile: 3 Grant

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	1%
AM Peak (6am-9am)	7%
Midday (9am-3pm)	33%
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	47%
Evening (after 6pm)	12%

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	27%	49%
Work	40%	31%
Social	6%	6%
Shopping/Rec.	8%	1%
Medical	8%	3%
School/College	6%	6%
All Other	7%	6%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	84%	94%
Ride With Someone	9%	1%
Drive With Others	2%	0%
Drive Alone	0%	0%
Bicycle	0%	1%
Taxi or Ridehailing	4%	0%
Shuttle	1%	1%
All Other	0%	1%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	60%
2 Buses/Trains	35%
3 Buses/Trains	4%
4 or More Buses/Trains	2%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	12 4 Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	43%
ţ	Day Pass	13%
Me	7-Day Pass	5%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	25%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	10%
Ра	All Other Methods	4%
n4	On the Bus	51%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	4%
oca	Online	4%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	18%
Jen	Store	10%
Payment Location ⁴	Employer/Metro Advantage	0%
مّ	All Other Locations	13%
ype	Full Fare	87%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	13%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	41%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	13%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	3%
Less Than Once a Month	6%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	2%
	16 to 18	6%
	19 to 24	14%
Age	25 to 34	23%
_	35 to 49	34%
	50 to 64	16%
	65 or Older	5%
er	Male	42%
Gender	Female	57%
ő	Other	1%
	Asian	2%
ë	Black/African-American	30%
ni:	Caucasian/White	33%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	23%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	4%
Ra	Two or More	6%
	Other ⁶	1%

Demographics, Continued:

D 01111	~g.	apinos, continuo	
			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	51%
•		\$15,000 to \$34,999	37%
ome		\$35,000 to \$49,999	8%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	4%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	0%
		\$100,000 or More	0%
-		1	32%
Household Size		2	22%
seh Size		3	22%
ᅙ		4	11%
		5 or More	13%
at e ⁸		English	88%
ng. om		Spanish	17%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	5%
us.		Very Well	92%
igli		Less Than Very Well	7%
늅╸	Not At All		1%
		Full-Time	48%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	23%
nployme Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	2%
plo		Student	14%
E o		Retired	5%
		Net: Unemployed	25%
Aut		Yes	18%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	82%
Drive		Yes	34%
License ¹²		No	66%
0- 0-6		(athniaitics includes Native House	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14213 14207 14201 14215 14227 14228

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
109	44%



Route Profile: 4 Broadway

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	2%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	6%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	41%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	43%	
Evening (after 6pm)	9%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	*	*
Work	*	*
Social	*	*
Shopping/Rec.	*	*
Medical	*	*
School/College	*	*
All Other	*	*

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	* *	
Ride With Someone	*	*
Drive With Others	*	*
Drive Alone	*	*
Bicycle	*	*
Taxi or Ridehailing	*	*
Shuttle	*	*
All Other	*	*

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehalling, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	41%
2 Buses/Trains	43%
3 Buses/Trains	11%
4 or More Buses/Trains	6%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	2

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	*
Ра	All Other Methods	*
h ⁴ n	On the Bus	*
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	*
oca	Online	*
Ļ	Phone App (Any)	*
Jen	Store	*
Payment Location ⁴	Employer/Metro Advantage	*
ٽٽ	All Other Locations	*
Туре	Full Fare	*
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	*

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	*
3 to 5 Days Per Week	*
1 to 2 Days Per Week	*
1 to 3 Days Per Month	*
Less Than Once a Month	*

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	*
	16 to 18	*
	19 to 24	*
Age	25 to 34	*
	35 to 49	*
	50 to 64	*
	65 or Older	*
er	Male	*
Gender	Female	*
Ğ	Other	*
	Asian	*
έξ	Black/African-American	*
ij	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
/eɔ	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Demographics, Continued:

	- 5	. 1.	,					
						Perce	entage	
		Less	Than	\$15,0	000		*	
4		\$15,	000 to	\$34,9	99		*	
ncom Level ⁷		\$35,	000 to	\$49,9	99		*	
Income Level ⁷		\$50,	000 to	\$74,9	99		*	
_		\$75,	000 to	\$99,9	99		*	
		\$10	0,000	or Mo	re		*	
-			1				*	
کاور ﴿			2				×	
useh Size			3				*	
Household Size			4				×	
			5 or M	lore			*	
at e ⁸			Engli	ish			*	
ng. Om			Span	ish			*	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸			Oth	er			*	
us.			Very V	Vell			*	
igli		Less	Than '	Very \	Vell		×	
늅╸			Not A	t All			*	
			Full-T	ime			*	
ent 0			Part-T	ime			*	
ym us_t		Н	lomen	naker			×	
nploymei Status ¹⁰			Stude	ent			*	
Employment Status ¹⁰			Retir	ed			*	
		Net	Unen	nploy	ed		*	
Aut			Yes	S			*	
Acces	s ¹¹		No)			*	
Drive			Yes	S			*	
Licens	se ¹²		No)			*	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
54	43%



Route Profile: 5 Niagara

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	2%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	5%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	48%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	31%	
Evening (after 6pm)	15%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	38%	44%
Work	31%	33%
Social	4%	8%
Shopping/Rec.	9%	8%
Medical	11%	3%
School/College	5%	3%
All Other	2%	0%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	89%	95%
Ride With Someone	4%	0%
Drive With Others	2%	2%
Drive Alone	2%	0%
Bicycle	1%	1%
Taxi or Ridehailing	1%	1%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	0%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehalling, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	65%
2 Buses/Trains	27%
3 Buses/Trains	5%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	41%
thc	Day Pass	16%
Me	7-Day Pass	2%
Payment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	25%
ΕŽ	School or College Pass	10%
Ра	All Other Methods	5%
n4	On the Bus	52%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	8%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	3%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	9%
nen	Store	13%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	3%
	All Other Locations	11%
Туре	Full Fare	88%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	12%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	38%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	4%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	8%
Less Than Once a Month	5%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	3%
	16 to 18	9%
4	19 to 24	14%
Age	25 to 34	18%
	35 to 49	27%
	50 to 64	22%
	65 or Older	6%
er	Male	47%
Gender	Female	53%
Ğ	Other	0%
	Asian	1%
ξ	Black/African-American	41%
ij	Caucasian/White	23%
盐	Hispanic/Latino	23%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	1%
Βa	Two or More	9%
	Other ⁶	2%

Demographics, Continued:

				Percentage
		Less Than \$	15,000	56%
0		\$15,000 to \$	34,999	29%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$	49,999	9%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$	74,999	3%
_		\$75,000 to \$	99,999	4%
		\$100,000 or	More	0%
-		1		33%
Household Size		2		30%
seh Size		3		15%
ᅙ		4		12%
		5 or Mo	re	11%
at e ⁸		Englis	h	91%
ng.		Spanis	h	23%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other		2%
us.		Very We	ell	93%
ig r		Less Than Ve	ery Well	3%
늅┖		Not At A	All	4%
_		Full-Tin	ne e	40%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Tin	ne	24%
nployme Status ¹⁰		Homema	ker	8%
plo		Studen	ıt	11%
Щ °°		Retired	-	12%
		Net: Unemp	loyed	30%
Auto		Yes		23%
Acces	ss ¹¹	No		77%
Drive		Yes		32%
Licens	se ¹²	No		68%
0.011		/	laa Nation Harris	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14207 14213 14216 14201 14217

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
124	43%



Route Profile: 6 Sycamore

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	3%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	26%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	49%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	21%	
Evening (after 6pm)	1%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	57%	23%
Work	24%	31%
Social	3%	10%
Shopping/Rec.	12%	21%
Medical	3%	4%
School/College	0%	6%
All Other	0%	6%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	84%	92%
Ride With Someone	7%	6%
Drive With Others	2%	0%
Drive Alone	2%	2%
Bicycle	0%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	7%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	0%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	53%
2 Buses/Trains	35%
3 Buses/Trains	10%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	19

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	29%
ţ	Day Pass	22%
Me	7-Day Pass	4%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	38%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	2%
Ъа	All Other Methods	5%
n4	On the Bus	44%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	4%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	12%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	8%
nen	Store	17%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	0%
	All Other Locations	15%
Туре	Full Fare	84%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	16%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	36%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	10%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	10%
Less Than Once a Month	3%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	0%
	16 to 18	8%
	19 to 24	6%
Age	25 to 34	17%
	35 to 49	27%
	50 to 64	31%
	65 or Older	11%
<u>e</u>	Male	42%
Gender	Female	57%
Ğ	Other	2%
	Asian	5%
ξ	Black/African-American	42%
Ë	Caucasian/White	29%
뜐	Hispanic/Latino	18%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	3%
Ra	Two or More	3%
	Other ⁶	0%

Demographics, Continued:

	- 5	.,	
			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	48%
4)		\$15,000 to \$34,999	34%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	8%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	2%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	7%
		\$100,000 or More	2%
-		1	22%
Household Size		2	34%
seh Size		3	12%
호 *		4	20%
		5 or More	12%
at e ⁸		English	85%
ng. om		Spanish	15%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	6%
us.		Very Well	90%
igi rof		Less Than Very Well	5%
늅┖		Not At All	5%
		Full-Time	35%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	18%
nploymei Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	18%
plo		Student	2%
E o		Retired	12%
		Net: Unemployed	48%
Aut		Yes	19%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	81%
Drive		Yes	34%
Licens	se ¹²	No	66%

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14211 14204 14214 14220 14212

14211 14204 14214 14220 14212

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate	
72	33%	



Route Profile: 8 Main

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	2%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	21%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	19%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	53%	
Evening (after 6pm)	5%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	42%	35%
Work	36%	35%
Social	4%	4%
Shopping/Rec.	8%	6%
Medical	4%	8%
School/College	2%	4%
All Other	6%	6%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	85%	94%
Ride With Someone	9%	0%
Drive With Others	0%	2%
Drive Alone	2%	0%
Bicycle	4%	2%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	0%	2%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	65%
2 Buses/Trains	26%
3 Buses/Trains	6%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	43%
thc	Day Pass	13%
Me	7-Day Pass	4%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	30%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	2%
Ра	All Other Methods	8%
n4	On the Bus	51%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	10%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	8%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	8%
Jen	Store	8%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	0%
<u>a</u>	All Other Locations	16%
Туре	Full Fare	81%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	19%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	55%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	2%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	12%
Less Than Once a Month	4%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	0%
	16 to 18	2%
	19 to 24	14%
Age	25 to 34	18%
	35 to 49	22%
	50 to 64	30%
	65 or Older	14%
er	Male	54%
Gender	Female	46%
ő	Other	0%
	Asian	0%
ë	Black/African-American	64%
ņ	Caucasian/White	19%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	8%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	2%
Ra	Two or More	4%
	Other ⁶	4%

Demographics, Continued:

			Percentage	
		Less Than \$15,000	42%	
40	Income Level ⁷	\$15,000 to \$34,999	38%	
ome 'el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	6%	
ncome Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	10%	
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	0%	
		\$100,000 or More	4%	
-		1	*	
کاور پ		2	*	
seh Size		3	*	
Household Size		4	*	
		5 or More	*	
at e ⁸		English	96%	
ng. om		Spanish	12%	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	2%	
us.		Very Well	96%	
igi rof		Less Than Very Well	2%	
늅굡		Not At All	2%	
_	Full-Time		48%	
en o		Part-Time	19%	
nploymeı Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	6%	
plo		Student	4%	
E o	Part-Time Variation Variat		10%	
	Net: Unemployed		33%	
Aut		Yes	14%	
Acces	s ¹¹	No	86%	
Drive		Yes	42%	
Licens	se ¹²	No	58%	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14214 14209 14202 14213 14208 14211

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate	
62	47%	



Route Profile: 11 Colvin

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	9%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	23%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	20%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	30%	
Evening (after 6pm)	18%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	45%	36%
Work	34%	38%
Social	3%	7%
Shopping/Rec.	5%	7%
Medical	6%	5%
School/College	5%	2%
All Other	3%	5%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	91%	93%
Ride With Someone	3%	3%
Drive With Others	2%	0%
Drive Alone	0%	2%
Bicycle	2%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	3%	2%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehalling, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	71%
2 Buses/Trains	21%
3 Buses/Trains	8%
4 or More Buses/Trains	0%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	5

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	39%
ţ	Day Pass	14%
Me	7-Day Pass	2%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	34%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	5%
Ъа	All Other Methods	7%
-4n	On the Bus	50%
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	5%
oca	Online	3%
Payment Location ⁴	Phone App (Any)	10%
Jen	Store	13%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	8%
۵	All Other Locations	10%
Туре	Full Fare	82%
Σ	Reduced Fare ⁵	18%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	25%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	14%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	13%
Less Than Once a Month	8%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	0%
	16 to 18	9%
	19 to 24	3%
Age	25 to 34	22%
	35 to 49	25%
	50 to 64	31%
	65 or Older	9%
<u>e</u>	Male	58%
Gender	Female	41%
Ğ	Other	2%
	Asian	0%
ξ	Black/African-American	29%
Ë	Caucasian/White	50%
뜐	Hispanic/Latino	15%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	0%
Ra	Two or More	5%
	Other ⁶	2%

Demographics, Continued:

			Percentage
4)		Less Than \$15,000	41%
		\$15,000 to \$34,999	36%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	11%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	8%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	0%
		\$100,000 or More	5%
-		1	42%
Household Size		2	34%
seh Size		3	14%
ᅙ		4	3%
		5 or More	8%
e ⁸		English	97%
ng.		Spanish	14%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	0%
ds.		Very Well	94%
ig t		Less Than Very Well	6%
늅┖		Not At All	0%
_		Full-Time	57%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	18%
nployme Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	1%
plo		Student	12%
Щ °°		Retired	10%
		Net: Unemployed	19%
Auto		Yes	25%
Acces	S ¹¹	No	75%
Drive		Yes	40%
License ¹²		No	60%
O- Other was a fethalisis is alred a Nation Harriston as Basifia			

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14216 14209 14223 14217 14213

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
75	47%



Route Profile: 12 Utica

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	6%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	13%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	36%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	24%	
Evening (after 6pm)	22%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	38%	41%
Work	33%	27%
Social	3%	4%
Shopping/Rec.	16%	17%
Medical	4%	1%
School/College	5%	7%
All Other	2%	3%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	88%	90%
Ride With Someone	7%	5%
Drive With Others	0%	0%
Drive Alone	0%	2%
Bicycle	2%	1%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	0%
Shuttle	1%	1%
All Other	3%	1%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	64%
2 Buses/Trains	25%
3 Buses/Trains	9%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	34%
ţ	Day Pass	22%
Me	7-Day Pass	2%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	32%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	6%
Ъа	All Other Methods	4%
n4	On the Bus	51%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	4%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	5%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	13%
nen	Store	17%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	2%
	All Other Locations	8%
Туре	Full Fare	79%
Σ	Reduced Fare ⁵	21%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	49%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	7%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	5%
Less Than Once a Month	3%

Demographics:

	•	
		Percentage
	Under 16	4%
	16 to 18	7%
	19 to 24	11%
Age	25 to 34	20%
	35 to 49	20%
	50 to 64	26%
	65 or Older	11%
er	Male	51%
Gender	Female	49%
ő	Other	0%
	Asian	2%
ë	Black/African-American	65%
ni:	Caucasian/White	20%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	7%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	2%
Ϋ́a	Two or More	4%
	Other ⁶	1%

Demographics, Continued:

			Percentage	
		Less Than \$15,000	57%	
		\$15,000 to \$34,999	31%	
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	8%	
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	0%	
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	2%	
		\$100,000 or More	2%	
-		1	28%	
کا و		2	26%	
Household Size		3	16%	
후 *		4	11%	
		5 or More	18%	
e ⁸		English	96%	
ng.		Spanish	8%	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	2%	
ds.		Very Well	95%	
ig t		Less Than Very Well	3%	
<u> </u>		Not At All	2%	
		Full-Time	35%	
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	25%	
mploymer Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	6%	
plo		Student	10%	
Щ °°		Retired	14%	
		Net: Unemployed	37%	
Auto		Yes	24%	
Acces	ss ¹¹	No	76%	
Drive		Yes	26%	
Licens	se ¹²	No	74%	
0.00	On Other was a father initial includes Nether University on Deniffs			

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14215 14211 14213 14208 14209

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
152	44%



Route Profile: 13 Kensington

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period			
Early (before 6am)	6%		
AM Peak (6am-9am)	20%		
Midday (9am-3pm)	57%		
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	10%		
Evening (after 6pm)	7%		

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	52%	*
Work	20%	*
Social	7%	*
Shopping/Rec.	4%	*
Medical	7%	*
School/College	9%	*
All Other	2%	*

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	87%	*
Ride With Someone	2%	*
Drive With Others	5%	*
Drive Alone	2%	*
Bicycle	0%	*
Taxi or Ridehailing	2%	*
Shuttle	0%	*
All Other	2%	*

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	58%
2 Buses/Trains	26%
3 Buses/Trains	13%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	42%
ţ	Day Pass	14%
Me	7-Day Pass	0%
Payment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	32%
Σ	School or College Pass	10%
Ъа	All Other Methods	2%
n ⁴	On the Bus	57%
엹	Ticket Vending Machine	6%
ဝင္ပ	Online	2%
Payment Location ⁴	Phone App (Any)	4%
nen	Store	9%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	6%
	All Other Locations	15%
Туре	Full Fare	*
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	*

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	*
3 to 5 Days Per Week	*
1 to 2 Days Per Week	*
1 to 3 Days Per Month	*
Less Than Once a Month	*

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	5%
	16 to 18	7%
4	19 to 24	11%
Age	25 to 34	14%
	35 to 49	23%
	50 to 64	30%
	65 or Older	9%
er	Male	50%
Gender	Female	50%
Ğ	Other	0%
	Asian	4%
ξ	Black/African-American	79%
ij	Caucasian/White	11%
盂	Hispanic/Latino	4%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	0%
æ	Two or More	0%
	Other ⁶	2%

Demographics, Continued:

Demograpinos, Continued.			
			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	*
		\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome		\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
		\$100,000 or More	*
-		1	20%
کا د		2	25%
Household Size		3	20%
nop s'		4	24%
		5 or More	11%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		English	100%
ng. om		Spanish	9%
ᄪ		Other	0%
us 6.		Very Well	97%
ig of		Less Than Very Well	3%
핃 ~		Not At All	0%
		Full-Time	49%
ento		Part-Time	11%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	0%
plo		Student	18%
E S		Retired	16%
		Net: Unemployed	35%
Auto		Yes	22%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	78%
Drive		Yes	32%
License ¹²		No	68%
		/athnicities includes Native House	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14215 14208 14211 14213 14209 14214

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate	
69	44%	



Route Profile: 14 Abbott

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period				
Early (before 6am)	2%			
AM Peak (6am-9am)	18%			
Midday (9am-3pm)	25%			
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	31%			
Evening (after 6pm)	24%			

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	*	*
Work	*	*
Social	*	*
Shopping/Rec.	*	*
Medical	*	*
School/College	*	*
All Other	*	*

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	*	*
Ride With Someone	*	*
Drive With Others	*	*
Drive Alone	*	*
Bicycle	*	*
Taxi or Ridehailing	*	*
Shuttle	*	*
All Other	*	*

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	55%
2 Buses/Trains	33%
3 Buses/Trains	10%
4 or More Buses/Trains	2%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	20

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	*
Ра	All Other Methods *	
h ⁴ n	On the Bus	*
Payment Location ⁴	Ticket Vending Machine *	
oca	Online *	
Ţ	Phone App (Any) *	
Jen	Store *	
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage *	
۵	All Other Locations *	
Туре	Full Fare	*
₽	Reduced Fare ⁵	*

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	*
3 to 5 Days Per Week	*
1 to 2 Days Per Week *	
1 to 3 Days Per Month	*
Less Than Once a Month	*

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	*
	16 to 18	*
	19 to 24	*
Age	25 to 34	*
	35 to 49	*
	50 to 64	*
	65 or Older	*
er	Male	*
Gender	Female	*
Ğ	Other	*
	Asian	*
έξ	Black/African-American	*
ij	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Sa	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Demographics, Continued:

Demograpinos, Continuou.			
		Percentage	
	Less Than \$15,000	*	
•	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*	
ncome Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*	
Income Level ⁷	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*	
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*	
	\$100,000 or More	*	
~	1	*	
ور د و	2	*	
seh Size	3	*	
Household Size	4	*	
	5 or More	*	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸	English	*	
ng Om	Spanish	*	
ᄪᄑ	Other	*	
ds.	Very Well	*	
igi rof	Less Than Very Well	*	
늅굡	Not At All	*	
	Full-Time	*	
len 10	Part-Time	*	
wy us	Homemaker	*	
Employment Status ¹⁰	Student	*	
E or	Retired	*	
Net: Unemployed		*	
Auto		*	
Acces	s ¹¹ No	*	
Drive		*	
Licens	se ¹² No	*	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
51	40%



Route Profile: 15 Seneca

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	7%
AM Peak (6am-9am)	24%
Midday (9am-3pm)	34%
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	21%
Evening (after 6pm)	14%

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	40%	39%
Work	37%	34%
Social	3%	9%
Shopping/Rec.	11%	6%
Medical	4%	8%
School/College	3%	3%
All Other	3%	0%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	90%	94%
Ride With Someone	3%	2%
Drive With Others	1%	2%
Drive Alone	1%	3%
Bicycle	1%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	1%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	1%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	64%
2 Buses/Trains	31%
3 Buses/Trains	3%
4 or More Buses/Trains	1%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	39%
ţ	Day Pass	18%
Me	7-Day Pass	1%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	37%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	3%
Ра	All Other Methods	1%
-4n	On the Bus	50%
Payment Location ⁴	Ticket Vending Machine	6%
oca	Online	8%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	8%
Jen	Store	16%
a Zu	Employer/Metro Advantage	2%
۵	All Other Locations	11%
Туре	Full Fare	89%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	11%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	41%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	4%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	7%
Less Than Once a Month	3%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	3%
	16 to 18	5%
4	19 to 24	9%
Age	25 to 34	16%
	35 to 49	26%
	50 to 64	31%
	65 or Older	10%
er	Male	51%
Gender	Female	46%
Ğ	Other	3%
	Asian	0%
ξ	Black/African-American	27%
ij	Caucasian/White	58%
盂	Hispanic/Latino	11%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	0%
Ra	Two or More	3%
	Other ⁶	1%

Demographics, Continued:

			Percentage	
		Less Than \$15,000	42%	
•		\$15,000 to \$34,999	33%	
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	12%	
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	10%	
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	3%	
		\$100,000 or More	0%	
-		1	27%	
<u>و</u> ﴿		2	28%	
Household Size		3	19%	
호 *		4	12%	
		5 or More	15%	
e ₈ at		English	96%	
ng Om		Spanish	8%	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	0%	
us 6.		Very Well	99%	
ig t		Less Than Very Well	1%	
ᇤ		Not At All	0%	
_		Full-Time	56%	
0		Part-Time	19%	
Employment Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	4%	
plo		Student	7%	
Щ °°		Retired	3%	
		Net: Unemployed	21%	
Auto		Yes	23%	
Acces	S ¹¹	No	77%	
Drive		Yes	29%	
License ¹²		No	71%	
0.00	O Other was a fatheristical includes Notice Harrette as Basific			

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14210 14220 14211 14204 14224

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
86	39%



Route Profile: 16 South Park/McKinley Mall

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	1%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	13%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	42%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	31%	
Evening (after 6pm)	13%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	36%	45%
Work	38%	27%
Social	6%	7%
Shopping/Rec.	8%	12%
Medical	1%	2%
School/College	6%	4%
All Other	5%	2%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	95%	96%
Ride With Someone	2%	1%
Drive With Others	1%	0%
Drive Alone	0%	1%
Bicycle	0%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	0%
Shuttle	1%	0%
All Other	1%	2%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehalling, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	65%
2 Buses/Trains	28%
3 Buses/Trains	5%
4 or More Buses/Trains	2%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	19 Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	53%
ţ	Day Pass	12%
Me	7-Day Pass	2%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	20%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	6%
Ъа	All Other Methods	7%
n4	On the Bus	51%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	3%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	11%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	16%
nen	Store	9%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	2%
	All Other Locations	7%
Туре	Full Fare	81%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	19%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	40%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	10%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	9%
Less Than Once a Month	2%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	1%
	16 to 18	7%
4	19 to 24	12%
Age	25 to 34	20%
	35 to 49	28%
	50 to 64	21%
	65 or Older	10%
ler	Male	58%
Gender	Female	42%
<u> </u>	Other	0%
	Asian	1%
ξ	Black/African-American	12%
Ë	Caucasian/White	58%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	19%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	5%
Ra	Two or More	3%
	Other ⁶	2%

Demographics, Continued:

Demographics, Continued.			
		Percentage	
	Less Than \$15,000	49%	
•	\$15,000 to \$34,999	30%	
el ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	14%	
Income Level ⁷	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3%	
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	2%	
	\$100,000 or More	1%	
-	1	41%	
Household Size	2	21%	
Size	3	15%	
ᅙ	4	8%	
	5 or More	14%	
at e ⁸	English	97%	
ng.	Spanish	12%	
E H	Other	1%	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸	Very Well	96%	
igli rof	Less Than Very Well	3%	
늅╸	Not At All	1%	
	Full-Time	53%	
o o	Part-Time	17%	
us,	Homemaker	5%	
Employment Status ¹⁰	Student	10%	
E o	Retired	8%	
	Net: Unemployed	26%	
Auto		15%	
Acces	s ¹¹ No	85%	
Drive		26%	
Licens	e ¹² No	74%	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route

14220 14218 14210 14219 14075

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
112	36%

Appendix 2: Route Profiles ______ A2-13



Route Profile: 18 Jefferson

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trip	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
•	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
me el ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/entermedical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: n your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

Φ		
Ö	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
댪	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

21 33%

Recorded on This Route



Route Profile: 19 Bailey

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	3%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	15%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	38%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	37%	
Evening (after 6pm)	6%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	43%	38%
Work	33%	32%
Social	3%	4%
Shopping/Rec.	10%	15%
Medical	4%	3%
School/College	3%	4%
All Other	3%	4%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

_		
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	82%	90%
Ride With Someone	7%	4%
Drive With Others	5%	1%
Drive Alone	0%	1%
Bicycle	0%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	2%	1%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	5%	3%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	46%
2 Buses/Trains	35%
3 Buses/Trains	16%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	12

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	28%
thc	Day Pass	30%
Me	7-Day Pass	1%
Payment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	31%
ΕŽ	School or College Pass	3%
Ра	All Other Methods	8%
n ⁴	On the Bus	43%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	6%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	4%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	9%
nen	Store	21%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	1%
	All Other Locations	16%
Туре	Full Fare	84%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	16%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	30%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	11%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	10%
Less Than Once a Month	6%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	2%
	16 to 18	7%
	19 to 24	7%
Age	25 to 34	23%
	35 to 49	26%
	50 to 64	27%
	65 or Older	8%
<u>e</u>	Male	61%
Gender	Female	39%
Ğ	Other	0%
	Asian	1%
ξ	Black/African-American	63%
Ë	Caucasian/White	16%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	14%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	0%
Ra	Two or More	5%
	Other ⁶	1%

Demographics, Continued:

	- 3		
			Percentage
0		Less Than \$15,000	43%
		\$15,000 to \$34,999	43%
ome 'el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	5%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	6%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	2%
		\$100,000 or More	0%
-		1	32%
کاور ﴿		2	22%
Household Size		3	21%
호 *		4	13%
		5 or More	13%
at e ⁸		English	97%
ng. om		Spanish	16%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	1%
us.		Very Well	96%
igi rof		Less Than Very Well	1%
늅굡		Not At All	3%
_		Full-Time	42%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	27%
nploymeı Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	4%
plo		Student	11%
E o		Retired	6%
		Net: Unemployed	27%
Aut		Yes	29%
Acces	S ¹¹	No	71%
Drive		Yes	44%
License ¹²		No	56%

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14215 14211 14206 14208 14214

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
117	37%



Route Profile: 20 Elmwood

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	4%
AM Peak (6am-9am)	31%
Midday (9am-3pm)	32%
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	15%
Evening (after 6pm)	17%

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	48%	32%
Work	27%	45%
Social	2%	1%
Shopping/Rec.	10%	14%
Medical	7%	6%
School/College	4%	1%
All Other	2%	1%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	90%	92%
Ride With Someone	5%	2%
Drive With Others	1%	2%
Drive Alone	0%	1%
Bicycle	2%	1%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	0%
Shuttle	0%	1%
All Other	1%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	67%
2 Buses/Trains	21%
3 Buses/Trains	7%
4 or More Buses/Trains	5%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	35%
ţ	Day Pass	5%
Me	7-Day Pass	4%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	37%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	8%
Ъа	All Other Methods	11%
-4n	On the Bus	39%
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	10%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	6%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	17%
nen	Store	12%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	4%
	All Other Locations	12%
Туре	Full Fare	83%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	17%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	40%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	7%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	9%
Less Than Once a Month	3%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	2%
	16 to 18	4%
4	19 to 24	8%
Age	25 to 34	17%
	35 to 49	27%
	50 to 64	36%
	65 or Older	5%
er	Male	55%
Gender	Female	45%
Ğ	Other	0%
	Asian	0%
ξ	Black/African-American	43%
ij	Caucasian/White	43%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	9%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	3%
Ra	Two or More	0%
	Other ⁶	1%

Demographics, Continued:

			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	34%
		\$15,000 to \$34,999	39%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	19%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	6%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	1%
		\$100,000 or More	1%
-		1	49%
Household Size		2	27%
seh Size		3	11%
ᅙ		4	8%
		5 or More	5%
at e ⁸		English	96%
ng.		Spanish	8%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	2%
us.		Very Well	98%
ngli rof		Less Than Very Well	1%
늅굔		Not At All	1%
		Full-Time	55%
en o		Part-Time	30%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	2%
plo		Student	10%
E o		Retired	7%
		Net: Unemployed	16%
Auto		Yes	18%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	82%
Drive		Yes	43%
License ¹²		No	57%
0.011	0 Other control (11 - 12 77 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14222 14217 14207 14213 14216

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
112	37%



Route Profile: 22 Porter/Best

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	0%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	9%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	56%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	28%	
Evening (after 6pm)	7%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	*	*
Work	*	*
Social	*	*
Shopping/Rec.	*	*
Medical	*	*
School/College	*	*
All Other	*	*

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	*	*
Ride With Someone	*	*
Drive With Others	*	*
Drive Alone	*	*
Bicycle	*	*
Taxi or Ridehailing	*	*
Shuttle	*	*
All Other	*	*

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	65%
2 Buses/Trains	17%
3 Buses/Trains	17%
4 or More Buses/Trains	2%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	6 Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	*
Ра	All Other Methods	*
h ⁴ n	On the Bus	*
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	*
oca	Online	*
Ļ	Phone App (Any)	*
Jen	Store	*
Payment Location ⁴	Employer/Metro Advantage	*
ٽٽ	All Other Locations	*
Туре	Full Fare	*
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	*

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	*
3 to 5 Days Per Week	*
1 to 2 Days Per Week	*
1 to 3 Days Per Month	*
Less Than Once a Month	*

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	*
	16 to 18	*
	19 to 24	*
Age	25 to 34	*
	35 to 49	*
	50 to 64	*
	65 or Older	*
er	Male	*
Gender	Female	*
Ğ	Other	*
	Asian	*
έξ	Black/African-American	*
ij	Caucasian/White	*
듬	Hispanic/Latino	*
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Demographics, Continued:

Demographics, Continued.			
		Percentage	
	Less Than \$15,000	*	
	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*	
ncome Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*	
Income Level ⁷	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*	
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*	
	\$100,000 or More	*	
-	1	*	
<u>و</u> ﴿	2	*	
Household Size	3	*	
호 *	4	*	
	5 or More	*	
e _e at	English	*	
ng. om	Spanish	*	
==	Other	*	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸	Very Well	*	
igi Tof	Less Than Very Well	*	
늅굔	Not At All	*	
	Full-Time	*	
ent 0	Part-Time	*	
us,	Homemaker	*	
plo	Student	*	
Employment Status ¹⁰	Retired	*	
	Net: Unemployed	*	
Aut		*	
Acces	s ¹¹ No	*	
Drive		*	
Licens	se ¹² No	*	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
54	44%



Route Profile: 23 Fillmore/Hertel

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	3%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	27%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	26%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	22%	
Evening (after 6pm)	22%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	45%	32%
Work	27%	36%
Social	6%	4%
Shopping/Rec.	9%	13%
Medical	4%	6%
School/College	6%	7%
All Other	4%	3%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	90%	91%
Ride With Someone	2%	1%
Drive With Others	1%	3%
Drive Alone	0%	0%
Bicycle	1%	4%
Taxi or Ridehailing	4%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	1%	1%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	56%
2 Buses/Trains	34%
3 Buses/Trains	8%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	51%
ţ	Day Pass	17%
Me	7-Day Pass	1%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	17%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	6%
Ра	All Other Methods	8%
h ⁴ n	On the Bus	71%
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	1%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	7%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	7%
nen	Store	4%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	3%
۵	All Other Locations	7%
Гуре	Full Fare	77%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	23%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	41%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	9%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	8%
Less Than Once a Month	4%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	1%
	16 to 18	11%
4	19 to 24	4%
Age	25 to 34	17%
	35 to 49	35%
	50 to 64	24%
	65 or Older	8%
ler	Male	58%
Gender	Female	43%
<u></u>	Other	0%
	Asian	0%
ξ	Black/African-American	47%
Ë	Caucasian/White	35%
詽	Hispanic/Latino	13%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	0%
Βa	Two or More	5%
	Other ⁶	0%

Demographics, Continued:

	- 5	.,	
			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	43%
4)		\$15,000 to \$34,999	37%
Income Level ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	8%
ncome Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	7%
드그		\$75,000 to \$99,999	0%
		\$100,000 or More	5%
-		1	24%
Household Size		2	26%
seh Size		3	10%
Ď,		4	18%
		5 or More	22%
at e ⁸		English	98%
ng. Om		Spanish	10%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸	Other		0%
us.		Very Well	99%
igi rof		Less Than Very Well	1%
늅┖		Not At All	0%
		Full-Time	49%
le n		Part-Time	18%
nploymei Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	4%
plo		Student	12%
E o	⊞ Retired 1		16%
			29%
Aut		Yes	22%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	78%
Drive		Yes	36%
Licens	se ¹²	No	64%

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14211 14207 14210 14216 14214 14215

14211 14207 14210 14210 14214 14213

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
104	33%



Route Profile: 24 Genesee

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	12%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	31%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	25%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	25%	
Evening (after 6pm)	7%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	*	*
Work	*	*
Social	*	*
Shopping/Rec.	*	*
Medical	*	*
School/College	*	*
All Other	*	*

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	*	*
Ride With Someone	*	*
Drive With Others	*	*
Drive Alone	*	*
Bicycle	*	*
Taxi or Ridehailing	*	*
Shuttle	*	*
All Other	*	*

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	56%
2 Buses/Trains	39%
3 Buses/Trains	2%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	5

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	*
Ра	All Other Methods	*
h ⁴ n	On the Bus	*
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	*
oca	Online	*
Ļ	Phone App (Any)	*
Jen	Store	*
Payment Location ⁴	Employer/Metro Advantage	*
ٽٽ	All Other Locations	*
Туре	Full Fare	*
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	*

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	*
3 to 5 Days Per Week	*
1 to 2 Days Per Week	*
1 to 3 Days Per Month	*
Less Than Once a Month	*

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	*
	16 to 18	*
	19 to 24	*
Age	25 to 34	*
	35 to 49	*
	50 to 64	*
	65 or Older	*
er	Male	*
Gender	Female	*
Ğ	Other	*
	Asian	*
έξ	Black/African-American	*
ij	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
/eɔ	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Demographics, Continued:

	- 5	.,	
			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	*
•		\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
me 'el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
		\$100,000 or More	*
-		1	*
کات ﴿		2	*
Household Size		3	*
ᅙ		4	*
		5 or More	*
e _® at		English	*
ng. om		Spanish	*
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	*
۳°.		Very Well	*
ig o		Less Than Very Well	*
늅굔		Not At All	*
		Full-Time	*
en		Part-Time	*
Employment Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	*
plo		Student	*
Щ °°		Retired	*
		Net: Unemployed	*
Aut		Yes	*
Acces	S ¹¹	No	*
Drive		Yes	*
Licens	se ¹²	No	*

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14211 14225 14201 14206 14213

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
59	34%



Route Profile: 25 Delaware

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	4%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	44%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	30%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	12%	
Evening (after 6pm)	10%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	63%	24%
Work	15%	42%
Social	3%	5%
Shopping/Rec.	6%	9%
Medical	6%	12%
School/College	4%	3%
All Other	3%	5%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	89%	86%
Ride With Someone	0%	6%
Drive With Others	1%	3%
Drive Alone	3%	1%
Bicycle	3%	3%
Taxi or Ridehailing	4%	1%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	0%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	65%
2 Buses/Trains	22%
3 Buses/Trains	8%
4 or More Buses/Trains	5%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	5

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	39%
ţ	Day Pass	14%
Me	7-Day Pass	4%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	36%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	5%
Ра	All Other Methods	1%
n4	On the Bus	44%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	6%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	10%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	7%
Jen	Store	13%
ayıı	Employer/Metro Advantage	9%
ڭ _	All Other Locations	10%
Туре	Full Fare	73%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	27%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	34%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	14%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	11%
Less Than Once a Month	1%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	1%
	16 to 18	3%
4	19 to 24	3%
Age	25 to 34	19%
	35 to 49	29%
	50 to 64	32%
	65 or Older	14%
er	Male	59%
Gender	Female	41%
Ğ	Other	0%
	Asian	0%
ξ	Black/African-American	30%
ij	Caucasian/White	59%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	6%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	1%
Ra	Two or More	3%
	Other ⁶	1%

Demographics, Continued:

zomograpinos, commusus				
				Percentage
		Less Than \$15,0	00	45%
0		\$15,000 to \$34,9	99	31%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,9	99	8%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,9	99	14%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,9	99	1%
		\$100,000 or Mo	re	1%
-		1		48%
کاور ش		2		23%
Household Size		3		21%
ᅙ		4		7%
		5 or More		1%
e at		English		99%
ng.		Spanish		5%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other		0%
ds.		Very Well		97%
ig t		Less Than Very V	Vell	3%
ᅟᆸᄱ		Not At All		0%
		Full-Time		51%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time		10%
ym us,		Homemaker		3%
nploymei Status ¹⁰		Student		7%
Щ °		Retired		10%
		Net: Unemploye	ed	32%
Auto		Yes		24%
Acces	S ¹¹	No		76%
Drive		Yes		44%
License ¹²		No		56%
	O- Other was a fethalisis is alred a Nation Harriston as Basifia			

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14120 14217 14150 14216 14215

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
83	54%



Route Profile: 26 Delavan

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	1%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	47%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	34%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	10%	
Evening (after 6pm)	7%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	62%	30%
Work	24%	38%
Social	2%	0%
Shopping/Rec.	0%	12%
Medical	3%	12%
School/College	5%	4%
All Other	3%	4%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	_	
	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	95%	100%
Ride With Someone	2%	0%
Drive With Others	0%	0%
Drive Alone	0%	0%
Bicycle	0%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	0%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	4%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehalling, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	40%
2 Buses/Trains	51%
3 Buses/Trains	7%
4 or More Buses/Trains	1%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	42%
ţ	Day Pass	15%
Me	7-Day Pass	4%
Payment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	30%
ΕŽ	School or College Pass	6%
Ъа	All Other Methods	4%
n ⁴	On the Bus	52%
엹	Ticket Vending Machine	6%
ဝင္ပ	Online	6%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	10%
nen	Store	15%
Payment Location ⁴	Employer/Metro Advantage	8%
	All Other Locations	4%
Туре	Full Fare	87%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	13%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	38%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	0%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	6%
Less Than Once a Month	6%

Demographics:

	<u> </u>	
		Percentage
	Under 16	2%
	16 to 18	7%
4	19 to 24	19%
Age	25 to 34	19%
_	35 to 49	29%
	50 to 64	19%
	65 or Older	5%
er	Male	50%
Gender	Female	50%
_ <u>ŏ</u>	Other	0%
	Asian	2%
Ë	Black/African-American	72%
ņ	Caucasian/White	18%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	4%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	0%
Ra	Two or More	4%
	Other ⁶	2%

Demographics, Continued:

			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	53%
40		\$15,000 to \$34,999	33%
ome 'el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	8%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	2%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	2%
		\$100,000 or More	2%
-		1	38%
Household Size		2	21%
seh Size		3	18%
호 *		4	11%
		5 or More	13%
at e ⁸		English	98%
ng. om		Spanish	2%
==		Other	2%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Very Well	100%
igi rof		Less Than Very Well	0%
늅굡		Not At All	0%
		Full-Time	58%
en		Part-Time	19%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	0%
plo		Student	12%
E o		Retired	9%
		Net: Unemployed	14%
Aut		Yes	23%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	77%
Drive		Yes	47%
Licens	se ¹²	No	53%

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route 14215 14213 14211 14222 14208

Survey Responses for This Route:

•	
Number of Responses	Return Rate
70	37%



Route Profile: 32 Amherst

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	0%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	5%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	48%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	30%	
Evening (after 6pm)	17%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	37%	42%
Work	45%	32%
Social	4%	4%
Shopping/Rec.	6%	15%
Medical	3%	2%
School/College	4%	4%
All Other	1%	1%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	88%	94%
Ride With Someone	4%	1%
Drive With Others	1%	1%
Drive Alone	0%	0%
Bicycle	2%	1%
Taxi or Ridehailing	3%	0%
Shuttle	0%	1%
All Other	1%	1%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	54%
2 Buses/Trains	32%
3 Buses/Trains	11%
4 or More Buses/Trains	3%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	25 3 Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od ³	Cash	36%
thc	Day Pass	18%
Me	7-Day Pass	5%
Payment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	32%
ΕŽ	School or College Pass	6%
Ра	All Other Methods	3%
n ⁴	On the Bus	46%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	4%
ဝင္ပ	Online	6%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	17%
nen	Store	15%
Payment Location ⁴	Employer/Metro Advantage	2%
	All Other Locations	10%
Туре	Full Fare	84%
₽	Reduced Fare ⁵	16%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	47%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	7%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	3%
Less Than Once a Month	4%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	2%
	16 to 18	11%
4	19 to 24	16%
Age	25 to 34	18%
	35 to 49	26%
	50 to 64	20%
	65 or Older	6%
er	Male	41%
Gender	Female	57%
Ğ	Other	2%
	Asian	5%
ξ	Black/African-American	55%
ij	Caucasian/White	23%
盂	Hispanic/Latino	9%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	1%
å	Two or More	5%
	Other ⁶	3%

Demographics, Continued:

				Percentage
		Less Than S	\$15,000	49%
0		\$15,000 to \$	34,999	35%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$	49,999	7%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$	74,999	6%
_		\$75,000 to \$	99,999	3%
		\$100,000 o	r More	0%
-		1		29%
کا ش		2		25%
Household Size		3		17%
ᅙ		4		13%
		5 or Mo	ore	16%
e ⁸		Englis	h	98%
ng.		Spanis	sh	9%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Othe	r	1%
us.		Very W	ell	99%
ngli rof		Less Than V	ery Well	1%
<u> </u>		Not At	All	0%
		Full-Tir	ne	42%
en o		Part-Ti	me	36%
nploymei Status ¹⁰		Homema	aker	4%
plo		Stude	nt	12%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Retire		8%
		Net: Unem	ployed	25%
Auto		Yes		23%
Acces	s ¹¹	No		77%
Drive		Yes		34%
License ¹²		No		66%
		/	des Medien He	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14215 14207 14214 14216 14225

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
178	48%



Route Profile: 34 N. Falls Blvd.

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	0%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	0%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	54%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	38%	
Evening (after 6pm)	8%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	38%	49%
Work	47%	29%
Social	3%	2%
Shopping/Rec.	6%	15%
Medical	6%	4%
School/College	0%	2%
All Other	0%	0%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	91%	98%
Ride With Someone	2%	2%
Drive With Others	0%	0%
Drive Alone	0%	0%
Bicycle	2%	0%
Taxi or Ridehailing	6%	0%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	0%	0%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	34%
2 Buses/Trains	45%
3 Buses/Trains	20%
4 or More Buses/Trains	1%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	Metro Rail

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	27%
ţ	Day Pass	20%
Me	7-Day Pass	7%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	37%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	0%
Ъа	All Other Methods	8%
n4	On the Bus	39%
ţi	Ticket Vending Machine	17%
Payment Location ⁴	Online	4%
Ť	Phone App (Any)	28%
nen	Store	11%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	0%
	All Other Locations	2%
Туре	Full Fare	83%
≥	Reduced Fare ⁵	17%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	37%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	2%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	7%
Less Than Once a Month	0%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	0%
	16 to 18	6%
4	19 to 24	19%
Age	25 to 34	26%
	35 to 49	24%
	50 to 64	18%
	65 or Older	6%
er	Male	43%
Gender	Female	56%
Ğ	Other	2%
	Asian	5%
ξ	Black/African-American	57%
ij	Caucasian/White	25%
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	8%
/eɔ	Native American	2%
Ra	Two or More	3%
	Other ⁶	0%

Demographics, Continued:

zomograpinos, commacar			
		Percentage	
	Less Than \$15,000	42%	
Income Level ⁷	\$15,000 to \$34,999	30%	
	\$35,000 to \$49,999	16%	
ncom Level	\$50,000 to \$74,999	6%	
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	2%	
	\$100,000 or More	4%	
	1	22%	
9	2	35%	
useh Size	3	21%	
Household Size	4	14%	
	5 or More	8%	
e ⁸	English	100%	
ng.	Spanish	8%	
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸	Other	0%	
۳e.	Very Well	100%	
ig 5	Less Than Very Well	0%	
늅굔	Not At All	0%	
	Full-Time	50%	
Employment Status ¹⁰	Part-Time	25%	
ym, us,	Homemaker	3%	
plo	Student	16%	
E o	Retired	9%	
	Net: Unemployed	19%	
Auto		22%	
Acces	s ¹¹ No	78%	
Drive		43%	
Licens	e ¹² No	57%	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14214 14215 14228 14207 14226

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
71	62%



Route Profile: 35 Sheridan

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6nm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
y	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
•	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome 'el ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination umerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enteringdical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific icities.

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

d)		
Ğ	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
/eɔ	Native American	*
Ρa	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

38 61%



Route Profile: 40 Grand Island

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	1%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	12%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	42%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	19%	
Evening (after 6pm)	26%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	35%	37%
Work	33%	29%
Social	5%	12%
Shopping/Rec.	15%	13%
Medical	7%	2%
School/College	3%	6%
All Other	2%	2%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, jobrelated business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	81%	81%
Ride With Someone	7%	9%
Drive With Others	2%	2%
Drive Alone	0%	0%
Bicycle	2%	4%
Taxi or Ridehailing	7%	2%
Shuttle	0%	0%
All Other	2%	2%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehalling, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	54%
2 Buses/Trains	28%
3 Buses/Trains	17%
4 or More Buses/Trains	1%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	55

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	43%
ţ	Day Pass	17%
Me	7-Day Pass	6%
ent	Monthly/30-Day Pass	22%
Payment Method ³	School or College Pass	4%
Ра	All Other Methods	9%
4⊓	On the Bus	49%
ţ	Ticket Vending Machine	9%
oca	Online	11%
Payment Location ⁴	Phone App (Any)	20%
Jen	Store	4%
ayır	Employer/Metro Advantage	0%
۵	All Other Locations	7%
Туре	Full Fare	88%
Σ	Reduced Fare ⁵	12%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rall ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	39%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	11%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	9%
Less Than Once a Month	7%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	0%
	16 to 18	0%
4	19 to 24	20%
Age	25 to 34	32%
	35 to 49	20%
	50 to 64	20%
	65 or Older	8%
er	Male	60%
Gender	Female	38%
Ğ	Other	2%
	Asian	3%
<u>:</u>	Black/African-American	41%
ij	Caucasian/White	34%
돮	Hispanic/Latino	14%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	2%
Βa	Two or More	3%
	Other ⁶	3%

Demographics, Continued:

zomograpinos, commissor				
				Percentage
		Less Than \$1	5,000	50%
		\$15,000 to \$3	4,999	29%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$4	9,999	10%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$7	4,999	7%
_		\$75,000 to \$9	9,999	2%
		\$100,000 or I	More	2%
-		1		43%
Household Size		2		31%
seh Size		3		5%
ᅙ		4		10%
		5 or More	Э	10%
at e ⁸		English		92%
ng. Om		Spanish		11%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other		3%
s e.		Very Wel		92%
ngli rof		Less Than Ver	y Well	5%
<u> </u>		Not At Al		3%
_		Full-Time		47%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	е	20%
nploymei Status ¹⁰		Homemak	er	5%
plo		Student		20%
E o		Retired		10%
		Net: Unempl	oyed	29%
Auto		Yes		19%
Acces	SSTT	No		81%
Drive		Yes		37%
License ¹²		No		63%
On Ohlan mann (atheristics in aludes Native Hermites on Desific				

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes
Recorded on This Route

14305 14213 14303 14207 14072 14202

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
69	66%



Route Profile: 42 Lackawanna

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
yment Method ³	Cash	*
	Day Pass	*
	7-Day Pass	*
	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
me 'el'	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
ncom Level	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, collegidining/recreation/enter medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Re

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

Φ		
Ö	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
댪	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

Recorded on This Route



Route Profile: 44 Lockport

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Evening (after 6pm)

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period Early (before 6am) AM Peak (6am-9am) Midday (9am-3pm) PM Peak (3pm-6pm)

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
yment Method³	Day Pass	*
	7-Day Pass	*
	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
	School or College Pass	*

Demographics, Continued:

		Percentage
Income Level ⁷	Less Than \$15,000	*
	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*

Origins and E

Home	
Work	
Social	
hopping/Rec.	
Medical	
chool/College	
All Other	

1: Origins and destinat dining/recreation/ente medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, p

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

waiian or Pacific icities

s than \$5,000, \$5,000 o \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ted from the more

auestion on the how well do vou speak on was only required

from the more o that employment ent because some e status: for example, a part-time worker

tion on the survey.

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

40		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ξį	Black/African-American	*
n Si	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route: Number of Responses

Return Rate



Route Profile: 46 Lancaster

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6pm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

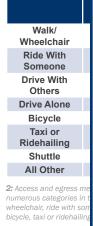
		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, college dining/recreation/entermedical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: n your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Re

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

4		
Ge	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ē	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate
26 49%

Recorded on This Route



Route Profile: 47 Youngs Road

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6nm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ę	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
Income Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Le C	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, collegidining/recreation/enter medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other
2: Access and egress me
numerous categories in
wheelchair, ride with sor

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

<u></u>		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ë	Black/African-American	*
ij	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
/eɔ	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 48 Williamsville

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
og3	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
yment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ε	School or College Pass	*

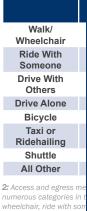
		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
40	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
el ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		ala

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enter medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

Φ		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ξŧ	Black/African-American	*
ni:	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

34 36%

Recorded on This Route



Route Profile: 49 Millard Suburban

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

PM Peak (3pm-6pm) Evening (after 6pm)

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period Early (before 6am) * AM Peak (6am-9am) * Midday (9am-3pm) *

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
yment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ϋ́	School or College Pass	*

Demographics, Continued:

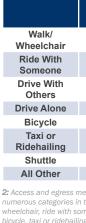
			Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*	
	ø.	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
	ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Income Level ⁷	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*	
	_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
		\$100,000 or More	*

Origins and D

Home	
Work	
Social	
hopping/Rec.	
Medical	
chool/College	
All Other	

1: Origins and destination unmerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enterimedical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

lated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of R

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

Φ		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
댪	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route
*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 50 Main/Niagara

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
ment Method ³	Cash	*
	Day Pass	*
	7-Day Pass	*
	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enter medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other
2: Access and egress me numerous categories in wheelchair, ride with som

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

Φ		
Ö	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
댪	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Recorded on This Route

Number of Responses Return Rate
39 63%



Route Profile: 52 Hyde Park

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trip	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
ment Method ³	Cash	*
	Day Pass	*
	7-Day Pass	*
	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
me 'el'	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination umerous categories in trelated business, college dining/recreation/entert medical/dental appointmedical/dental appointmedical/dental/dental/dental/dental/dental/dental/dental/dental/dental/dent

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

lated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required er language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

uestion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

Φ		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ξŧ	Black/African-American	*
ni:	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
	Native American	*
	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Recorded on This Route

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 55 Pine Avenue

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6nm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
ment Method ³	Cash	*
	Day Pass	*
	7-Day Pass	*
	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ε	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
•	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
_		ala.

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, colleging dining/recreation/enter medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific nicities.

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required er language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
ë	Black/African-American	*
ņ	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route
*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 60 Niagara Falls

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6pm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
od3	Cash	*
Method ³	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
z E	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
40	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
Income Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		ala

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enter medical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other
2: Access and egress me
numerous categories in
wheelchair, ride with sor

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required aer language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

uestion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

Φ		
Ö	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
ie Si	Caucasian/White	*
댪	Hispanic/Latino	*
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

12 86%



Route Profile: 61 Tonawanda

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period	
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
nent Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ε	School or College Pass	*

			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	*
me el ⁷	d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
	ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
	Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*	
		\$100,000 or More	*
			*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination umerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enteringdical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

	Ge	Other	*
Ī	Race/Ethnicity	Asian	*
		Black/African-American	*
		Caucasian/White	*
		Hispanic/Latino	*
		Native American	*
		Two or More	*
		Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route
*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 64 Lockport

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trip	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

	Usage Percentage
Cash	*
Day Pass	*
7-Day Pass	*
Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
School or College Pass	*
	Day Pass 7-Day Pass Monthly/30-Day Pass

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
me 'el'	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination unmerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enterimedical/dental appoint rerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

d)		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ē	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

Recorded on This Route



Route Profile: 66 Williamsville

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Evening (after 6pm)

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period Early (before 6am) * AM Peak (6am-9am) * Midday (9am-3pm) * PM Peak (3pm-6pm) *

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ĕ	School or College Pass	*

Demographics, Continued:

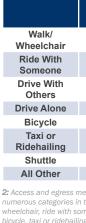
			Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*	
	ø.	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
	Income Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
ncc	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*	
	_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
		\$100,000 or More	*

Origins and D

	ı
Home	
Work	
Social	
hopping/Rec.	
Medical	
chool/College	
All Other	

1: Origins and destination unmerous categories in trelated business, college dining/recreation/entert medical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required er language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of R

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
ë	Black/African-American	*
ņ	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 67 Cleveland Hill

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6nm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination umerous categories in related business, colleged ining/recreation/enteringdical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other
2: Access and egress m
umerous categories in
wheelchair, ride with sor

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required er language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Re

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

4		
Ge	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ē	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Recorded on This Route

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: 69 Alden

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	*	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*	
Midday (9am-3pm)	*	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*	
Evening (after 6pm)	*	

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

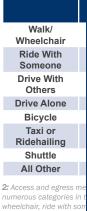
		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
40	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
el ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		ala

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination unmerous categories in related business, college dining/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/recreation/entering/rec

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to o \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Re

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

Φ		
ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ξŧ	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
돮	Hispanic/Latino	*
ce/	Native American	*
Ra	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate

17 94%



Route Profile: 70 East Aurora

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trips	by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
nent Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
Ε	School or College Pass	*

		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
a	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ome	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
Incom	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, colleg dining/recreation/entermedical/dental appoint errands, gym/fitness, prother.

Route Access

Walk/
Wheelchair
Ride With
Someone
Drive With
Others
Drive Alone
Bicycle
Taxi or
Ridehailing
Shuttle
All Other
2: Access and egress me
numerous categories in wheelchair, ride with som

This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

uestion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

d)		
Ğ	Other	*
	Asian	*
₹	Black/African-American	*
ië.	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
	Native American	*
	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route

*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate
2 100%



Route Profile: 74 Boston

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Fare Payment:

Demographics, Continued:

Distribution of Weekday Trip	s by Time Period
Early (before 6am)	*
AM Peak (6am-9am)	*
Midday (9am-3pm)	*
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	*
Evening (after 6pm)	*

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
Me	7-Day Pass	*
ment Method³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
E .	School or College Pass	*

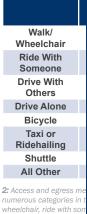
		Percentage
	Less Than \$15,000	*
d)	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
ncome Level ⁷	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
_	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*
		*

Origins and D

Home
Work
Social
Shopping/Rec.
Medical
School/College
All Other

1: Origins and destination numerous categories in related business, college dining/recreation/entermedical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

Hawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

ated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: in your household to

uestion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Ro

bicycle, taxi or ridehailii

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	

Φ		
Ö	Other	*
	Asian	*
Ξ̈́	Black/African-American	*
Race/Ethnicity	Caucasian/White	*
	Hispanic/Latino	*
	Native American	*
	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Recorded on This Route

Number of Responses Return Rate
9 90%

4 or More Buses/Trains

Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From



Route Profile: 76 Lotus Bay

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership: **Fare Payment: Demographics, Continued:** Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period Usage Percentage Percentage Less Than \$15,000 Early (before 6am) Cash nent Method³ \$15,000 to \$34,999 AM Peak (6am-9am) **Day Pass** \$35,000 to \$49,999 Midday (9am-3pm) 7-Day Pass \$50,000 to \$74,999 PM Peak (3pm-6pm) Monthly/30-Day Pass \$75,000 to \$99,999 School or College Pass \$100,000 or More Evening (after 6pm) Origins and E Home Work Social Shopping/Rec. Medical School/College This route had fewer All Other numerous categories in than 50 responses, dining/recreation/ente medical/dental appoin errands, gym/fitness, p other. so statistics are not **Route Access** waiian or Pacific cities s than \$5,000, \$5,000 shown due to the o \$24,999, \$25,000 to Walk/ \$74,999, \$75,000 to Wheelchair Ride With ted from the more Someone high margin of error. Drive With auestion on the how well do vou speak Others on was only required **Drive Alone** r language at home. **Bicycle** rom the more Taxi or o that employment Ridehailing ent because some e status: for example, a Shuttle part-time worker. All Other tion on the survey 2: Access and egress m wheelchair, ride with so estion on the survey: bicycle, taxi or ridehaili This Route: Number of Ro Transfer Percentage 9 Recorded on This Route Other 1 Bus/Train Asian 2 Buses/Trains Race/Ethnicity Black/African-American 3 Buses/Trains Caucasian/White **Survey Responses for This Route:**

Appendix 2: Route Profiles

Number of Responses

Return Rate

Hispanic/Latino

Native American

Two or More Other⁶



Route Profile: 81 East Side

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Evening (after 6pm)

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period Early (before 6am) * AM Peak (6am-9am) * Midday (9am-3pm) * PM Peak (3pm-6pm) *

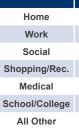
Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
90	Cash	*
ţ	Day Pass	*
yment Method ³	7-Day Pass	*
	Monthly/30-Day Pass	*
	School or College Pass	*

Demographics, Continued:

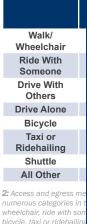
		Percentage
Income Level ⁷	Less Than \$15,000	*
	\$15,000 to \$34,999	*
	\$35,000 to \$49,999	*
	\$50,000 to \$74,999	*
	\$75,000 to \$99,999	*
	\$100,000 or More	*

Origins and D



1: Origins and destination unmerous categories in related business, college dining/recreation/enterimedical/dental appointmerrands, gym/fitness, peother.

Route Access



This route had fewer than 50 responses, so statistics are not shown due to the high margin of error.

lawaiian or Pacific

more numerous ss than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to p \$74,999, \$75,000 to

lated from the more

g question on the , how well do you speak tion was only required per language at home.

from the more so that employment cent because some ne status: for example, a a part-time worker.

tion on the survey: n your household to

estion on the survey:

This Route:

Number of Re

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	*
2 Buses/Trains	*
3 Buses/Trains	*
4 or More Buses/Trains	*
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	*

ő	Other	*
	Asian	*
ë	Black/African-American	*
ņ	Caucasian/White	*
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic/Latino	*
	Native American	*
	Two or More	*
	Other ⁶	*

Recorded on This Route
*

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses Return Rate



Route Profile: Metro Rail

*Statistics with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

Distribution of Weekday Trips by Time Period		
Early (before 6am)	1%	
AM Peak (6am-9am)	21%	
Midday (9am-3pm)	55%	
PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	12%	
Evening (after 6pm)	12%	

Origins and Destinations:

	Origin Percentage ¹	Destination Percentage ¹
Home	40%	38%
Work	35%	33%
Social	2%	3%
Shopping/Rec.	9%	12%
Medical	7%	3%
School/College	5%	8%
All Other	4%	3%

1: Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.

Route Access and Egress:

	Access Method Percentage ²	Egress Method Percentage ²
Walk/ Wheelchair	78%	91%
Ride With Someone	8%	3%
Drive With Others	3%	2%
Drive Alone	5%	1%
Bicycle	2%	2%
Taxi or Ridehailing	1%	0%
Shuttle	1%	0%
All Other	3%	1%

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/ wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.

Number of Routes Taken:

	Transfer Percentage
1 Bus/Train	60%
2 Buses/Trains	26%
3 Buses/Trains	12%
4 or More Buses/Trains	2%
Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	12

Fare Payment:

		Usage Percentage
og ₃	Cash	30%
ţ	Day Pass	17%
Me	7-Day Pass	0%
Payment Method ³	Monthly/30-Day Pass	24%
Σ	School or College Pass	8%
_Pa	All Other Methods	21%
_4⊓	On the Bus	0%
Payment Location ⁴	Ticket Vending Machine	43%
ဝင္ပ	Online	8%
Ţ	Phone App (Any)	17%
nen	Store	8%
ayn	Employer/Metro Advantage	6%
	All Other Locations	18%
Туре	Full Fare	86%
₽	Reduced Fare ⁵	14%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/ metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other.

5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	Frequency Percentage
6 to 7 Days Per Week	34%
3 to 5 Days Per Week	37%
1 to 2 Days Per Week	13%
1 to 3 Days Per Month	8%
Less Than Once a Month	4%

Demographics:

		Percentage
	Under 16	2%
	16 to 18	3%
4	19 to 24	12%
Age	25 to 34	26%
	35 to 49	23%
	50 to 64	29%
	65 or Older	5%
er	Male	56%
Gender	Female	43%
Ğ	Other	2%
	Asian	8%
ξ	Black/African-American	42%
ij	Caucasian/White	26%
盂	Hispanic/Latino	13%
Race/Ethnicity	Native American	3%
Ra	Two or More	6%
	Other ⁶	3%

Demographics, Continued:

	9 .	apinoo, continu	
			Percentage
		Less Than \$15,000	45%
•		\$15,000 to \$34,999	30%
el ⁷		\$35,000 to \$49,999	14%
Income Level ⁷		\$50,000 to \$74,999	4%
_		\$75,000 to \$99,999	1%
		\$100,000 or More	6%
-		1	34%
کاور ش		2	33%
Household Size		3	13%
ᅙ		4	13%
		5 or More	8%
e ⁸		English	94%
ng.		Spanish	7%
English Lang. at Prof. ⁹ Home ⁸		Other	3%
۳e.		Very Well	97%
ig t		Less Than Very Well	2%
<u> </u>		Not At All	1%
		Full-Time	44%
Employment Status ¹⁰		Part-Time	20%
nploymei Status ¹⁰		Homemaker	4%
plo		Student	11%
E o		Retired	7%
		Net: Unemployed	30%
Auto		Yes	25%
Acces	s ¹¹	No	75%
Drive		Yes	41%
Licens	se ¹²	No	59%
0.011		And at the state of the state of the state of the	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey.

9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker.

11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?"

12; Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"

Common Zip Codes on This Route:

Most Common Home Zip Codes Recorded on This Route

14214 14208 14215 14202 14204

Survey Responses for This Route:

Number of Responses	Return Rate
156	*

Appendix 3: Thematic Tables

See following page for survey results summarized by topic



Route Comparisons: Weekday Ridership

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Weekday Ridership:

		Distribution of Weekd	ay mpo by mile r onea		
Route	Early (before 6am)	AM Peak (6am-9am)	Midday (9am-3pm)	PM Peak (3pm-6pm)	Evening (after 6pm)
1 William	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	0%	27%	38%	19%	16%
3 Grant	1%	7%	33%	47%	12%
4 Broadway	2%	6%	41%	43%	9%
5 Niagara	2%	5%	48%	31%	15%
6 Sycamore	3%	26%	49%	21%	1%
8 Main	2%	21%	19%	53%	5%
11 Colvin	9%	23%	20%	30%	18%
12 Utica	6%	13%	36%	24%	22%
13 Kensington	6%	20%	57%	10%	7%
14 Abbott	2%	18%	25%	31%	24%
15 Seneca	7%	24%	34%	21%	14%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	1%	13%	42%	31%	13%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	3%	15%	38%	37%	6%
20 Elmwood	4%	31%	32%	15%	17%
22 Porter/Best	0%	9%	56%	28%	7%
3 Fillmore/Hertel	3%	27%	26%	22%	22%
24 Genesee	12%	31%	25%	25%	7%
25 Delaware	4%	44%	30%	12%	10%
26 Delavan	1%	47%	34%	10%	7%
32 Amherst	0%	5%	48%	30%	17%
4 N. Falls Blvd.	0%	0%	54%	38%	8%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*
10 Grand Island	1%	12%	42%	19%	26%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*
7 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*
Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*
60 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*
7 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail	1%	21%	55%	12%	12%



Route Comparisons: Origins

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Origins:

Route 1 William 2 Clinton 3 Grant 4 Broadway 5 Niagara 6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best 23 Fillmore/Hertel	Home * 50% 27% * 38% 57% 42% 45% 38% 52% * 40%	Work * 29% 40% * 31% 24% 36% 34% 33% 20% * 37%	* 2% 6% * 4% 3% 4% 3% 4% 3% 7%	Shopping/Rec. * 4% 8% * 9% 12% 8% 5% 16%	# 8% 8% * 11% 3% 4% 6%	School/College * 6% 6% * 5% 0% 2%	All Other * 2% 7% * 2% 0% 6%
2 Clinton 3 Grant 4 Broadway 5 Niagara 6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	50% 27% * 38% 57% 42% 45% 38% 52% * 40%	29% 40% * 31% 24% 36% 34% 33% 20% *	2% 6% * 4% 3% 4% 3% 3% 7%	* 4% 8% * 9% 12% 8% 5%	8% 8% * 11% 3% 4%	6% 6% * 5% 0%	2% 7% * 2% 0%
3 Grant 4 Broadway 5 Niagara 6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	27% * 38% 57% 42% 45% 38% 52% * 40%	40% * 31% 24% 36% 34% 33% 20% *	6% * 4% 3% 4% 3% 4% 3% 7%	8% * 9% 12% 8% 5%	8% * 11% 3% 4%	6% * 5% 0%	7% * 2% 0%
4 Broadway 5 Niagara 6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	* 38% 57% 42% 45% 38% 52% * 40%	* 31% 24% 36% 34% 33% 20% *	* 4% 3% 4% 3% 3% 7%	* 9% 12% 8% 5%	* 11% 3% 4%	* 5% 0%	* 2% 0%
5 Niagara 6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	38% 57% 42% 45% 38% 52% *	31% 24% 36% 34% 33% 20%	4% 3% 4% 3% 3% 7%	9% 12% 8% 5%	11% 3% 4%	5% 0%	2% 0%
6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	57% 42% 45% 38% 52% * 40%	24% 36% 34% 33% 20%	3% 4% 3% 3% 7%	12% 8% 5%	3% 4%	0%	0%
6 Sycamore 8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	42% 45% 38% 52% * 40%	36% 34% 33% 20%	4% 3% 3% 7%	8% 5%	4%		
8 Main 11 Colvin 12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	45% 38% 52% * 40%	34% 33% 20% *	3% 3% 7%	5%		2%	C0/
12 Utica 13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	38% 52% * 40%	33% 20% *	3% 7%		60/		6%
13 Kensington 14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	52% * 40%	20%	7%	16%	0%	5%	3%
14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	* 40%	*		TO /0	4%	5%	2%
14 Abbott 15 Seneca 16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	40%			4%	7%	9%	2%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	-	27%	*	*	*	*	*
McKinley Mall 18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	36%	3170	3%	11%	4%	3%	3%
18 Jefferson 19 Bailey 20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best		38%	6%	8%	1%	6%	5%
20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
20 Elmwood 22 Porter/Best	43%	33%	3%	10%	4%	3%	3%
	48%	27%	2%	10%	7%	4%	2%
23 Fillmore/Hertel	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	45%	27%	6%	9%	4%	6%	4%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	63%	15%	3%	6%	6%	4%	3%
26 Delavan	62%	24%	2%	0%	3%	5%	3%
32 Amherst	37%	45%	4%	6%	3%	4%	1%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	38%	47%	3%	6%	6%	0%	0%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	35%	33%	5%	15%	7%	3%	2%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail		35%	2%	9%	7%	5%	4%

^{1:} Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.



Route Comparisons: Destinations

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Destinations:

			Destination	n Percentage ¹			<u></u>
Route	Home	Work	Social	Shopping/Rec.	Medical	School/College	All Other
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	24%	45%	10%	6%	4%	6%	6%
3 Grant	49%	31%	6%	1%	3%	6%	6%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	44%	33%	8%	8%	3%	3%	0%
6 Sycamore	23%	31%	10%	21%	4%	6%	6%
8 Main	35%	35%	4%	6%	8%	4%	6%
11 Colvin	36%	38%	7%	7%	5%	2%	5%
12 Utica	41%	27%	4%	17%	1%	7%	3%
13 Kensington	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	39%	34%	9%	6%	8%	3%	0%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	45%	27%	7%	12%	2%	4%	2%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	38%	32%	4%	15%	3%	4%	4%
20 Elmwood	32%	45%	1%	14%	6%	1%	1%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/Hertel	32%	36%	4%	13%	6%	7%	3%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	24%	42%	5%	9%	12%	3%	5%
26 Delavan	30%	38%	0%	12%	12%	4%	4%
32 Amherst	42%	32%	4%	15%	2%	4%	1%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	49%	29%	2%	15%	4%	2%	0%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	37%	29%	12%	13%	2%	6%	2%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{1:} Origins and destinations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: work, job-related business, college/university, school, home, shopping, dining/recreation/entertainment, social visit/church/personal, medical/dental appointments/hospital visit, sporting event, errands, gym/fitness, personal business, library, hotel/motel, and other.



Route Comparisons: Route Access

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Route Access:

Access Method Percentage ²										
Route	Walk/Wheelchair	Ride With Someone	Drive With Others	Drive Alone	Bicycle	Taxi or Ridehailing	Shuttle	All Other		
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
2 Clinton	87%	6%	2%	2%	2%	0%	0%	2%		
3 Grant	84%	9%	2%	0%	0%	4%	1%	0%		
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
5 Niagara	89%	4%	2%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%		
6 Sycamore	84%	7%	2%	2%	0%	7%	0%	0%		
8 Main	85%	9%	0%	2%	4%	0%	0%	0%		
11 Colvin	91%	3%	2%	0%	2%	0%	0%	3%		
12 Utica	88%	7%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%	3%		
13 Kensington	87%	2%	5%	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%		
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
15 Seneca	90%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%		
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	95%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%		
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
19 Bailey	82%	7%	5%	0%	0%	2%	0%	5%		
20 Elmwood	90%	5%	1%	0%	2%	0%	0%	1%		
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
23 Fillmore/ Hertel	90%	2%	1%	0%	1%	4%	0%	1%		
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
25 Delaware	89%	0%	1%	3%	3%	4%	0%	0%		
26 Delavan	95%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%		
32 Amherst	88%	4%	1%	0%	2%	3%	0%	1%		
34 N. Falls Blvd.	91%	2%	0%	0%	2%	6%	0%	0%		
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
40 Grand Island	81%	7%	2%	0%	2%	7%	0%	2%		
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Metro Rail	78%	8%	3%	5%	2%	1%	1%	3%		

2: Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.



Route Comparisons: Route Egress

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Route Egress:

				ess Method Percen	tage ²			
Route	Walk/Wheelchair	Ride With Someone	Drive With Others	Drive Alone	Bicycle	Taxi or Ridehailing	Shuttle	All Other
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	88%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	0%	2%
3 Grant	94%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	95%	0%	2%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%
6 Sycamore	92%	6%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%
8 Main	94%	0%	2%	0%	2%	0%	0%	2%
11 Colvin	93%	3%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%
12 Utica	90%	5%	0%	2%	1%	0%	1%	1%
13 Kensington	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	94%	2%	2%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	96%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	90%	4%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	3%
20 Elmwood	92%	2%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/ Hertel	91%	1%	3%	0%	4%	0%	0%	1%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	86%	6%	3%	1%	3%	1%	0%	0%
26 Delavan	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
32 Amherst	94%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%
4 N. Falls Blvd.	98%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
0 Grand Island	81%	9%	2%	0%	4%	2%	0%	2%
12 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
7 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
18 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
0 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
0 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
6 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
7 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail	91%	3%	2%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%

^{2:} Access and egress methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: walk/wheelchair, ride with someone, drive with others, drive alone, bicycle, taxi or ridehailing, shuttle, train/rail/metro, bus, and other.



Route Comparisons: Number of Routes Taken

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Number of Routes Taken:

Route 1 William	1 Bus/Train	2 Buses/Trains	2 Buses/Trains	4 14 15 (7)	Routes Most Commonly	
			3 Buses/Trains	4 or More Buses/Trains	Routes Most Commonly Transferred To/From	
-	*	*	*	*	*	
2 Clinton	44%	43%	13%	0%	Metro Rail	
3 Grant	60%	35%	4%	2%	12 4 Metro Rail	
4 Broadway	41%	43%	11%	6%	2	
5 Niagara	65%	27%	5%	3%	Metro Rail	
6 Sycamore	53%	35%	10%	3%	19	
8 Main	65%	26%	6%	3%	Metro Rail	
11 Colvin	71%	21%	8%	0%	5	
12 Utica	64%	25%	9%	3%	Metro Rail	
13 Kensington	58%	26%	13%	3%	Metro Rail	
14 Abbott	55%	33%	10%	2%	20	
15 Seneca	64%	31%	3%	1%	Metro Rail	
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	65%	28%	5%	2%	19 Metro Rail	
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	
19 Bailey	46%	35%	16%	3%	12	
20 Elmwood	67%	21%	7%	5%	Metro Rail	
22 Porter/Best	65%	17%	17%	2%	6 Metro Rail	
23 Fillmore/Hertel	56%	34%	8%	3%	Metro Rail	
24 Genesee	56%	39%	2%	3%	5	
25 Delaware	65%	22%	8%	5%	5	
26 Delavan	40%	51%	7%	1%	Metro Rail	
32 Amherst	54%	32%	11%	3%	25 3 Metro Rail	
34 N. Falls Blvd.	34%	45%	20%	1%	Metro Rail	
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	
40 Grand Island	54%	28%	17%	1%	55	
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	



Route Comparisons: Fare Payment Method

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Fare Payment Method:

			Usage Percentage ³	,		
Route	Cash	Day Pass	7-Day Pass	Monthly/30-Day Pass	School or College Pass	All Other Methods
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	48%	16%	0%	30%	4%	2%
3 Grant	43%	13%	5%	25%	10%	4%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	41%	16%	2%	25%	10%	5%
6 Sycamore	29%	22%	4%	38%	2%	5%
8 Main	43%	13%	4%	30%	2%	8%
11 Colvin	39%	14%	2%	34%	5%	7%
12 Utica	34%	22%	2%	32%	6%	4%
13 Kensington	42%	14%	0%	32%	10%	2%
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	39%	18%	1%	37%	3%	1%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	53%	12%	2%	20%	6%	7%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	28%	30%	1%	31%	3%	8%
20 Elmwood	35%	5%	4%	37%	8%	11%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/Hertel	51%	17%	1%	17%	6%	8%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	39%	14%	4%	36%	5%	1%
26 Delavan	42%	15%	4%	30%	6%	4%
32 Amherst	36%	18%	5%	32%	6%	3%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	27%	20%	7%	37%	0%	8%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	43%	17%	6%	22%	4%	9%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail	30%	17%	0%	24%	8%	21%

3: Fare payment methods are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: cash, single-trip ticket, day pass, 7-day pass, monthly pass, 30-day pass, student pass, university pass, round-trip rail ticket, fare-free zone, phone/app (not specific), senior fare, online, paratransit/disability pass, NFTA work pass, moovit app, half-fare pass, token transit app, NFTA app, and other.



Route Comparisons: Fare Payment Location

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Fare Payment Location and Type:

		Usage Perce	ntage by Type ⁵						
Route	On the Bus	Ticket Vending Machine	Online	Percentage by Lo Phone App (Any)	Store	Employer/ Metro Adv.	All Other Locations	Full Fare	Reduced Far
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	63%	4%	4%	13%	10%	4%	2%	*	*
3 Grant	51%	4%	4%	18%	10%	0%	13%	87%	13%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	52%	8%	3%	9%	13%	3%	11%	88%	12%
6 Sycamore	44%	4%	12%	8%	17%	0%	15%	84%	16%
8 Main	51%	10%	8%	8%	8%	0%	16%	81%	19%
11 Colvin	50%	5%	3%	10%	13%	8%	10%	82%	18%
12 Utica	51%	4%	5%	13%	17%	2%	8%	79%	21%
I3 Kensington	57%	6%	2%	4%	9%	6%	15%	*	*
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	50%	6%	8%	8%	16%	2%	11%	89%	11%
6 South Park/ McKinley Mall	51%	3%	11%	16%	9%	2%	7%	81%	19%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	43%	6%	4%	9%	21%	1%	16%	84%	16%
20 Elmwood	39%	10%	6%	17%	12%	4%	12%	83%	17%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/ Hertel	71%	1%	7%	7%	4%	3%	7%	77%	23%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	44%	6%	10%	7%	13%	9%	10%	73%	27%
26 Delavan	52%	6%	6%	10%	15%	8%	4%	87%	13%
32 Amherst	46%	4%	6%	17%	15%	2%	10%	84%	16%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	39%	17%	4%	28%	11%	0%	2%	83%	17%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	49%	9%	11%	20%	4%	0%	7%	88%	12%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/ Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
0 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail	0%	43%	8%	17%	8%	6%	18%	86%	14%

4: Fare payment locations are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: on the bus, ticket vending machine, online, phone app (any), store, employer/metro advantage, social services, NFTA cash office, college pass, high school, and other. 5: Reduced fares refer to senior, disabled, medicare, and other reduced fare types.



Route Comparisons: Frequency of NFTA Use

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Frequency of NFTA Use:

	A. 55		Percentage	44.05	
Route	6 to 7 Days Per Week	3 to 5 Days Per Week	1 to 2 Days Per Week	1 to 3 Days Per Month	Less Than Once a Month
1 William	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	*	*	*	*	*
3 Grant	41%	37%	13%	3%	6%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	38%	37%	4%	8%	5%
6 Sycamore	36%	37%	10%	10%	3%
8 Main	55%	37%	2%	12%	4%
11 Colvin	25%	37%	14%	13%	8%
12 Utica	49%	37%	7%	5%	3%
13 Kensington	*	*	*	*	*
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	41%	37%	4%	7%	3%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	40%	37%	10%	9%	2%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	30%	37%	11%	10%	6%
20 Elmwood	40%	37%	7%	9%	3%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/Hertel	41%	37%	9%	8%	4%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	34%	37%	14%	11%	1%
26 Delavan	38%	37%	0%	6%	6%
32 Amherst	47%	37%	7%	3%	4%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	37%	37%	2%	7%	0%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	39%	37%	11%	9%	7%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*
	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side					
Metro Rail	34%	37%	13%	8%	4%



Route Demographics: Age and Gender

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Demographics, Age and Gender:

			1	ercentage by A	T T			1	rcentage by Ger	1
Route	Under 16	16 to 18	19 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 49	50 to 64	65 or Older	Male	Female	Other
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	0%	5%	7%	20%	27%	31%	9%	63%	37%	0%
3 Grant	2%	6%	14%	23%	34%	16%	5%	42%	57%	1%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	3%	9%	14%	18%	27%	22%	6%	47%	53%	0%
6 Sycamore	0%	8%	6%	17%	27%	31%	11%	42%	57%	2%
8 Main	0%	2%	14%	18%	22%	30%	14%	54%	46%	0%
11 Colvin	0%	9%	3%	22%	25%	31%	9%	58%	41%	2%
12 Utica	4%	7%	11%	20%	20%	26%	11%	51%	49%	0%
13 Kensington	5%	7%	11%	14%	23%	30%	9%	50%	50%	0%
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	3%	5%	9%	16%	26%	31%	10%	51%	46%	3%
16 SP/MM	1%	7%	12%	20%	28%	21%	10%	58%	42%	0%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	2%	7%	7%	23%	26%	27%	8%	61%	39%	0%
20 Elmwood	2%	4%	8%	17%	27%	36%	5%	55%	45%	0%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/ Hertel	1%	11%	4%	17%	35%	24%	8%	58%	43%	0%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
24 Genesee 25 Delaware	1%	3%	3%	19%	29%	32%	14%	59%	41%	0%
26 Delavan		3% 7%	19%							0%
32 Amherst	2%			19%	29%	19%	5%	50%	50%	
32 Amnerst	2%	11%	16%	18%	26%	20%	6%	41%	57%	2%
l. Falls Blvd.	0%	6%	19%	26%	24%	18%	6%	43%	56%	2%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	0%	0%	20%	32%	20%	20%	8%	60%	38%	2%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
l6 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 ′oungs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
50	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Ave. 60	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Niagara Falls 61										
Tonawanda 64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
66	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Williamsville 7 Cleveland	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 E. Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
6 Lotus Bay			*		*	*			*	
1 East Side	*	*		*			*	*		*
Metro Rail	2%	3%	12%	26%	23%	29%	5%	56%	43%	2%



Route Demographics: Race/Ethnicity

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Demographics, Race/Ethnicity:

Percentage by Race/Ethnicity								
Route	Asian	Black/African- American	Caucasian/White	Hispanic/Latino	Native American	Two or More	Other ⁶	
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2 Clinton	0%	39%	48%	9%	2%	2%	0%	
3 Grant	2%	30%	33%	23%	4%	6%	1%	
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
5 Niagara	1%	41%	23%	23%	1%	9%	2%	
6 Sycamore	5%	42%	29%	18%	3%	3%	0%	
8 Main	0%	64%	19%	8%	2%	4%	4%	
11 Colvin	0%	29%	50%	15%	0%	5%	2%	
12 Utica	2%	65%	20%	7%	2%	4%	1%	
13 Kensington	4%	79%	11%	4%	0%	0%	2%	
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
15 Seneca	0%	27%	58%	11%	0%	3%	1%	
16 South Park/	40/	400/	F00/	400/	F0/	20/	20/	
McKinley Mall	1%	12%	58%	19%	5%	3%	2%	
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
19 Bailey	1%	63%	16%	14%	0%	5%	1%	
20 Elmwood	0%	43%	43%	9%	3%	0%	1%	
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
23 Fillmore/Hertel	0%	47%	35%	13%	0%	5%	0%	
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
25 Delaware	0%	30%	59%	6%	1%	3%	1%	
26 Delavan	2%	72%	18%	4%	0%	4%	2%	
32 Amherst	5%	55%	23%	9%	1%	5%	3%	
34 N. Falls Blvd.	5%	57%	25%	8%	2%	3%	0%	
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
40 Grand Island	3%	41%	34%	14%	2%	3%	3%	
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
81 East Side								
Metro Rail	8%	42%	26%	13%	3%	6%	3%	

6: Other races/ethnicities includes Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and other self-reported races/ethnicities.



Route Demographics: Income Level

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Demographics, Income Level:

			rcentage by Income Lev			
Route	Less Than \$15,000	\$15,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or More
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	46%	35%	8%	8%	4%	0%
3 Grant	51%	37%	8%	4%	0%	0%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	56%	29%	9%	3%	4%	0%
6 Sycamore	48%	34%	8%	2%	7%	2%
8 Main	42%	38%	6%	10%	0%	4%
11 Colvin	41%	36%	11%	8%	0%	5%
12 Utica	57%	31%	8%	0%	2%	2%
13 Kensington	*	*	*	*	*	*
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	42%	33%	12%	10%	3%	0%
16 South Park/ McKinley Mall	49%	30%	14%	3%	2%	1%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	43%	43%	5%	6%	2%	0%
20 Elmwood	34%	39%	19%	6%	1%	1%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/Hertel	43%	37%	8%	7%	0%	5%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	45%	31%	8%	14%	1%	1%
26 Delavan	53%	33%	8%	2%	2%	2%
32 Amherst	49%	35%	7%	6%	3%	0%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	42%	30%	16%	6%	2%	4%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	50%	29%	10%	7%	2%	2%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*
9 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Avenue	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 East Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*

7: Income levels are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey, which included: less than \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$9,999, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, and \$100,000 or more.



Route Demographics: Household and Language

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Demographics — Household Size, Language Spoken at Home, and English Proficiency:

		Percenta	age by Housel	nold Size		Percentag	e by Languag	e at Home ⁸	Percentag	e by English P	roficiency ⁹
Route	1	2	3	4	5 or More	English	Spanish	Other	Very Well	Less Than Very Well	Not At All
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	19%	30%	28%	9%	13%	100%	4%	0%	100%	0%	0%
3 Grant	32%	22%	22%	11%	13%	88%	17%	5%	92%	7%	1%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	33%	30%	15%	12%	11%	91%	23%	2%	93%	3%	4%
6 Sycamore	22%	34%	12%	20%	12%	85%	15%	6%	90%	5%	5%
8 Main	*	*	*	*	*	96%	12%	2%	96%	2%	2%
11 Colvin	42%	34%	14%	3%	8%	97%	14%	0%	94%	6%	0%
12 Utica	28%	26%	16%	11%	18%	96%	8%	2%	95%	3%	2%
13 Kensington	20%	25%	20%	24%	11%	100%	9%	0%	97%	3%	0%
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	27%	28%	19%	12%	15%	96%	8%	0%	99%	1%	0%
16 SP/MM	41%	21%	15%	8%	14%	97%	12%	1%	96%	3%	1%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	32%	22%	21%	13%	13%	97%	16%	1%	96%	1%	3%
20 Elmwood	49%	27%	11%	8%	5%	96%	8%	2%	98%	1%	1%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/ Hertel	24%	26%	10%	18%	22%	98%	10%	0%	99%	1%	0%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	48%	23%	21%	7%	1%	99%	5%	0%	97%	3%	0%
26 Delavan	38%	21%	18%	11%	13%	98%	2%	2%	100%	0%	0%
32 Amherst	29%	25%	17%	13%	16%	98%	9%	1%	99%	1%	0%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	22%	35%	21%	14%	8%	100%	8%	0%	100%	0%	0%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	43%	31%	5%	10%	10%	92%	11%	3%	92%	5%	3%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/ Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Ave.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
61 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
66 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 E. Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail	34%	33%	13%	13%	8%	94%	7%	3%	97%	2%	1%

8: Languages spoken at home are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. 9: English proficiency refers to the following question on the survey: "If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?" Note that a response to this question was only required from those who indicated they spoke another language at home.



Route Demographics: Employment and Access

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Demographics — Employment Status, Automobile Access, and Driver's License:

		Pe	rcentage by Em	ployment Statu	IS ^{TU}		Percentage by	Auto Access ¹¹	Percentage by	Driver's Lic
Route	Full-Time	Part-Time	Homemaker	Student	Retired	Net: Unemployed	Yes	No	Yes	No
1 William	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 Clinton	49%	22%	2%	8%	12%	25%	30%	70%	51%	49%
3 Grant	48%	23%	2%	14%	5%	25%	18%	82%	34%	66%
4 Broadway	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5 Niagara	40%	24%	8%	11%	12%	30%	23%	77%	32%	68%
6 Sycamore	35%	18%	18%	2%	12%	48%	19%	81%	34%	66%
8 Main	48%	19%	6%	4%	10%	33%	14%	86%	42%	58%
11 Colvin	57%	18%	1%	12%	10%	19%	25%	75%	40%	60%
12 Utica	35%	25%	6%	10%	14%	37%	24%	76%	26%	74%
3 Kensington	49%	11%	0%	18%	16%	35%	22%	78%	32%	68%
14 Abbott	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15 Seneca	56%	19%	4%	7%	3%	21%	23%	77%	29%	71%
16 SP/MM	53%	17%	5%	10%	8%	26%	15%	85%	26%	74%
18 Jefferson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
19 Bailey	42%	27%	4%	11%	6%	27%	29%	71%	44%	56%
20 Elmwood	55%	30%	2%	10%	7%	16%	18%	82%	43%	57%
22 Porter/Best	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23 Fillmore/ Hertel	49%	18%	4%	12%	16%	29%	22%	78%	36%	64%
24 Genesee	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25 Delaware	51%	10%	3%	7%	10%	32%	24%	76%	44%	56%
26 Delavan	58%	19%	0%	12%	9%	14%	23%	77%	47%	53%
32 Amherst	42%	36%	4%	12%	8%	25%	23%	77%	34%	66%
	42/0	30%	470	1270	0 /0	2576	23/0	1 1 70	3470	00%
34 N. Falls Blvd.	50%	25%	3%	16%	9%	19%	22%	78%	43%	57%
35 Sheridan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
40 Grand Island	47%	20%	5%	20%	10%	29%	19%	81%	37%	63%
42 Lackawanna	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
44 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
46 Lancaster	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
47 Youngs Road	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
48 Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
49 Millard Suburban	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
50 Main/ Niagara	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
52 Hyde Park	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
55 Pine Ave.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
60 Niagara Falls	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
31 Tonawanda	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
64 Lockport	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
66										
Williamsville	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
69 Alden	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
70 E. Aurora	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
74 Boston	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
76 Lotus Bay	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
81 East Side	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metro Rail	44%	20%	4%	11%	7%	30%	25%	75%	41%	59%

10: Employment statuses are consolidated from the more numerous categories in the survey. Note also that employment statuses may add up to more than 100 percent because some survey respondents may have more than one status: for example, a high school or college student may also be a part-time worker. 11: Auto access refers to the following question on the survey: "Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?" 12: Driver's license refers to the following question on the survey: "Do you have a valid driver's license?"



Route Demographics: Common Zip Codes

*Statistics for routes with fewer than 50 responses are not shown due to the high margin of error. Some categories may also add up to slightly more or less than 100 percent due to rounding.

Common Zip Codes on Each Route:

	Codes Recorded on Each Route
Route	Home Zip Codes
1 William	*
2 Clinton	14206 14215 14210 14227 14224
3 Grant	14213 14207 14201 14215 14227 14228
4 Broadway	*
5 Niagara	14207 14213 14216 14201 14217
6 Sycamore	14211 14204 14214 14220 14212
8 Main	14214 14209 14202 14213 14208 14211
11 Colvin	14216 14209 14223 14217 14213
12 Utica	14215 14211 14213 14208 14209
13 Kensington	14215 14208 14211 14213 14209 14214
14 Abbott	*
15 Seneca	14210 14220 14211 14204 14224
16 South Park/	14220 14218 14210 14219 14075
McKinley Mall	*
18 Jefferson	
19 Bailey	14215 14211 14206 14208 14214 14222 14217 14207 14213 14216
20 Elmwood	14222 14217 14207 14213 14216
22 Porter/Best	
23 Fillmore/Hertel	14211 14207 14210 14216 14214 14215
24 Genesee	14211 14225 14201 14206 14213
25 Delaware	14120 14217 14150 14216 14215
26 Delavan	14215 14213 14211 14222 14208
32 Amherst	14215 14207 14214 14216 14225
34 N. Falls Blvd.	14214 14215 14228 14207 14226
35 Sheridan	*
40 Grand Island	14305 14213 14303 14207 14072 14202
42 Lackawanna	*
44 Lockport	*
46 Lancaster	*
47 Youngs Road	*
48 Williamsville	*
49 Millard Suburban	*
50 Main/Niagara	*
52 Hyde Park	*
55 Pine Avenue	*
60 Niagara Falls	*
61 Tonawanda	*
64 Lockport	*
66 Williamsville	*
67 Cleveland Hill	*
69 Alden	*
70 East Aurora	*
74 Boston	*
76 Lotus Bay	*
81 East Side	*

Appendix 4: Survey Instrument



Welcome aboard! Please take a few moments to complete this important survey about the trip you are CURRENTLY taking. Your input will be used to improve public transit services in the Greater Buffalo-Niagara area. All information will be kept strictly confidential. Information you provide here WILL NOT be shared or sold.

If you have any questions, please call GBNRTC at 844-467-3703.

For language assistance, please call 844-467-3703.

As a token of our appreciation for completing this survey, YOU MAY BE SELECTED TO RECEIVE ONE OF FIVE MONTHLY PASS **VOUCHERS**. You must provide your name and contact information and complete all survey questions to be eligible for the drawing.

If you would prefer to complete this survey online visit gowba.info/NFTA2021.



You will need the ID number at the bottom of this survey to complete online.

Para completar esta encuesta en español en línea, por favor visite gowba.info/NFTA2021. Usted necesitará el número de serie que aparece en esta encuesta para llenar la encuesta en línea.

1. Register to win one of five monthly pass vouchers when you answer all guestions! Please print your name, home address, and telephone number so we can mail the monthly pass voucher to you if you are selected.

Full Name:		
Address (No PO Boxes Please):		
Apt.: City:		State:
Zip:	Telephone:	

GETTING TO PUBLIC TRANSIT

Bus Stop: Street Name:	2.	Where are you COMING FROM (starting place of this one-way trip)? (Check one.)	5.			or bus stop where VAY trip? <i>(Please l</i>		
Waster Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street: Nearest Cross Street:				Bus Stop:	Street N	ame:		
Ook School (K-12) (student only) Use Home Ook Shopping Of Dining/Recreation/Entertainment Ook Shopping Of Dining/Recreation/Entertainment Ook Social visit/Church/Personal Ook Object					&			
Grain Station					Nearest	Cross Street:		
Gest Shopping Gest Shoppin				Train Stati	ion: Station I	Name:		
0º7 Dining/Recreation/Entertainment 0º8 Social visit/Church/Personal 0º8 Social								
098 Social visit/Church/Personal 098 Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit 108 porting event			6.	Where did	you get ON	THIS BUS WHERE	YOU RECEIVED	THIS S
09Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit 105porting event 10				(Please b	e as specific	as possible.)		
"Intersection: City:				Bus Stop:	Street N	ame:		
"Sporting event "Sporting event "Sporting event "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "Same bus stop or train station as question 5 "To put all put as the put as question 5 "To put all put as question 5 To put all put as ques		☐ ⁰⁹ Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit						
3. What is the name of the STARTING PLACE and the NEAREST INTERSECTION or ADDRESS of where you are COMING FROM? (Please be as specific as possible.) Name of place/business/building		. •			Nearest	Closs Street		
7. How many buses or trains will you take in order to get to your FINAL DESTINATION? Name of place/business/building		☐ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):		Train Stati	ion: Station I	Name:		
Name of place/business/building	3.	or ADDRESS of where you are COMING FROM? (Please be as specific as	_		•			
Address: City: ZIP: OR Intersection: Cross Street 1: City: ZIP: OID One (1) OID Two (2) Including this bus or train, LIST the RAIL LINE or ALL of the BUS RC EXACT ORDER you will use them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. No include the bus you are currently on. Note: the bus here you received this survey could be the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. A. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) OID Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: OID OID ONE (1) OID TWO (2) OID AF FOUR OR EXACT ORDER you will use them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. No include the bus you are currently on. Note: the bus here you received this survey could be the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of train, LIST the RAIL LINE or ALL of the BUS RCEXACT ORDER you will use them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. No include the bus you are currently on. Note: the bus here you received this survey could be the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of train, LIST the RAIL LINE or ALL of the BUS RCEXACT ORDER you will use them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. No include the bus you are currently on. Note: the bus here you received this survey could be the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. EXAMPLE It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. EXAMPLE It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus of the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today.		Name of place/business/building	7.			ins will you take in	order to get to you	ır FINAL
Address: City: ZIP: OR Intersection: Cross Street 1: & Cross Street 2: City: ZIP: OID 1st Bus Conte/Rail Coute/Rail Coute/Ra		Name of place/business/building				□103 - 1 (a)		
City:		Address:			. ,	` '	,	
Intersection: Cross Street 1: Cross Street 2: City: Of Home address, same as beginning of survey 4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Of Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: Of Your ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Of Walked/Wheelchair only - # of miles: Of your ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Of Walked/Wheelchair only - # of miles: Of Your ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Of Walked/Wheelchair only - # of miles: Of Your ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) It is Bus to them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. Note: the bus here you received this survey could be the SECOND Control of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus to the first of Bus to the first of your ONE-WAY trip today. It is Bus to the first of SECOND Control of Your ONE-WAY TRIP? (If applicable) (□ 02 1\	wo (2)	□ ⁰⁴ Four or n	nore (4+)	
Intersection: Cross Street 1: & Cross Street 2: City:		·	8.	EXACT O	RDER you wi	Il use them to make	INE or ALL of the e THIS ONE-WAY	BUS RC
Cross Street 1: & Cross Street 2: City: Do 1 Home address, same as beginning of survey 4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Do 2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: Do 3 Drove with others - # of miles: Do 3 Drove alone - # of miles: Do 4 Drove alone - # of miles: Do 5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) Of your ONE-WAY trip today. Ist Bus route/Rail route/R		OR			•	•		
Cross Street 1: & Cross Street 2: City: Do 1 Home address, same as beginning of survey 4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Do 2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: Do 3 Drove with others - # of miles: Do 4 Drove alone - # of miles: Do 5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) Ist Bus route/Rail							ey could be the SE	COND C
Cross Street 2: City: Difference and your STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Difference and your starting place to the First Bus or Train on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Difference and your starting place to the First Bus or Train on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Difference and your starting place to the First Bus or Train on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Difference and your starting place to the First Bus or Train on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) Difference and your starting place to the First Bus or Train on THIS Bus route/Rail r		Cross Street 1:		or your Or	NE-WAY trip t	oday.		
City:		&			1st Bus	2 nd Bus	3 rd Bus	4 th
4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) O1 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: O3 Drove with others - # of miles: O4 Drove alone - # of miles: O5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If		Closs Street 2.		_	route/Rail	route/Rail	route/Rail	route
4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) O1 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: O3 Drove with others - # of miles: O4 Drove alone - # of miles: O5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If		Citv: ZIP:		ting Ice				
4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) O1 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: O3 Drove with others - # of miles: O4 Drove alone - # of miles: O5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If				F P Z		→ -	→	•
4. How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) O1 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: O3 Drove with others - # of miles: O4 Drove alone - # of miles: O5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If applicable) (If applicable)	L	Trome address, same as beginning or survey				(If applicable)	(If applicable)	(If app
on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.) O1 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: O3 Drove with others - # of miles: O4 Drove alone - # of miles: O5 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) EXAMPLE EXAMPLE O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: O4 Drove alone - # of miles: (If applicable) (If applicable) (If applicable)	4	How did you CET EDOM YOUR STARTING BLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN	. =			(п аррпоавіо)	(ii applicable)	(11 upp
□ 01 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: □ 02 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: □ 03 Drove with others - # of miles: □ 04 Drove alone - # of miles: □ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: □ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: □ 06 Bicycle - # of miles: □ 07 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks: □ 08 Bus route/Rail route/Rai	4.		, <u> </u>	=>/4457/=				
□ 02 Got a ride with someone - # of miles:		·		EXAMPLE				
□ 02 Got a ride with someone - # of miles: □ 03 Drove with others - # of miles: □ 04 Drove alone - # of miles: □ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: □ 105 Bicycle - # of miles: □ 1					1st Rue	2 nd Bus	3 rd Bus	4 th
□ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If applicable) (If applicable)		Got a ride with someone - # of miles:						route
□ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If applicable) (If applicable)		□ ⁰³ Drove with others - # of miles:		ting	11.00	Metro		
□ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: (If applicable) (If applicable) (If applicable)				Star Pla	48	→ raíl ÷	• 24 -)
□ 06 Taxi or ann-hased transportation service such as I lber - # of miles:						(If applicable)	(If applicable)	(If app
		□ 06 Taxi or app-based transportation service such as I lber - # of miles:						

□ 07 Shuttle (specify): □95 Other (specify):_

RIDING PUBLIC TRANSIT

5.		in station or bus stop where you BOARDED your FIRST BUS OR S ONE-WAY trip? <i>(Please be as specific as possible.)</i>
	Bus Stop:	Street Name: & Nearest Cross Street:
	Train Station:	Station Name:
6.		get ON THIS BUS WHERE YOU RECEIVED THIS SURVEY? specific as possible.)
	Bus Stop:	Street Name: & Nearest Cross Street:
		Station Name:s stop or train station as question 5

□⁰¹ One (1) □ 03 Three (3) □⁰² Two (2) \square^{04} Four or more (4+)

8. Including this bus or train, LIST the RAIL LINE or ALL of the BUS ROUTES in the **EXACT ORDER** you will use them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. Make sure to include the bus you are currently on.

Note: the bus here you received this survey could be the SECOND OR THIRD part of your ONE-WAY trip today.

Starting Place	1 st Bus route/Rail	→	2 nd Bus route/Rail	→	3 rd Bus route/Rail	→	4 th Bus route/Rail	→	Final Destination
			(If applicable)		(If applicable)		(If applicable)		

EXAMPLE					
	1 st Bus route/Rail	2 nd Bus route/Rail	3 rd Bus route/Rail	4 th Bus route/Rail	Des
Starting Place	48	→ Metro	24	>	Final estination
		(If applicable)	(If applicable)	(If applicable)	

GETTING OFF PUBLIC TRANSIT		L DESTINATION on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP?	TELL US ABOUT YOURSELF			
9. Where will you get OFF THIS BUS , that is, the bus you are CURRENTLY ON or	(Check one.) One work	□ 07 Dining/Recreation/Entertainment	18. Do you have a valid driver's licer	nse? \square^{01} Yes \square^{02} No		
WHERE YOU RECEIVED THIS SURVEY? (Please be as specific as possible.)	□ 02 Job-related business	□ ⁰⁸ Social visit/Church/Personal				
Bus Stop: Street Name:	□ Oob-related business □ Oob-related business □ University (student	Social visit/Church/Personal Medical/Dental appointments/	19. What is your gender?			
&	only)	Hospital visit	□ ⁰¹ Male □ ⁰² Female	\square^{99} Prefer not to say		
Nearest Cross Street:	□ 04 School (K-12) (student only)	□¹0 Sporting event				
Train Station: Station Name:	□ ⁰⁵ Home	□ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):	20. What is your age?	-		
	□ ⁰⁶ Shopping	 		25 to 34		
10. What is the BUS STOP OR TRAIN STATION where you will GET OFF your FINAL				85 to 49		
BUS OR TRAIN? (Please be as specific as possible.)	14. How did you pay for this trip? (Choos	se one.)	\Box^{03} 19 to 24 \Box^{06} 5	50 to 64		
Bus Stop: Street Name:	□ ⁰¹ Cash	□ ⁰⁶ 30-Day Pass				
& Nearest Cross Street:	☐ 02 Single Trip Ticket	□ ⁰⁷ Student Pass	21. Are you? (Choose all that ap			
Notification of our officer.	☐ ⁰³ Day Pass	□ ⁰⁸ University Pass	□ ⁰¹ Full-time worker	□ 05 High school student		
Train Station: Station Name:	☐ ⁰⁴ 7-Day Pass	□ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):	□ ⁰² Part-time worker	□ ⁰⁶ Retired		
\square^{01} Same bus stop or train station as question 9.	☐ ⁰⁵ Monthly Pass		□ 03 Homemaker	□ 07 Unemployed/looking for a job		
			□ ⁰⁴ University/college stude	Int \Box^{08} Unemployed/not looking for a job		
 When you GET OFF YOUR FINAL BUS OR TRAIN, how will you get to your FINAL DESTINATION? (Check one.) 	15. Was your fare? (Choose one.)		00 What's warm as a father's 'to 0 (01	and a state of the		
·	□ ⁰¹ Full fare		22. What is your race/ethnicity? <i>(Ch</i>	ith origins in the Far East, Southeast Asia, and		
□ ⁰¹ Walk/Wheelchair only - # of blocks:			Indian subcontinent)	ith origins in the Far East, Southeast Asia, and		
□ 02 Will ride with someone - # of miles:	16. Where did you purchase your fare?		□ 02 Black/African-American			
□ 03 Drive with others - # of miles:	□ On the bus	□ ⁰⁶ Employer/Metro Advantage		des those with origins in the Middle East and		
□ 04 Drive alone - # of miles:	□ 02 Ticket vending machine	□ ⁰⁷ Social services	North Africa) ☐ 04 Hispanic/Latino			
□ 05 Bicycle - # of miles:	□ ⁰³ Online purchase	□ ⁰⁸ NFTA cash office	□ O2 Native American/Alaska	Native		
□ 106 Taxi or app-based transportation service such as Uber - # of miles:	☐ ⁰⁴ Smart phone app (Token Transit, Moovit, Transit App)	□ ⁰⁹ University Pass	☐ ⁰³ Native Hawaiian or Paci	ific Islander		
□ 07 Shuttle (specify):		□¹0High school	Other (specify):			
□ 95 Other (specify):			23. Including yourself, how many pe	cople live in your household?		
- Control March	17. Flow offert do you flue ful TA-Metro:	□04 o		\Box^{03} 3 \Box^{04} 4 \Box^{05} 5 or more		
12. What is the name of the PLACE and the NEAREST INTERSECTION or ADDRESS	□ 01 Less than once a month	□ ⁰⁴ 3 to 5 days per week				
of your FINAL DESTINATION? (Not your final bus stop or station.) (Please be as specific as possible.)	\square^{02} 1 to 3 days per month \square^{03} 1 to 2 days per week	□ 05 6 to 7 days per week		s available in your household to make THIS		
New of also there is a fleetile of	, ,		one-way trip? ☐ ⁰¹ Yes ☐ ⁰² No			
Name of place/business/building			Ties Tino			
Address:				your home? (Choose all that apply.)		
City: ZIP:			□ ⁰¹ English	□ ⁰⁷ Nepali		
City: ZIP:			□ 02 Spanish	□ ⁰⁸ Swahili		
OR			□ 03 French	□ ⁰⁹ Bengali/Bengla		
Intersection:			□ ⁰⁴ Arabic	□ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):		
Cross Street 1:			□ 05 Karen			
&			□ ⁰⁶ Burmese			
Cross Street 2:						
City: ZIP:						
□ 101 Home address, same as beginning of survey						

→ Please continue to question 13

Ī	26. If you don't speak English at home, how well do you speak English?
	□ ⁰¹ Not at all □ ⁰² Less than very well □ ⁰³ Very well
	27. What was your total household income in 2020 before taxes?
	\square^{01} Less than \$5,000 \square^{06} \$35,000 to \$49,999
	□ 2 \$5,000 to \$9,999 □ 07 \$50,000 to \$74,999
	□ ⁰³ \$10,000 to \$14,999 □ ⁰⁸ \$75,000 to \$99,999
	□ 04 \$15,000 to \$24,999 □ 09 \$100,000 or more
	□ 05 \$25,000 to \$34,999
	_ 425,666 10 45 1,666
	28. Which of these two options is more important to you? (Choose one.)
	☐ More bus stops – There are frequent bus stops, meaning buses stop
	a lot and travel time is longer.
	□ O2 Faster bus trips – There are fewer bus stops, meaning buses stop
	less often and travel time is shorter.
	29. Which of these two options is more important to you? (Choose one.)
	☐ Coverage – Buses run on more streets over a larger area. You may
	have a shorter trip to a bus stop, but buses run less frequently.
	\square^{02} Frequency – Buses are focused on certain streets. You may have to
	travel farther to a stop, but buses run more frequently.
	Thank you for your time today!
	Please return your completed survey to the surveyor onboard the
	bus. If you cannot complete your survey onboard the bus, please
	complete and return the survey by mail, no postage is necessary.
	You can also complete the survey online by visiting:
	gowba.info/NFTA2021
	If you have additional customer comments or questions about the
	GBNRTC and its services, please visit gbnrtc.org.

→ Please continue to question 18

→ Please continue to question 26



¡Bienvenido a bordo! Tómese unos minutos para completar esta importante encuesta sobre el viaje que está realizando ACTUALMENTE. Su opinión se utilizará para mejorar los servicios de transporte público en el área de Gran Búfalo-Niágara. Toda la información se mantendrá estrictamente confidencial. La información que proporcione aquí NO será compartida ni vendida.

Para asistencia con el idioma, por favor llame al 844-467-3703. Como muestra de nuestro agradecimiento por completar esta encuesta, PUEDE SER SELECCIONADO(A) PARA RECIBIR UNO **DE LOS CINCO CUPONES DE PASES MENSUALES**. Debe proporcionar su nombre e información de contacto y completar todas las preguntas de la encuesta para ser elegible para el sorteo

> Si prefiere completar esta encuesta en línea, visite gowba.info/NFTA2021.



 Regístrese para ganar uno de los cinco cupones de pases mensuales cuando responda todas las preguntas. Escriba su nombre, domicilio y número de teléfono en letra de imprenta para que podamos enviarle por correo el comprobante del pase mensual si es seleccionado. Nombre Completo: Dirección de Domicilio (No apartados de correos, por favor): 				
-		.,	, <u> </u>	
Apto.:	Ciudad:		_ Estado:	
Código Postal:		_ Teléfono:		
	responda todas en letra de impre pase mensual si Nombre Comple Dirección de Doi	responda todas las preguntas. Escri en letra de imprenta para que podar pase mensual si es seleccionado. Nombre Completo: Dirección de Domicilio (No apartado Apto.: Ciudad:	responda todas las preguntas. Escriba su nombre, domic en letra de imprenta para que podamos enviarle por corr pase mensual si es seleccionado. Nombre Completo:	

LLEGANDO AL TRANSPORTE PÚBLICO

						<u> </u>	<u> </u>
 ¿De dónde vienes (lugar de partida de este viaje de ida)? (Marque uno.) □ 01 Trabajo □ 02 Negocios relacionados con el trabajo □ 03 Colegio/Universidad (solo estudiantes) 		5.	AUTOBÚ posible.	IS O TREN	n de tren o la parada o l para ESTE VIAJE de : Nombre de la Calle:_	e IDA? (Por favo l	r, sea lo más esp
	□ Colegio/Universidad (solo estudiantes) □ 4 Escuelas (K-12) (solo estudiantes)		i didda d	ic autobus.	&		
	□ Dos Hogar				Calle transversal más	s cercana:	
	□ ⁰⁶ Compras		Estación	de tren:	Nombre de la Estació	on:	
	□ 07 Cena/Recreación/Entretenimiento						
	□ ⁰⁸ Citas Médicas/Dentales/Visita al Hospital	6.	¿Dónde	SE SUBIÓ	A ESTE AUTOBÚS E	N EL QUE RECI	BIÓ ESTA ENCU
	□ 09 Visita social/Iglesia/Personal		Parada d	le autobús:	: Nombre de la Calle:_		
	□¹0 Evento deportivo				& Calle transversal más	c corcana:	
	□ ⁹⁵ Otros (especifique):				Calle transversarmas	cercana	
3.	¿Cuál es el nombre del LUGAR DE PARTIDA y la INTERSECCIÓN o DIRECCIÓN MÁS CERCANA de dónde vienes? (Por favor, sea lo más específico posible.)				ombre de la Estación: parada de autobús o e		e la pregunta 4
	Nombre del lugar/Negocio/Edificio	_					
	Dirección:	7.	-	s autobuse Jno (1)	es o trenes va a tomar	para llegar a su l	DESTINO FINAL?
	Ciudad: Código Postal:		□ 02 [Oos (2)	□ 04 Cuatro o	más (4+)	
	0						
	-	8.	Incluyend	do este aut	tobús o tren, LISTE TO	DAS las RUTAS	DE AUTOBÚS o
	Intersección: Calle transversal 1:				DEN EXACTO en que e de incluir el autobús		
	&			•	onde ha recibido esta e	•	
	Calle transversal 2:		TERCER	RA parte de	e su viaje de ida de ho	y.	
	Ciudad: Código Postal:			1er. Núme	ro 2do. Número	3er. Número	4° Número
	□ Domicilio, el mismo que al principio de la encuesta		o o	de autobú tren	s/ de autobús/ tren	de autobús/ tren	de autobús/ tren
			ar d	иен			
4.	¿Cómo llegaste de TU LUGAR DE PARTIDA al PRIMER AUTOBÚS O TREN en		Lugar de Inicio	•	→ →	-	→
	ESTE VIAJE DE IDA? (Marque uno.)		-	-	(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)
	□ ⁰¹ Caminado/Silla de ruedas solamente - # de bloques:	_					
	lacksquare Consiguió un viaje con alguien - # de millas:	E	XAMPLE				
	□ ⁰³ Conducir con otros - # de millas:			1er. Núme	zro 2do. Número	3er. Número	4° Número
	□ ⁰⁴ Condujo solo/a - # de millas:			de autobú tren		de autobús/ tren	de autobús/ tren
	□ 05 Bicicleta - # de millas:		Lugar de Inicio		Metro		
	□ ⁰⁶ Servicio de transporte de taxi o basado en aplicaciones, como Uber - # de millas:] j = -	48	→ raíl → (Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)
	□ ⁰⁷ Transporte (especifique):					,	
	□ 95 Otro (especifique):						

UTILIZANDO EL TRANSPORTE PÚBLICO

5.		de tren o la parada de autobús en la que Abordó su PRIMER para ESTE VIAJE de IDA? (Por favor, sea lo más específico
	8	lombre de la Calle:
	Estación de tren: N	lombre de la Estación:
6.		ESTE AUTOBÚS EN EL QUE RECIBIÓ ESTA ENCUESTA?
	8	Iombre de la Calle:
		nbre de la Estación:ada de autobús o estación de tren de la pregunta 4

Incluyendo este autobús o tren, LISTE TODAS las RUTAS DE AUTOBÚS o LÍNEAS DE TREN en el **ORDEN EXACTO** en que las utilizará para hacer ESTE VIAJE DE UNA IDA Asegúrese de incluir el autobús en el que se encuentra actualmente Nota: el autobús donde ha recibido esta encuesta podría ser la SEGUNDA O TERCERA parte de su viaje de ida de hoy.

Lugar de Inicio ♣	1er. Número de autobús/ tren	2do. Número de autobús/ tren	3er. Número de autobús/ tren	4° Número de autobús/ tren	Destino Final
		(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)	

XAMPLE					
-ugar de Inicio	1er. Número de autobús/ tren	2do. Número de autobús/ tren Metro	3er. Número de autobús/ tren	4° Número de autobús/ tren	Destino Final
_		(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)	(Si es el caso)	

BAJANDOSE DEL TRANSPORTE PUBLICO	13. ¿Que TIPO DE LUGAR es su DESTINO FINAL en ESTE VIAJE DE IDA?	HÅBLENOS DE USTED	26. Si no habla inglés en casa, ¿qué tan bien habla inglés?
9. ¿Dónde se BAJARÁ DE ESTE AUTOBÚS , es decir, el autobús en el que se	(Marque uno.)	18. ¿Tiene una licencia de conducir válida? □ 01 Sí □ 02 No	\square^{01} Para nada \square^{02} Menos o menos bien \square^{03} Muy bien
encuentra ACTUALMENTE o DONDE RECIBIÓ ESTA ENCUESTA?	□ ⁰¹ Trabajo	18. ¿Tiene una licencia de conducir válida? \Box^{01} Sí \Box^{02} No	27. ¿Cuál fue el ingreso total de su hogar en 2020 antes de impuestos?
(Por favor, sea lo más específico posible.)	□02 Negocios relacionados con el trabajo		\square^{01} Menos de \$5,000 \square^{06} \$35,000 a \$49,999
Parada de Autobús: Nombre de la Calle:	□ ⁰³ Colegio / Universidad (sólo estudiantes)	19. ¿Cuál es su sexo?	□ Menos de \$5,000 □ \$35,000 a \$49,999 □ \$5,000 a \$74,999
& Calle transversal más cercana:	□ 04 Escuelas (K-12) (estudiante solamente)	\square^{01} Masculino \square^{02} Femenino \square^{03} Otro \square^{99} Prefiero no decirlo	
Calle transversal mas cercana:	□ ⁰⁵ Hogar		□ ⁰³ \$10,000 a \$14,999 □ ⁰⁸ \$75,000 a \$99,999
Estación de tren: Nombre de la Estación:	☐ 06 De Compras	20. ¿Cuál es su edad?	□ ⁰⁴ \$15,000 a \$24,999 □ ⁰⁹ \$100,000 o más
	□ 07 Cena/Recreación/Entretenimiento	\square^{01} Menor de 16 años \square^{04} De 25 a 34 años \square^{07} 65+ años de edad	□ ⁰⁵ \$25,000 a \$34,999
10. Cuál es la parada de autobús o la estación de tren en la que se BAJARÁ DE su	□ 08 Citas Médicas/Dentales/Visita al Hospital	\square^{02} De 16 a 18 años \square^{05} De 35 a 49 años	
ÚLTIMO AUTOBÚS O TREN? (Por favor, sea lo más específico posible.)	☐ 09 Visita social/Iglesia/Personal	\Box^{03} De 19 a 24 años \Box^{06} De 50 a 64 años	28. ¿Cuál de estas dos opciones es más importante para ti? (Elige uno.)
Parada de autobús: Nombre de la Calle:	□¹0Evento deportivo		☐ Más paradas de autobús — hay paradas de autobús frecuentes, lo
& Calle transversal más cercana:	□ ⁹⁵ Otro (especifique):	21. ¿Es usted? (Elija todos los que correspondan.)	que significa que los autobuses paran mucho y el tiempo de viaje es más largo.
Calle transversal mas cercana:		\square^{01} Trabajador a tiempo completo \square^{05} Estudiante de escuela superior	□ ⁰² Viajes en autobús más rápidos – hay menos paradas de autobús, lo
Estación de tren: Nombre de la Estación:	14. ¿Cómo pagaste por este viaje? (Elija una.)	□ 02 Trabajador a tiempo parcial □ 06 Jubilado	que significa que los autobuses paran con menos frecuencia y el
\square^{01} En la misma parada de autobús o estación de tren de la pregunta 9.	□ Dinero en efectivo □ Pase de 30 días	□ ⁰³ Ama de casa □ ⁰⁷ Desempleado/buscando trabajo	tiempo del viaje es más corto.
	□02 Viaje individual □07 Pase de estudiante	□ 04 Estudiante de □ 08 Desempleado/no buscando	
 Cuando se baje del último autobús o tren, ¿cómo llegará a su DESTINO FINAL? (Marque una.) 	□ 03 Pase de un día □ 08 Pase universitario	universidad/colegio trabajo	29. ¿Cuál de estas dos opciones es más importante para ti? (Elija una.)
	□ ⁰⁴ Pase de 7 días □ ⁹⁵ Otros (especifique):		□ 101 Cobertura – Los autobuses corren por más calles en una zona más
□ ⁰¹ Sólo para Caminar/Silla de ruedas - # de bloques:		- 22. ¿Cuál es su raza/origen étnico? (Elija todas las que correspondan.)	amplia. El trayecto hasta la parada de autobús puede ser más corto,
□ 02 Conduciría con alguien - # de millas:	− 15. ¿Su tarifa era…? <i>(Elija una.)</i>	Quantification de la los que tienen orígenes en el Lejano Oriente, el	pero los autobuses corren con menos frecuencia. □ 02 Frecuencia – Los autobuses se concentran en determinadas calles.
□ 03 Conduje con otros - # de millas:	_ □ □ Tarifa completa	Sudeste Asiático y el subcontinente indio)	Puede que tenga que viajar más lejos hasta una parada, pero los
□ ⁰⁴ Condujo solo/a - # de millas:	□ 02 Personas de edad avanzada/Discapacitado/Medicare	□ 02 Negro/Afroamericano □ 03 Caucásico/Blanco (incluye a los que tienen orígenes en Oriente Medio	autobuses corren con más frecuencia.
□ 05 Bicicleta - # de millas:		y el Norte de África)	
	□ 10. ¿Bonde compro su tama viaje: □ 101 En el autobús	□ 04 Hispano/Latino	
□ ⁰⁶ Servicio de transporte de taxi o basado en aplicaciones, como Uber - # de millas:	□ ⁰² Máquina expendedora de boletos	□05 Nativo Americano/Nativo de Alaska	
		• Nativo de Hawái o de las Islas del Pacífico	
□ ⁰⁷ Transporte (especifique):	_ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	☐ 95 Otros (especifique):	¡Gracias por su tiempo hoy!
□ ⁹⁵ Otro (especifique):	Transit App)		Por favor, devuelva su encuesta completada al encuestador a
12. ¿Cuál es el nombre del LUGAR y la INTERSECCIÓN o DIRECCIÓN MÁS	□ ⁰⁵ En una tienda	23. Incluyéndose a sí mismo, ¿cuántas personas viven en su hogar?	bordo del autobús. Si no puede completar su encuesta a
CERCANA de su DESTINO FINAL? (No su parada o estación de autobús final.)	□ 06 Ventaja del empleador/Metro	\square^{01} 1 \square^{02} 2 \square^{03} 3 \square^{04} 4 \square^{05} 5 o más	bordo del autobús, por favor complete y devuelva la encuesta por correo, no es necesario un sello postal. También puede
(Por favor, sea lo más específico posible.)	□ 07 Servicios sociales		completar la encuesta en línea visitando:
Nombre del lugar/Negocio/Edificio	☐ 08 Oficina de la NFTA	24. ¿Había algún vehículo en funcionamiento en su hogar para hacer ESTE viaje de una ida??	gowba.info/NFTA2021
Nombre dei lugar/Negocio/Edilicio	□ ⁰⁹ Pase Universitario		Si tiene más comentarios o preguntas sobre GBNRTC y
Dirección:	□¹0Escuela superior		sus servicios, visite gbnrtc.org.
		25. ¿Qué idioma(s) se habla en su casa? (Elija todas las que correspondan.)	
Ciudad:Código Postal:	17. ¿Con qué frecuencia viaja en NFTA-Metro?	$oxdot^{01}$ Inglés $oxdot^{07}$ Nepalí	
0	U¹¹ Menos de una vez al mes	□ ⁰² Español □ ⁰⁸ Suajili	
	□02 De 1 a 3 días al mes	□ ⁰³ Francés □ ⁰⁹ Bengalí/Bengla	
Intersección:	□ 03 De 1 a 2 días por semana	□ ⁰⁴ Árabe □ ⁹⁵ Otros (especifique):	
Calle transversal 1:	□ 04 De 3 a 5 días por semana	□ ⁰⁵ Karen	
& Calle transversal 2:	□ ⁰⁵ De 6 a 7 días por semana	□ 06 Birmano	
Ciudad:Código Postal:			
□ Domicilio, el mismo que al principio de la encuesta			

→ Continúe con la pregunta 13 → Continúe con la pregunta 18 → Continúe con la pregunta 26



Welcome aboard! Please take a few moments to complete this important survey about the trip you are CURRENTLY taking. Your input will be used to improve public transit services in the Greater Buffalo-Niagara area. All information will be kept strictly confidential. Information you provide here WILL NOT be shared or sold.

If you have any questions, please call GBNRTC at 844-467-3703.

For language assistance, please call 844-467-3703.

As a token of our appreciation for completing this survey, **YOU MAY BE SELECTED TO RECEIVE ONE OF FIVE MONTHLY PASS VOUCHERS.** You must provide your name and contact information and complete all survey questions to be eligible for the drawing.

If you would prefer to complete this survey online visit **gowba.info/NFTA2021**.



You will need the ID number at the bottom of this survey to complete online.

Para completar esta encuesta en español en línea, por favor visite **gowba.info/NFTA2021**. Usted necesitará el número de serie que aparece en esta encuesta para llenar la encuesta en línea.

Register to win one of five monthly pass vouchers when you answer all questions!
 Please print your name, home address, and telephone number so we can mail the
 monthly pass voucher to you if you are selected.

Full Name:	
Address (No PO Boxes Please):	
Apt.: City:	State:
Zip: Te	elephone:

GETTI	NG	то	PUB	LIC	TR	ANSI

Where are you COMING FROM (starting place of this one-way trip)? (Check one.) O1 Work O2 Job-related business O3 College/University (student only) O4 School (K-12) (student only) O5 Home O6 Shopping O7 Dining/Recreation/Entertainment O8 Social visit/Church/Personal O9Medical/Dental appointments/Hospital visit O10Sporting event O10Sporting event O10Sporting event
What is the name of the STARTING PLACE and the NEAREST INTERSECTION or ADDRESS of where you are COMING FROM? (<i>Please be as specific as possible.</i>)
Name of place/business/building
Address:
City: ZIP:
OR
Intersection: Cross Street 1: & Cross Street 2:
City: ZIP:
□ 1 Home address, same as beginning of survey
How did you GET FROM YOUR STARTING PLACE to the FIRST BUS OR TRAIN on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP? (Check one.)
□ 01 Walked/Wheelchair only - # of blocks:
☐ O2 Got a ride with someone - # of miles:
□ ⁰³ Drove with others - # of miles:
□ ⁰³ Drove with others - # of miles:
□ Of Drove alone - # of miles:
□ ⁰⁴ Drove alone - # of miles:
□ 04 Drove alone - # of miles: □ 05 Bicycle - # of miles: □ 06 Taxi or app-based transportation service such as Uber - # of miles: □ 06 Taxi or app-based transportation service such as Uber - # of miles:

RIDING PUBLIC TRANSIT

5.		in station or bus stop where you BOARDED your FIRST BUS OR S ONE-WAY trip? (<i>Please be as specific as possible.</i>)
	Bus Stop:	Street Name: & Nearest Cross Street:
	Train Station:	Station Name:
6.		get ON THIS TRAIN WHERE YOU RECEIVED THIS SURVEY? specific as possible.)
	Train Station:	Station Name:
	O1 Same tra	in station as question 5

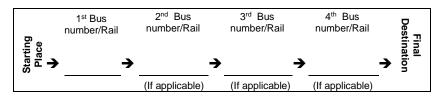
DECTINATION:		
□ ⁰¹ One (1)	\square^{03} Three (3)	
□02 — · · ·	□04 -	

7. How many buses or trains will you take in order to get you to your FINAL

	— Tillee (3)
□ ⁰² Two (2)	\square^{04} Four or more (4+)

 Including this bus or train, LIST the RAIL LINE or ALL of the BUS ROUTES in the EXACT ORDER you will use them to make THIS ONE-WAY TRIP. Make sure to include the train you are currently on.

Note: the train where you received this survey could be the SECOND OR THIRD part of your ONE-WAY trip today.



E	XAMPLE					
		1 st Bus route/Rail	2 nd Bus route/Rail	3 rd Bus route/Rail	4 th Bus route/Rail	Fi Desti
	Starting Place	48	Metro raíl →	. 24)	inal tination
			(If applicable)	(If applicable)	(If applicable)	

→ Flip over

	GETTING OFF PUBLIC TRANSIT
	Where will you get OFF THIS TRAIN , that is, the train you are CURRENTLY ON or WHERE YOU RECEIVED THIS SURVEY? <i>(Please be as specific as possible.)</i>
	Train Station: Station Name:
).	What is the BUS STOP OR TRAIN STATION where you will GET OFF your FINAL BUS OR TRAIN? (<i>Please be as specific as possible.</i>)
	Bus Stop: Street Name:
	Nearest Cross Street:
	Train Station: Station Name:
	\square^{01} Same train station as question 9.
	When you GET OFF YOUR FINAL BUS OR TRAIN , how will you get to your FINAL DESTINATION? <i>(Check one.)</i>
	□ ⁰¹ Walk/Wheelchair only - # of blocks:
	□ 02 Will ride with someone - # of miles:
	□ 03 Drive with others - # of miles:
	□ 04 Drive alone - # of miles:
	□ 05 Bicycle - # of miles:
	□ ⁰⁶ Taxi or app-based transportation service such as Uber - # of miles:
	□ ⁰⁷ Shuttle (specify):
	□ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):
2.	What is the name of the PLACE and the NEAREST INTERSECTION or ADDRESS of your FINAL DESTINATION? (Not your final bus stop or station.) (Please be as specific as possible.)
	Name of place/business/building
	Address:
	City: ZIP:
	OR
Γ	Intersection:
	Cross Street 1:
	Cross Street 2:
	City: ZIP:
	□ 101 Home address, same as beginning of survey

13. What TYPE OF PLACE is your FINAL DESTINATION on THIS ONE-WAY TRIP?		TELL US ABOUT YOURSELF		
(Check one.)		18. Do you have a valid driver's license? □ ⁰¹ Yes □ ⁰² No		
□ ⁰¹ Work	□ 07 Dining/Recreation/Entertainment			
□ 02 Job-related business	□ 08 Social visit/Church/Personal	19. What is your gender?		
College/University (student only)	 O9 Medical/Dental appointments/ Hospital visit 	□ Male □ D02 Female □ D03 Other □ D99 Prefer not to say		
□ 04 School (K-12) (student only)	☐ ¹⁰ Sporting event	20. What is your age?		
□ ⁰⁵ Home	□ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):	\square^{01} Under 16 \square^{04} 25 to 34 \square^{07} 65+ years of age		
□ ⁰⁶ Shopping		\square^{02} 16 to 18 \square^{05} 35 to 49		
		\square^{03} 19 to 24 \square^{06} 50 to 64		
14. How did you pay? <i>(Choose one.)</i>	_			
□ ⁰¹ Cash	□ ⁰⁷ Student Pass	21. Are you? (Choose all that apply.)		
□ 02 Single Trip Ticket	□ ⁰⁸ University Pass	□ Full-time worker □ High school student		
☐ ⁰³ Day Pass	☐ ⁰⁹ Round-Trip Rail Ticket	□ Part-time worker □ □ Retired		
□ ⁰⁴ 7-Day Pass	☐ ¹⁰ Fare-free zone	□ 1 All Culting Worker □ 1 Retired □ 1 Re		
☐ ⁰⁵ Monthly Pass	☐95Other (specify):	□ 10 University/college student □ 08 Unemployed/not looking for a job		
☐ ⁰⁶ 30-Day Pass		Onliversity/college student		
45 Was your fors 2 (Chases one)		22. What is your race/ethnicity? (Choose all that apply.)		
15. Was your fare? <i>(Choose one.)</i> □ 01 Full fare		□ O1 Asian (includes those with origins in the Far East, Southeast Asia, and Indian subcontinent)		
□ 02 Senior/Disabled/Medicare		□ 02 Black/African-American		
40 M/s are d'alconomistre en constitue 0		\square^{03} Caucasian/White (includes those with origins in the Middle East and		
16. Where did you purchase your fare?	D106	North Africa)		
□ ⁰² Ticket vending machine	□ 06 Employer/Metro Advantage	□ ⁰⁴ Hispanic/Latino □ ⁰⁵ Native American/Alaska Native		
□ ⁰³ Online purchase	□ ⁰⁷ Social services			
☐ ⁰⁴ Smart phone app (Token Transit, Moovit, Transit App)	□ ⁰⁸ NFTA cash office	□ 06 Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander		
	□ ⁰⁹ University Pass	□ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):		
□ ⁰⁵ Store outlet	□¹0High school	OO laabatta waxaa K baar aa aa aa baar ta'aa aa aa baaba		
		23. Including yourself, how many people live in your household? 1 1 0 2 0 0 3 3 0 4 4 0 0 5 5 or more		
17. How often do you ride NFTA-Metro?		\square^{01} 1 \square^{02} 2 \square^{03} 3 \square^{04} 4 \square^{05} 5 or more		
□ ⁰¹ Less than once a month	□ 04 3 to 5 days per week			
\square^{02} 1 to 3 days per month \square^{03} 1 to 2 days per week	\square^{05} 6 to 7 days per week	24. Were there any working vehicles available in your household to make THIS one-way trip?		
, ,		□ ⁰¹ Yes □ ⁰² No		
		25. What language(s) are spoken in your home? (Choose all that apply.)		
		□ ⁰¹ English □ ⁰⁷ Nepali		
		□ 02 Spanish □ 08 Swahili		
		□ 03 French □ 09 Bengali/Bengla		
		□ ⁰⁴ Arabic □ ⁹⁵ Other (specify):		
		□ ⁰⁵ Karen		
		□ ⁰⁶ Burmese		

nome, how well do you speak Engli	sh?
Less than very well □03	Very w
d income in 2020 before taxes?	
□ ⁰⁶ \$35,000 to \$49,999)
□ ⁰⁷ \$50,000 to \$74,999)
□ ⁰⁸ \$75,000 to \$99,999)
\square^{09} \$100,000 or more	
	Less than very well 03 \\ d income in 2020 before taxes? 6 35,000 to \$49,999 \\ 550,000 to \$74,999 \\

Thank you for your time today!

Please return your completed survey to the surveyor onboard the bus. If you cannot complete your survey onboard the bus, please complete and return the survey by mail, no postage is necessary.

You can also complete the survey online by visiting:

gowba.info/NFTA2021

If you have additional customer comments or questions about the GBNRTC and its services, please visit gbnrtc.org.

→ Please continue to question 13 → Please continue to question 18 → Please continue to question 26



¡Bienvenido a bordo! Tómese unos minutos para completar esta importante encuesta sobre el viaje que está realizando ACTUALMENTE. Su opinión se utilizará para mejorar los servicios de transporte público en el área de Gran Búfalo-Niágara. Toda la información se mantendrá estrictamente confidencial. La información que proporcione aquí NO será compartida ni vendida.

Para asistencia con el idioma, por favor llame al 844-467-3703. Como muestra de nuestro agradecimiento por completar esta encuesta, PUEDE SER SELECCIONADO(A) PARA RECIBIR UNO

DE LOS CINCO CUPONES DE PASES MENSUALES. Debe proporcionar su nombre e información de contacto y completar todas las preguntas de la encuesta para ser elegible para el sorteo

> Si prefiere completar esta encuesta en línea, visite gowba.info/NFTA2021.



Regístrese para ganar uno de los cinco cupones de pases mensuales cuando responda todas las preguntas. Escriba su nombre, domicilio y número de teléfonen letra de imprenta para que podamos enviarle por correo el comprobante del pase mensual si es seleccionado.				
Nombre Complet	0:			
Dirección de Don	nicilio (No apartado	s de correos, por fav	or):	
Apto.:	Ciudad:		Estado:	
Código Postal: _		_ Teléfono:		
			-	

	LLEGANDO AL TRANSPORTE PUBLICO
2.	LLEGANDO AL TRANSPORTE PUBLICO ¿ De dónde vienes (lugar de partida de este viaje de ida)? (Marque uno.) 10 1 Trabajo 10 2 Negocios relacionados con el trabajo 10 3 Colegio/Universidad (solo estudiantes) 10 4 Escuelas (K-12) (solo estudiantes) 10 5 Hogar 10 6 Compras 10 7 Cena/Recreación/Entretenimiento 10 8 Citas Médicas/Dentales/Visita al Hospital 10 9 Visita social/Iglesia/Personal
	□ 10 Evento deportivo □ 95 Otros (especifique):
3.	¿Cuál es el nombre del LUGAR DE PARTIDA y la INTERSECCIÓN o DIRECCIÓN MÁS CERCANA de dónde vienes? (Por favor, sea lo más específico possible.)
	Nombre del lugar/Negocio/Edificio
	Dirección:
	Ciudad:Código Postal:
	0
	Intersección: Calle transversal 1:
	Calle transversal 2:
	Ciudad: Código Postal:
	□ Domicilio, el mismo que al principio de la encuesta
4.	¿Cómo llegaste de TU LUGAR DE PARTIDA al PRIMER AUTOBÚS O TREN en ESTE VIAJE DE IDA ? (Marque uno.)
	□ Caminado/Silla de ruedas solamente - # de bloques:
	□ 02 Consiguió un viaje con alguien - # de millas:
	□ ⁰³ Conducir con otros - # de millas:
	□ ⁰⁴ Condujo solo/a - # de millas:
	□ 05 Bicicleta - # de millas:
	□ ⁰⁶ Servicio de transporte de taxi o basado en aplicaciones, como Uber - # de millas:

□ ⁰⁷ Transporte (especifique): □95 Otro (especifique):

UTILIZANDO EL TRANSPORTE PÚBLICO

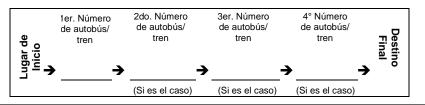
 ¿Cuál es la estación de tren o la parada de autobús en la que Abordó su AUTOBÚS O TREN para ESTE VIAJE de IDA? (Por favor, sea lo más e possible.) 		
	Parada de autobús	: Nombre de la Calle: & Calle transversal más cercana:
	Estación de tren:	Nombre de la Estación:
		DRDÓ ESTE TREN, es decir, el tren en el que se encuentra ESTA ENCUESTA? <i>(Por favor, sea lo más específico</i>
		Nombre de la Estación:estación de tren que en la pregunta

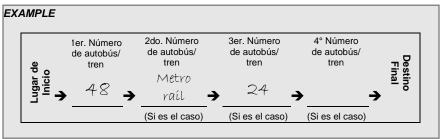
¿Cuántos	autobuses of	o trenes va a	tomar para	llegar a su	DESTINO	FINAL?
□04 · ·		□02 —				

□ ⁰¹ Uno (1)	□ ⁰³ Tres (3)
□02 Dos (2)	□ ⁰⁴ Cuatro o más (4+)

8. Incluyendo este autobús o tren, LISTE TODAS las RUTAS DE AUTOBÚS o LÍNEAS DE TREN en el **ORDEN EXACTO** en que las utilizará para hacer ESTE VIAJE DE UNA IDA Asegúrese de incluir el autobús en el que se encuentra actualmente.

Nota: el tren donde ha recibido esta encuesta podría ser la SEGUNDA O TERCERA parte de su viaje de ida de hoy.





BAJANDOSE DEL TRANSPORTE PUBLICO	13. ¿Qué TIPO DE LUGAR es su DESTINO FINAL en ESTE VIAJE DE IDA?	HÁBLENOS DE USTED	
9. ¿Dónde SE BAJARÁ de ESTE TREN, es decir, del tren en el que se encuentra	<i>(Marque uno.)</i> □ ⁰¹ Trabajo	18. ¿Tiene una licencia de conducir válida? □ ⁰¹ Sí □ ⁰² No	
ACTUALMENTE o DONDE RECIBIÓ ESTA ENCUESTA? (Por favor, sea lo más	·	16. ¿ Herie una licencia de conducii valida? 🔲 Si 🔲 No	
específico possible.)	 □⁰² Negocios relacionados con el trabajo □⁰³ Colegio/Universidad (sólo estudiantes) 	40 × Cyál ag ay gaya?	
Estación de tren: Nombre de la Estación:		19. ¿Cuál es su sexo? □01 Masculino □02 Femenino □03 Otro □99 Prefiero no decirlo	
	□ ⁰⁴ Escuelas (K-12) (estudiante solamente) □ ⁰⁵ Hogar	Masculino de Pemenino de Otro de Preniero no decino	
10. Cuál es la parada de autobús o la estación de tren en la que se BAJARÁ DE su	□ Hogar □ God De Compras	20 1 Cuál as au adad?	
ÚLTIMO AUTOBÚS O TREN? (Por favor, sea lo más específico possible.)	□ De Compras □ OF Cena/Recreación/Entretenimiento	20. ¿Cuál es su edad? □ ⁰¹ Menor de 16 años □ ⁰⁴ De 25 a 34 años □ ⁰⁷ 65+ años de eda	
Parada de autobús: Nombre de la Calle:	□ Cena/Recreacion/Entretenimiento □ Recreacion/Entretenimiento □ Recreacion/Entretenimiento	\square Menor de 16 anos \square De 25 a 34 anos \square 65+ anos de edac \square De 16 a 18 años \square De 35 a 49 años	
& Calle transversal más cercana:	□ Citas Medicas/Dentales/Visita ai Hospital □ OoVisita social/Iglesia/Personal		
Calle transversarmas cercana.	□ 10 Evento deportivo	\square^{03} De 19 a 24 años \square^{06} De 50 a 64 años	
Estación de tren: Nombre de la Estación:		O4 - Facetad O (FIII) (adaptes was assured to)	
\square^{01} En la misma parada de autobús o estación de tren de la pregunta 9.	□ ⁹⁵ Otro (especifique):		
11. Cuando se baje del último autobús o tren, ¿cómo llegará a su DESTINO FINAL? (Marque una.)	14. Cuando subió al tren donde le dieron esta encuesta, ¿cómo pagó? <i>(Elija una.)</i> \square^{01} Dinero en efectivo \square^{07} Pase de estudiante \square^{02} Viaje individual \square^{08} Pase universitario	□ 01 Trabajador a tiempo completo □ 02 Trabajador a tiempo parcial □ 03 Ama de casa □ 04 Estudiante de □ 05 Estudiante de escuela superior □ 06 Jubilado □ 07 Desempleado/buscando trabajo □ 08 Desempleado/no buscando	
□ ⁰¹ Sólo para Caminar/Silla de ruedas - # de bloques:	,	universidad/colegio trabajo	
☐ 02 Conduciría con alguien - # de millas:	□ ⁰⁴ Pase de 7 días □ ¹⁰ Zona libre de tarifas	•	
□ ⁰³ Conduje con otros - # de millas:	□ ⁰⁵ Pase mensual □ ⁹⁵ Otros (especifique):	() · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
□ ⁰⁴ Condujo solo/a - # de millas:	□ ⁰⁶ Pase de 30 días	Asiático (incluye a los que tienen orígenes en el Lejano Oriente, el	
		Sudeste Asiático y el subcontinente indio) □ 02 Negro/Afroamericano	
□ 05 Bicicleta - # de millas:	- □ 01 Tarifa completa	□ Negro/Arroamericano □ O3 Caucásico/Blanco (incluye a los que tienen orígenes en Oriente Medio	
□ ⁰⁶ Servicio de transporte de taxi o basado en aplicaciones, como Uber - # de millas:	□ ⁰² Personas de edad avanzada/Discapacitado/Medicare	y el Norte de África)	
□ 07 Transporte (especifique):	16. ¿Dónde compró su tarifa viaje?	□ 04 Hispano/Latino	
	- ☐ 02 Máquina expendedora de boletos	□ 05 Nativo Americano/Nativo de Alaska	
□ ⁹⁵ Otro (especifique):	- □ 03 Compra en línea	□ 06 Nativo de Hawái o de las Islas del Pacífico	
12. ¿Cuál es el nombre del LUGAR y la INTERSECCIÓN o DIRECCIÓN MÁS	Aplicación para teléfonos inteligentes (Token Transit, Moovit, Transit App)	☐ ⁹⁵ Otros (especifique):	
CERCANA de su DESTINO FINAL? (No su parada o estación de autobús final.)	□05 En una tienda	23. Incluyéndose a sí mismo, ¿cuántas personas viven en su hogar?	
(Por favor, sea lo más específico possible.)	☐ Ventaja del empleador/Metro	\square^{01} 1 \square^{02} 2 \square^{03} 3 \square^{04} 4 \square^{05} 5 o más	
Nombre del lugar/Negocio/Edificio	□ ⁰⁷ Servicios sociales	24. ¿Alguno de esos vehículos estaba disponible para hacer este viaje de ida?	
	☐ 08 Oficina de la NFTA	\square 24. (Alguno de esos veniculos estaba disponible para nacei este viaje de ida:	
Dirección:	□ ⁰⁹ Pase Universitario	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Ciudad:Código Postal:	□¹¹0Escuela superior	25. ¿Qué idioma(s) se habla en su casa? (Elija todas las que correspondan.)	
	17. ¿Con qué frecuencia viaja en NFTA-Metro?	\square^{01} Inglés \square^{07} Nepalí	
0	□ Menos de una vez al mes □ 4 De 3 a 5 días por semana	□ ⁰² Español □ ⁰⁸ Suajili	
Intersección:	\square^{02} De 1 a 3 días al mes \square^{05} De 6 a 7 días por semana	□ ⁰³ Francés □ ⁰⁹ Bengalí/Bengla	
Calle transversal 1:	□ De 1 a 3 días armes □ De 6 a 7 días por semana □ De 6 a 7 días por semana	□ ⁰⁴ Árabe □ ⁹⁵ Otros (especifique):	
& Calle transversel 2:	= 50 Ta Z dias poi somana	□ ⁰⁵ Karen	
Calle transversal 2:		□ ⁰⁶ Birmano	
Ciudad:Código Postal:			
□ ⁰¹ Domicilio, el mismo que al principio de la encuesta			

26. Si no habla inglés en casa, ¿qué tan bien habla inglés?					
☐ ⁰¹ Para nada	□ 02 Menos o menos bien	\square^{03} Muy bien			
27. ¿Cuál fue el ingreso total de su hogar en 2020 antes de impuestos?					
\square ⁰¹ Menos de \$5,	,000 \square ⁰⁶ \$35,000 a	\$49,999			
□ ⁰² \$5,000 a \$9,9	999 \square^{07} \$50,000 a	\$74,999			

□⁰³ \$10,000 a \$14,999

104 \$15,000 a \$24,999

□⁰⁵ \$25,000 a \$34,999

¡Gracias por su tiempo hoy!

Por favor, devuelva su encuesta completada al encuestador a bordo del autobús. Si no puede completar su encuesta a bordo del autobús, por favor complete y devuelva la encuesta por correo, no es necesario un sello postal. También puede completar la encuesta en línea visitando:

□⁰⁸ \$75,000 a \$99,999

□⁰⁹ \$100,000 o más

gowba.info/NFTA2021

Si tiene más comentarios o preguntas sobre GBNRTC y sus servicios, visite gbnrtc.org.

→ Continúe con la pregunta 13 → Continúe con la pregunta 18 → Continúe con la pregunta 26